General Medicine

- 1) Which of the following class of medicines has been linked to the occurrence of hip fractures in the elderly?
- A) Benzodiazepines
- B) Opiates
- C) Angiotensin-converting enzyme inhibitors
- D) Atypical antipsychotics
- 2) Patients taking which of the following drugs should avoid drinking grapefruit juice?
- A) Amoxicillin
- B) Aspirin
- C) Atorvastatin
- D) Sildenafil
- 3) Why is it necessary to co administer Vitamin B6 (Pyridoxine) with isoniazid?
- A) Vitamin B6 requirements are higher in tuberculosis.
- B) Isoniazid causes decarboxylation of gamma-carboxyl groups in Vitamin K dependent enzymes.
- C) Isoniazid interacts with pyridoxal phosphate.
- D) Isoniazid causes conversion of homocysteine to cystathionine.
- 4) The triad of portal vein thrombosis, hemolysis and pancytopenia suggests of the following diagnosis?
- A) Acute promyelocytic leukemia
- B) Hemolytic-uremic syndrome (HUS)
- C) Thrombotic thrombocytopenic purpura (TTP)
- D) Paroxysmal nocturnal hemoglobinuria (PNH)
- 5) The most common cause of high serum calcium in cancer is
- A) Ectopic production of parathyroid hormone
- B) Direct destruction of bone by tumor cells
- C) Local production of tumour necrosis factor and IL-6 by bony metastasis
- D) Production of parathyroid hormone-like substance
- 6) Poncet's disease refers to?
- A) Polyarthritis in disseminated tuberculosis
- B) Anterior uveitis in AIDS
- C) Posterior uveitis in disseminated tuberculosis
- D) Posterior uveitis in AIDS
- 7) As compared with deep-vein thrombosis in non-pregnant persons, deep-vein thrombosis in pregnant women occurs most frequently in which leg and with what risk of embolic complications?
- A) Left leg, with a greater risk
- B) Left leg, without a greater risk
- C) Right leg, with a greater risk
- D) Right leg, without a greater risk
- 8) Which one of the following consequences has been observed with rapid infusion or administration of large volumes of 0.9% saline?
- A) Frequent urination
- B) Hypokalemia
- C) Metabolic acidosis
- D) Renal Vasodilatation

 9) Which of the following substances may interfere with gastrointestinal absorption of thyroxine? A) Acidophilus B) Echinacea C) Iron D) Vitamin D
 10) Which one of the following statements is true regarding risk of relapse in minimal-change disease? A) Relapses are common and are more likely in patients 40 years of age or older B) Relapses are common and are more likely in patients younger than 40 years of age C) Relapses are uncommon but are more likely in patients 40 years of age or older D) Relapses are uncommon but are more likely in patients younger than 40 years of age
11) Percussion for splenic dullness is accomplished with following techniques except A) Nixon method B) Castell method C) Middleton maneuver D) Barkun method
12) Aplastic anemia has been associated with all of the following EXCEPT A) Carbamazepine B) Methimazole C) Non-steroidal inflammatory drugs D) Parvovirus B19 infection
13) Hemolytic-Uremic syndrome is characterised by all except- A) Acute renal failure B) Microangiopathic hemolytic anemia C) Thrombocytopenia D) Leukocytosis
14) Clubbing of the digits is NOT a sign of? A) Crohn's disease B) Bacterial endocarditis C) COPD D) ILD
15) Helicobacter pylori colonization is implicated in all of the following conditions EXCEPT A) Duodenal ulcer B) Gastric adenocarcinoma C) Gastric mucosa-associated lymphoid tissue (MALT) lymphoma D) Gastro esophageal reflux disease
16) All of the following are clinical manifestations of Ascaris lumbricoides infection EXCEPT A) Asymptomatic carriage B) Fever, headache, photophobia, nuchal rigidly and eosinophilia C) Nonproductive cough and pleurisy with eosinophilia D) Right upper quadrant pain and fever
17) Which of the following antibiotics has the weakest association with the development of Clostridium difficile-associated disease? A) Ceftriaxone B) Ciprofloxacin

