COMPUTER KNOWLEDGE

1.	The part of a computer that coordinates all its functions is called						
	a) ROM program	b) System Board	c) Arithmetic Logic Unit				
	d) Control unit	e) None					
2.	A computer cannot boot	if it does not have the —					
	a) Compiler	b) Loader	c) Operating System				
	d) Assembler	e) None					
3.	Any data or instructions entered into the memory of a computer are considered						
	a) Storage	b) Output	c) Input				
	d) Information	e) None of these					
4.	A right click on the desktop itself will?						
	a) Open the display properties dialogue box						
	b) Show a context - sensitive menu						
	c) Open the control panel						
	d) Minimize all open applications						
	e) None of these						
5.	The process of starting or restarting a computer system by loading instructions from a						
	secondary storage device into the computer memory is called?						
	a) Duping	b) Booting	c) Padding				
	d) CPS	e) None of these					
6.	is known as unauthorized access into others system?						
	a) Hacking	b) Encryption	c) Decryption				
	d) Trafficking	e) None of these					
7.	When creating a computer program, the —— designs the structure of the program						
	a) End User	b) System Analyst	c) Programmer				
	d) All of the above	en None	r-question-papers/				

8.	Which commands divides the surface of the blank disk into sector and assign a unique								
	address to each one?								
	a) Ver b)) Format	c) Fat	d) Chkdsk	e) None of these				
9.	When you turn on th	e computer, th	ne boot routir	ne will perform this	s test:				
	a) RAM test	b) Disk d	rive test	c) Memo	ory test				
	d) Power on self test	e) None							
10.	0. Which of the following peripheral devices displays information to a user?								
	a) Monitor	b) Keybo	eard c) S	econdary Storage	Devices				
	d) Secondary Storage	e Media	e) 1	None of these					
11.	Band width refers to	:							
	a) The cost of the cal	ble required to	implement a	a WAN					
	b) The cost of the car	ble required to	implement	a LAN					
	c) The amount of inf	formation a pe	er-to-peer ne	twork can store					
	d) The amount of inf	formation a co	mmunication	medium can trans	sfer in a given amount				
	of time								
	e) None of these								
12.	If the computer kee	ps rebooting i	tself, it is lik	ely that:					
	a) It is effected with virus								
	b) It does not have en	nough memor	y						
	c) There is no printer	r							
	d) There has been a s	sudden power	rise						
	e) It needs a CD-RO	M							
13.	Devices that enter in	formation and	let you com	municate with the	computer are called:				
	a) Software	b) Output	t Devices	c) Hardy	vare				
	d) Input Devices	e) Input /	Output Devi	ices					
14.	An integrated circuit	is							
	a) A complicated circ	cuit https://www.fresh	nersnow.com/previous-	year-question-papers/					

b) An integrating device

	d) Fabricated on a tiny	silicon chip					
	e) None of the above						
15.	The computer connected	d to a LAN (L	Local Area Network	x) can			
	a) Run Faster	b) Go	Online				
	c) Share information and	d/or share per	ipheral equipment				
	d) E - Mail	e) No	ne of these				
16.	Which device can not be shared in network?						
	a) Floppy b) Ke	ey board	c) Computer	d) Printer e) Hard Disk			
17.	A printer is a type of de	evice used for	·				
	a) Input	b) Word Pro	ocessing	c) Processing			
	d) Output	e) None of t	hese				
18.	The basic goal of computer process is to convert data into						
	a) Files	b) Tables		c) Information			
	d) Graphs	e) None of t	chese				
19.	The name that user give	s to a docume	ent is referred to as				
	a) Document Name	b) File Nam	e	c) Name Given			
	d) Document Identity	e) None					
20.	The person who writes a	and tests com	puter program is ca	alled a			
	a) Programmer	b) Compute	r Scientist	c) Software Engineer			
	d) Project Developer	e) No	ne				
21.	DNS is the abbreviation	of:					
	a) Domain Name Service	e b) Do	omain Name Syster	n c) Direct Network Service			
	d) Direct Network Syste	em e) No	one of these				
22.	Which of the following is not true as regards primary storage?						
	a) It is a part of the CPU						
	b) It allows very fast access to data nitios://www.frestlersnow.com/previous-year-question-papers/						

