STANDARD XII Unit - I Taxonomy of Angiosperms					
Expected Specific Outcomes of Learning	Content in terms of Concepts	Curriculum Transactional Strategies	Illustrations	Evaluation	Suggested No. of Periods
1	2	3	4	5	6
 1.1 to 1.3. Analyses the Systems of Classification of plants Recalls uses of Herbaria develops skill in preparing Herbarium Sheets in a Scientific manner. Recalls Economic importance of plants from the prescribed families. Recalls Characteristic features of Taxonomic families prescribed for study. 	Unit I: Taxonomy of Angiosperms 1.1. Types of Classifications: Artificial, Natural, Phylogenetic a) Biosystematics b) Binomial Nomenclature c) Herbaria and their uses 1.2. Bentham & Hooker's Classification of Plants 1.3. Families : Malvaceae, Fabaceae, Rubiaceae, Solanaceae, Euphorbiaceae, Liliaceae, Arecaceae and their Economic Importance	Discusses the classification of plants Discusses the salient features of Bentham and Hooker's Classification of Plants Describes the Taxomic features of selected Families using Specimens collected from the field.	Charts and Sketches and B.B. Actual Specimens from the prescribed families.	Describe the classification of plants according to Bentham & Hooker Describe the characteristic features of the Families at 1.3.	20 periods

STANDARD XII Unit - II Plant Anatomy (10 periods)					
Expected Specific Outcomes of Learning	Content in terms of Concepts	Curriculum Transactional Strategies	Illustrations	Evaluation	Suggested No. of Periods
1	2	3	4	5	6
2.1 to 2.5.Recalls the anatomy of Dicot and monocot plants - Stem, Root, LeafDraws Sketches of T.S. of the above from Microslides.	 Unit II: <u>PLANT ANATOMY</u> 2.1. Tissues and Tissue Systems 2.2. Anatomy of Dicot and Monocot Roots 2.3. Anatomy of Dicot and Monocot Stems 2.4. Anatomy of Dicot and Monocot Leaves 2.5. Secondary growth in Dicot Stem 	Discusses the anatomical features of monocots and dicots - Stem, Root and Leaf using charts and B.B. Sketches.	Appropriate Charts B.B. Sketches	Describe the anatomy of the Monocots and Dicots with reference to Stem, Root and Leaf	15 periods

STANDARD XII Unit - III Cell Biology and Genetics (25 periods)						
Expected Specific Outcomes of Learning	Content in terms of Concepts	Curriculum Transactional Strategies	Illustrations	Evaluation	Suggested No. of Periods	
1	2	3	4	5	6	
 3.1 to 3.9. Recognises the chromosomes : Analyses the genetical concepts prescribed for study (3.2 to 3.9) Analyses DNA and RNA with ref. to structure and functions 	Unit III: <u>CELL BIOLOGY AND</u> <u>GENETICS</u> 3.1. Chromosomes : Structure and types 3.2. Genes and Genome 3.3. Linkage and Crossing over 3.4. Recombination of Chromosomes 3.5. Mutation 3.6. Chromosomal aberrations 3.7. DNA as Genetic material Structure of DNA and its Replication 3.8. Structure and types of RNA, Role of RNA in Protein Synthesis 3.9. Genetic Code, Transcription, Translation	Discusses the genetical concepts prescribed for study with the help of Charts and B.B. Sketches	Charts and B.B. Sketches	Explain the Gene concept Explain the structure and replication of DNA Molecule Explain the Role of RNAs in Protein Synthesis	25 periods	

STANDARD XII Unit - IV Bio-Technology (30 periods)						
Expected Specific Outcomes of Learning	Content in terms of Concepts	Curriculum Transactional Strategies	Illustrations	Evaluation	Suggested No. of Periods	
1	2	3	4	5	6	
Analyses the innovations done in the field of Biotechnology Applies the Biotechnological innovations for Human development	Unit IV :BIO- TECHNOLOGY4.1.Recombinant DNA Technology4.2.Transgeneric plants and Microbes4.3.Plant Tissue Culture and Applications4.4.Protoplast Fusion4.5.Single Cell Protein (SCP)	Discusses the innovations in Biotechnology and their applications for Human development	Charts and pictures	Describe the innovations done in the field of Biotechnology and their applications	30 periods	

Expected Specific Outcomes of Learning	Content in terms of Concepts	Curriculum Transactional Strategies	Illustrations	Evaluation	Suggested No. of Periods
1	2	3	4	5	6
 5.2. Analyses the various aspects of the Biochemical Process of Photosynthesis 5.2. (i) Analyses different modes of Heterotrophic Nutrition 5.3. Analysis the various aspects of the Biochemical process of Respiration 5.4. Analyses the effect of auxins and other growth regulating substances on plants - experiments 4. Recalls Photoperiodism and Vernalisation 	Unit V: PLANT PHYSIOLOGY 5.1. Enzymes : Classification, Properties, Mechanism and Action 5.2. Photosynthesis a) Significance b) Site of Photosynthesis, c) Photochemical and Biosynthetic phases d) Electron Transport System e) Photophosphorylation (cyclic and non-cyclic) f) C3 and C4 pathways g) Photorespiration h) Factors affecting Photosynthesis i) Mode of Nutrition Autotrophic Heterotrophic (Saprophytic, Parasitic & Insectivorous plants) j) Chaemosynthesis 5.3. Respiration a) Mechanism b) Glycolysis c) Krebs Cycle d) Pentose Pathway e) Anaerobic Respiration f) Respiratory Quotient g) Compensation Point h) Fermentation 5.4. Plant Growth a) Growth Regulators b) Photohormones c) Auxins d) Gibberellins e) Cytokinins f) Ethylene g) ABA 5.5. Photoperiodism & Vernalisation	 Discusses the Physiology of Photosynthesis from a Biochemical perspective Explains modes of Heterotrophic Nutrition Discusses the Physiology of Cellular Respiration Discusses the role of Auxins and other growth regulators on Plant Growth Present experimental data on Photoperiodism and Vernalisation for discussion 	1. Charts and B.B. Sketches	Explain the Mechanism of Photosynthesis Explain the Mechanism of Cellular Respiration Explain the role of Auxins Gibberllins and other substances on plant growth	30 periods

STANDARD XII	Unit - VI Biology inHu	man Welfare (Restricted to	Plants) (20 perio	ods)	
Expected Specific Outcomes of Learning	Content in terms of Concepts	Curriculum Transactional Strategies	Illustrations	Evaluation	Suggested No. of Periods
1	2	3	4	5	6
 Analyses various measures undertake on by Scientists with reference to application of Botany for Human Welfare Recognizes various economic importance of diversity of plants 	Unit VI Biology in Human Welfare (Restricted to Plants) 6.1. Food Production Breeding Experiments Improved Varieties Role of Bio- Fertilizers 6.2. Crop diseases and their control, Biopesticides 6.3. Genetically Modified Food 6.4. Bio-War 6.5. Bio-Piracy 6.6. Bio-Patent 6.7. Sustained Agriculture 6.8. Medicinal Plants including Microbes 6.9. Economic Importance a) Food Yielding (Rice) b) Oil Yielding (Groundnut) c) Timber Yielding (Teak)	Explains various measures undertaken for Human Welfare through Biological Research Explains the Economic Importance of plants in the areas mentioned in the syllabus		 Explain the Application of Biology Research for Human Welfare Explain the Economic Importance of plants for Human society 	20 periods Total : 170 Periods