C) ClindmycinD) Piperacillin-tazobactum

18) Which one of the following choices is one of the major risk factors for invasive candidiasis? A) Acute necrotizing pancreatitis B) Central venous catheters C) Hematologic malignant disease D) Hemodialysis 19) Which one of the following drug classes is the mainstay of pharmacologic treatment of eosinophilic esophagitis? A) Antihistamines B) Leukotriene modifiers C) Mast-cell stabilizers D) Topical glucocorticoids 20) Which of the following statements is TRUE regarding the clinical manifestations of IgG4-related disease? A) Constitutional symptoms are present in most cases. B) Mass lesions are uncommon. C) Muscle involvement has generally not been reported. D) Retroperitoneal involvement occurs in 40% of affected patients. 21) For diagnosis of coronary microvascular dysfunction, coronary flow reserve should be: A) >5 B) > 3.5C) < 2.5D) <1.2 22) Beta blockers do not: A) Decrease adrenergic drive B) Decrease QTc C) Increase QT dispersion D) Improve LV filling dynamics 23) Classification criteria for metabolic syndrome includes all EXCEPT A) Dysglycemia (Fasting Blood Glucose >200mg/dL) B) High cholesterol (serum total cholesterol >200mg/dL) C) High Triglycerides (serum TG>150) D) Low HDL (<40 in males and <50 in females) 24) On MRI "Pituitary Bright Spot" is due to-A) Pituitary stalk B) Posterior pituitary C) Anterior pituitary D) None of the above 25) Which of the following congenital heart defects causes fixed splitting of the second heart sound? A) Atrial septal defect B) Epstein's anomaly C) Patent foramen ovale D) All above 26) All the following drugs can cause eosinophilic pneumonia EXCEPT A) Nitrofurantoin B) Sulfonamides

C) Nonsteroidal anti-inflammatory drugs (NSAIDs)

D) Amiodarone

27) Which one of the following choices is a new prokinetic agent for functional dyspepsia being evaluated in phase 3 trials		
in western countries? A) Acotiamide		
B) Cisapride		
C) Itopride		
D) Zacopride		
28) Which drug acts on late sodium current?		
A) Ranolazine B) Ivabradin		
C) Doxazosin		
D) Mebifradil		
29) Lorcaserin is a:		
A) Serotonin/noradrenalin reuptake inhibitor		
B) Serotonin 2C receptor agonist		
C) CB1 receptor antagonist		
D) Gastric and pancreatic lipase inhibitor		
30) Hyperuricemia is an independent risk factor for:		
A) Systemic hypertension		
B) Diabetes mellitus		
C) Dyslipidemia		
D) Atherosclerosis		
31) Nephrogenic Diabetes insipidus is treated by?		
A) Amiloride		
B) Thiazide diuretic		
C) Indomethacin		
D) All of the above		
32) All the following are pulmonary manifestations of systemic lupus erythematosus (SLE) EXCEPT:		
A) Pleuritis		
B) Progressive pulmonary fibrosis		
C) Pulmonary haemorrhage		
D) Diaphragmatic dysfunction with loss of lung volumes		
33) From which stage of sleep are the parasomnias somnambulism and night terrors most likely to occur?		
A) Stage 1		
B) Stage 2		
C) Stage 3 / 4 (slow-wave sleep)		
D) Rapid-eye-movement (REM) sleep		
34) Which of the following interstitial lung disease is not associated with smoking?		
A) Desquamative interstitial pneumonitis		
B) Respiratory bronchiolitis-interstitial disease		
C) Pulmonary Langerhans cell histiocytosis		
D) Bronchiolitis obliterans organizing pneumonia		

35) Which one of the following choices represents one of the cancers that have most commonly been associated with membranous nephropathy? A) Liver cancer
B) Pancreatic cancer
C) Prostate cancer
D) Thyroid cancer
36) Carbapenam group of antibiotics are ineffective in -
A) Extended spectrum beta lactamase (ESBL)
B) NDM1 producing bacteria
C) Klebsiella pneumonia
D) Acinetobacter
37) Which one of the following statements about the treatment of tuberculosis is true?
A) In addition to drug-resistance mutations, multiple Mycobacterium tuberculosis genetic factors appear to influence treatment outcomes.
B) Studies have shown limited penetration by rifampin into caseous foci.
C) The 6-month standard course of therapy for drug-susceptible disease is longer than necessary for some patients.
D) At least three M. tuberculosis subpopulations with different intrinsic drug susceptibilities are thought to exist.
38) Which one of the following agents is generally recommended for the treatment of venous thromboembolism during pregnancy? A) Dabigatran
B) Low-molecular-weight heparin
C) Unfractionated heparin
D) Warfarin
39) Which of the following in not true regarding parathyroid hormone (PTH) and Vitamin D?
A) Vitamin D deficiency causes hyperparathyroidism
B) PTH is needed for 1-hyroxylation in the liver
C) Magnesium is needed for PTH secretion
D) PTH is needed for 1-hydroxylation in the kidneys
40) All of the following are examples of advanced glycation end products EXCEPT:
A) HbA1c
B) Glycated albumin
C) Fructosamine
D) Salivary glycosylation
41) Which of the following is considered as fourth component of glycemic control?
A) Glycemic variability
B) HbA1c
C) Glycated albumin