a) It is relatively more expensive

23.	Which of the following is the most powerful type of computer?						
	a) Super Micro	b) Super Co	onductor	c) Micro Computer			
	d) Super Computer	e) Mega Fra	ame				
24.	Which of the following isn't a type of computer facility?						
	a) Decentralized	b) Centraliz	ed	c) Dedistributed			
	d) Distributed	e) None					
25.	Computer network is	s a?					
	a) A distributed data	a) A distributed data processing system					
	b) Multiple computers are linked together for the purpose of data communication and resource sharing						
	c) Both (A) & (B) are false						
	d) Both (A) & (B) are true						
	e) None of these						
26.	Which of the following will be used for checking spelling?						
	a) Dictionary Disk	b) Index Di	sk	c) Directory Disk			
	d) None of these	e) All the at	pove				
27.	Internet Banking is an example of?						
	a) Electronic Funds Transfer (EFT) b) EDP (Electronic Data Processing)						
	c) EBCDIC d) ASCII	e) None of	these			
28.	Anonymous FTP is?						
	a) Internet file transfer protocol						
	b) Protocol that requires password						
	c) Not access to the files						
	d) None e) All of the above	e				
29.	Archive is a?						
	a) Backup storage						
	b) Forward operation https://www.freshersnow.com/previous-year-question-papers/						

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a) Drimary starage

30.	CPU perfori	ms read/write ope	erations at any	point	of time in?			
a) ROM		b) I	b) PROM		c) EPROM			
	d) RAM	e) N	None of these					
31.	BIOS is an	abbreviation for?						
	a) Binary In	put/Binary Outpu	at b) Binary s	synchro	nous c) B	inary digit		
	d) None of t	these	e) All the a	lbove				
32.	Most common channel used by networks today is?							
	a) Internet		b) Telephone lines		c) Satelli	te		
	d) Mail e) N		Ione of these					
33.	What is the	product of data p	processing?					
	a) Data	b) Information	c) Software	3	d) A computer	e) None of these		
34.	A source program is the program written in which language?							
	a) English	b) Symbolic	c) High - le	evel	d) Machine	e) None of these		
35.	To be information, data must be?							
	a) factual	b) relevant	c) news	d) Al	I the above	e) None of these		
36.	Thick - film ICs use technique?							
	a) Screen Pr	rinting b) (Cathode Sputt	ering	c) Monol	ithic		
	d) Hybrid	e) 1	None					
37.	A collection of Eight bits is called?							
	a) Byte	b) Word	c) Record		d) File	e) None of these		
38.	What is a microprocessor?							
	a) Same as a micro computer							
	b) A small piece of equipment							
	c) A small device that controls other equipment							
	d) A way of	doing something	fast	e) No	one of these			

 $39. \ The \ microelectronics \ is \ the \ technology \ of?$

40.	40. The processor of a computer system is called it's?									
	a) Nerv	e centre	b) Eye	c) Brain		d) Ear	e) No	ne of these		
41	What at	e the two	maior types o	of computer of	chins?					
		rnal memo		-	-	v chip	e) Microi	processor ch	nip	
		(B) and (C			b) Primary memory chipc) Microprocessor chipe) None of these					
	a, bom (b) and (c)									
42.	42. Who built the first computer mouse?									
	a) Doug	ghlas Enge	lbart	b) William English c) Daniel Cougher					•	
	d) Robe	ert Zawack	i	e) None						
43.	What is	a Kimball	l tag?							
	a) An ac	ddress labe	el	b) A gift tok	ten	c) A	security	key		
	d) An ir	nput mediu	ım	e) None						
4.4	D.		CO							
		atrix is a t	_			1) 5		\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \		
a) Tape b) Printer			c) Disk d) B		d) Bus	us e) None		hese		
45.	What ar	re the conc	entric circles	on floppy di	sks kn	ow as?				
	a) Track	ks b) Cy	linders	c) Sectors		d) Segmen	ts	e) None of t	hese	
46.	What do	oes the dis	k drive of a c	computers do	?					
			b) Re	_						
	,		ŕ	sk into the me	emory					
					J					
	d) Both (B) and (C) e) None of these									
47.	A i	s a comput	ter connected	to two netwo	orks?					
	a) link	b) sei	rver c) gar	teway	d) bri	dge way	e) Non	e of these		
Answers										
1) d	l;	2) c;	3) c;	4) a;	5) b;	6) a;	,	7) b;	8) b;	
9) b);	10) a;	11) d;	12) a;	13) d;	14)	d;	15) c;	16) b;	
17)	d;	18) c;	19) b;	20) a;	21) b;	22) 6	e;	23) d;	24) c.	
25)	d;	26) a;	27) a; https://ww	w.freshershow.com/pre	29) a:	question-papers()	e; .	31) a;	32) b;	
22)	1	2.4	25) 1	26)	27)	20)		20)	40)	