D) Post-prandial plasma glucose

- A) Saxagliptin
- B) Pioglitazone
- C) Metformin
- D) All of the above

43) Significant allergic reactions like angioedema, anaphylaxis and Stevens-Johnson syndrome are seen with: A) Sitagliptin B) Vildagliptin C) Saxagliptin D) Linagliptin 44) Subclinical hypothyroidism is defined as elevated TSH with: A) Normal T4 B) Low T4 C) Low FT4 D) Normal FT4 45) Which of the following statements about alcoholic liver disease is not true? A) Alcoholic cirrhosis is often characterized by diffuse fine scarring with small regenerative nodules B) Ratio of AST to ALT is often higher than 2 C) Serum aspartate aminotransferase levels are often greater than 1000U/L D) Concomitant hepatitis C accelerates the development of alcoholic cirrhosis 46) All the following are potential side effects of Infliximab except: A) Demyelinating disorders B) Exacerbation of heart failure C) Pancytopenia D) Pulmonary fibrosis 47) What is the most common extra-articular manifestation of ankylosing spondylitis? A) Anterior uveitis B) Cataracts C) Inflammatory bowel disease D) Third-degree heart block 48) All the following organisms have been implicated in reactive arthritis except A) Chlamydia trachomatis B) Niesseria gonorrheae C) Salmonella enteritidis D) Shigela dysenteriae 49) Which one of the following clinical findings suggests an increased risk that a thyroid nodule is malignant? A) Family history of auto-immune thyroiditis B) Family history of multiple endocrine neoplasia type 1. C) Female sex D) Focal uptake of ¹⁸ F- fluorodeoxyglucose by the thyroid 50) Which one of the following statements accurately describes ibrutinib? A) It is an inhibitor of Bruton's tyrosine kinase B) It is an interleukin-2 receptor agonist C) It is a monoclonal antibody directed against CD20 D) It is a phosphoinositide3-kinase inhibitor 51) Which one of the following statements best describes Selexipag? A) It is a guanylate cyclase stimulator B) It is a phosphodiesterase type 5 inhibitor C) It is an IP prostacyclin-receptor agonist

D) It is an endothelin-receptor antagonist

52)	Indications for treating subclinical hyperthyroidism are all except
	Age > 65 years
,	Presence of heart disease
,	Post menopausal women
D)	Symptomatic patient
53)) SIADH is diagnosed by:
A)	Schwartz criteria
B)	Serum vasopressin levels
	Water loading tests
D)	All of the above
54)	Distinct complication of hepatic hydrothorax is
A)	Hepatic encephalopathy
B)	ARDS
C)	Hydro-pneumothorax
D)	Spontaneous bacterial empyema
55)) What total kidney volume is a risk factor for rapid deterioration of GFR in ADPKD?
A)	750 ml
B)	2000 ml
C)	1500 ml
D)	500 ml
56)	A patient with Systemic Lupus Erythematosus (SLE) has impaired kidney function. Which class is unlikely in renal
his	tology?
A)	Class IV
B)	Class III
C)	Class II
D)	Class V
57)	All the following drugs are associated with an increased risk of osteoporosis in adults except
A)	Cyclosporine
B)	Dilantin
C)	Heparin
D)	Ranitidine
58)	All the following are effects of hypercalcemia except
A)	Diarrhea
B)	Confusion
C)	Polyuria
D)	Short QT interval
59)	All of the following would be expected to increase serum prolactin levels except
A)	Chest wall trauma
	Hyperthyroidism
,	Renal failure
D)	Sexual orgasm
	Which one of the following statements about the clinical manifestations of narcolepsy is true?
	Affected patient tend to have low body-mass index (BMI)
-	Complex auditory hallucinations are common
C)	Rapid-eye-movement (REM) sleep can occur at any time of day

D) Symptoms usually begin in midlife

- 61) In IgA nephropathy, deposition of IgA occurs in –
- A) Glomerular capillaries
- B) Glomerular mesangium
- C) Glomerular basement membrane
- D) All of these
- 62) Which one of the following statements describes the ability of rifampin and levofloxacin to cross the blood-brain barrier?
- A) CSF concentrations of both drugs are < 30% of the plasma concentrations.
- B) CSF concentrations of both drugs reach 70% of the plasma concentrations.
- C) CSF concentration of Levofloxacin reach 70% of the plasma concentration; those of rifampin reach < 30% of plasma concentration
- D) CSF concentration of rifampin reach 70% of the plasma concentration; those of Levofloxacin reach < 30% of plasma concentration.
- 63) Which one of the following statements about pharmacologic therapies for postmenopausal osteoporosis is true?
- A) Denosumab cannot be used in compromised renal function.
- B) Teriparatide works primarily by decreasing bone resorption.
- C) Use of bisphosphonates should be limited to those who have normal serum Vitamin D levels.
- D) Zoledronic acid causes flulike symptoms for up to 3 days after the first infusion in up to two thirds of patients.
- 64) High dietary intake of sodium leads to
- A) Increased risk of calcium stone formation
- B) Decreased risk of calcium stone formation
- C) Has no effect on stone formation
- D) None of the above
- 65) According to the current recommendations. metformin can be used in type 2 DM with CKD till e-GFR of:
- A) 30 ml/min
- B) 40 ml/min
- C) 50 ml/min
- D) 60 ml/min
- 66) Which is the safest sulfonylurea in chronic kidney disease?
- A) Glibenclimide
- B) Gliclazide
- C) Glimepride
- D) Glipizide
- 67) Which of the following therapies have been shown to retard deterioration of lung functions in COPD?
- A) Salmeterol
- B) Tiotropium
- C) Inhaled steroids
- D) None of the above
- 68) The indication of starting inhaled corticosteroids in COPD is:
- A) FEV1 < 30%
- B) FEV1 < 60%
- C) More than 2 exacerbations per year
- D) More than 4 exacerbations per year

- 69) What is true about angiotensin converting enzyme (ACE) levels in sarcoidosis:
- A) Elevated ACE levels predict worse outcomes
- B) ACE is a sensitive biomarker for diagnosis of sarcoidosis
- C) ACE is a specific biomarker for diagnosis of sarcoidosis
- D) ACE activity may predict disease activity in selected cases
- 70) The earliest site to be involved in Alzheimer's disease is:
- A) Perihippocampal region
- B) Frontal lobe
- C) Temporo-parietal region
- D) Anterior thalamic nucleus
- 71) Which of the following statements about Syringomyelia is true?
- A) > 50% cases associated with Chiari malformations
- B) Symptoms typically begin in middle life
- C) Syrinx cavities are always congenital
- D) Vibration & position sense are usually diminished
- 72) Which drug can be used safely during pregnancy for treatment of chronic hepatitis-B infection -
- A) Telbivudine
- B) Tenofovir
- C) Entecavir
- D) Both A & B
- 73) Which one of the following statements about the management of functional dyspepsia is true?
- A) Antacids are modestly effective in reducing symptoms
- B) Psychological therapies have an established role in treatment.
- C) The benefit of helicobacter pylori eradication therapy may be greatest for patients with postprandial fullness.
- D) Tricyclic antidepressants such as amitriptyline are preferred over selective serotonin-reuptake inhibitors for treatment.
- 74) Which one of the following statements is true about the treatment of drug-resistant tuberculosis?
- A) Regimens for MDR disease are substantially more toxic than standard regimens
- B) Rifampin resistance in the absence of isoniazid resistance is not uncommon
- C) Appropriate duration of treatment for MDR tuberculosis is 20 months
- D) WHO recommends an induction phase lasting 4 months for MDR disease
- 75) Which one of the following statements is true regarding Vasculitis?
- A) Associated cardiac disease is typically limited to disorders that affect the small vessels.
- B) Cutaneous involvement is generally seen with disorders that affect the large vessels.
- C) Skin findings include palpable purpura that may ulcerate.
- D) Tests for ANA & ANCA are rarely positive.
- 76) Primary antiepileptic drug which should be avoided in patients with pre-existing cardiac disease is:
- A) Phenytoin sodium
- B) Sodium valproate
- C) Carbamazepine
- D) Phenobarbitone
- 77) Drug of choice to treat early alcohol- related seizure in ICU is:
- A) Midazolam
- B) Diazepam
- C) Phenytoin sodium
- D) Lorazepam

All of the following are CNS manifestations of SLE except: Myasthenis gravis	
B) Demyelinating syndrome	
C) Aseptic meningitis	
D) Myelopathy syndrome	
79) Which of the following are the dermatological manifestations of primary Sjogren's syndrome?	
A) Dryness of skin	
B) Alopecia	
C) Annular erythema	
D) All the above	
80) Which is the most common invasive fungal disease in lung transplant recipient?	
A) Aspergillosis	
B) Candidiasis	
C) Pneumocystis jiroveci	
D) Mucormycosis	
81) Which of the following neurologic phenomena is classically associated with herniation of the brain through the	
foramen magnum?	
A) Third nerve compression and ipsilateral papillary dilatation	
B) Catatonia	
C) "Locked in" state	
D) Respiratory arrest	
82) All of the following are side effects of phenytoin except	
A) Leucopenia	
B) Ataxia	
C) Osteomalacia	
D) Facial coarsening	
83) Which of the following medicines has been most commonly implicated in development of noninfectious chronic	
meningitis?	
A) Acetaminophen	
B) Ibuprofen	
C) Beta-lactam antibiotics	
D) Phenobarbitone	
84) All of the following match the anticoagulant with its correct mechanism of action except	
A) Abciximab - GpIIb/IIIa receptor inhibition	
B) Clopidogrel - inhibition of thromboxane A2 release	
C) Fondaparinux - inhibition of factor Xa	
D) Argatroban - thrombin inhibition	
85) All the following types of cancer commonly metastasize to the central nervous system except	
A) Ovarian	
B) Breast	
C) Melanoma	
D) Hypernephroma	

- 86) The cushing response is?
- A) Slowing of respiration
- B) Decrease of pulse rate
- C) Increase in arterial blood pressure
- D) Decrease of blood pressure
- 87) A 36 year old man with HIV (Cd4+ count 112) develops a scaly, waxy, yellowish, patchy, crusty, pruritic rash on and around his nose. Rest of his skin examination is normal. What is the likely diagnosis?
- A) Molluscum contagiosum
- B) Psoriasis
- C) Reactivation herpes zoster
- D) Seborrheic dermatitis
- 88) Which one of the following podocyte receptors is targeted by an autoantibody associated with primary membranous nephropathy?
- A) DDR 1
- B) IGF 1R
- C) PLA 2R
- D) PDGFR
- 89) A 40 year patient presented with ABG values Na⁺ 140, K⁺ 4.0, Cl⁻ 106, HCO₃⁻ 14, AG 20, PaCO₂ 24, pH 7.39, the diagnosis is –
- A) Metabolic acidosis, respiratory acidosis
- B) Metabolic acidosis, respiratory alkalosis
- C) Metabolic alkalosis, respiratory alkalosis
- D) Metabolic alkalosis, respiratory acidosis
- 90) All of the following factors increase the risk for Clostridium difficile-associated disease except
- A) Antacids
- B) C. difficile colonization
- C) Enteral tube feeds
- D) Older age
- 91) All of the following clinical findings are consistent with severe mitral stenosis except
- A) Atrial fibrillation
- B) Opening snap late after S2
- C) Pulsatile liver
- D) Right ventricular heave
- 92) Acute hyperkalemia is associated with which of the following ECG changes?
- A) QRS widening
- B) Prolongation of ST segment
- C) Decrease in PR interval
- D) T wave flattening
- 93) Which of the following organisms is unlikely to be found in the sputum of a patient with cystic fibrosis?
- A) Haemophilus influenzae
- B) Aspergillus fumigates
- C) Staphylococcus aureus
- D) Acinetobacter baumannii

94) A 20 year-old normal non-smoking female has pulmonary embolism while on oral contraceptive pills. Which of the following is the most likely predisposing factor? A) Abnormal factor V B) Abnormal protein C C) Reduced protein C level D) Reduced protein S level
95) Which of the following is the most potent stimulus for hypothalamic production of arginine vasopressin? A) Hypertonicity B) Hyperkalemia C) Hypotonicity D) Intravascular volume depletion
96) In patients with chronic renal failure, which of the following is the most important contributor to renal osteodystrophy? A) Impaired renal production of 1,25-dihydroxy Vitamin D3 B) Hypocalcaemia C) Hypophosphatemia D) Loss of Vitamin D and calcium via dialysis
97) True about intra-hepatic cholestasis of pregnancy: A) Presents with jaundice in first trimester of pregnancy B) Treatment of choice is delivery of fetus C) Associated with maternal mortality rate of upto 20% D) Bile acid levels are elevated upto 10-25 fold
98) Febrile neutropenia is defined as A) Fever > 100 F, ANC < 500 B) Fever > 100 F, ANC > 500 C) Fever > 101 F, ANC < 500 D) Fever >101 F, ANC > 500
99) Most common type of HIV-1 clade in India is: A) Clade A B) Clade B C) Clade C D) Clade D
100) Consensus expert opinion supports the use of which one of the following agents for pharmacologic treatment of anxiety at end of life? A) Atypical antipsychotics

- A) Atypical antipsychB) Benzodiazepines
- C) Selective serotonin-reuptake inhibitors
- D) Tricyclic antidepressants