DO NOT OPEN THIS TEST BOOKLET UNTIL YOU ARE ASKED TO DO SO

T.B.C. : P-DNJ-A

Serial Nº 025785

TEST BOOKLET

PAPER I : GENERAL ABILITY, GENERAL MEDICINE, PAEDIATRICS

Time Allowed : Two Hours

INSTRUCTIONS

- 1. IMMEDIATELY AFTER THE COMMENCEMENT OF THE EXAMINATION, YOU SHOULD CHECK THAT THIS TEST BOOKLET DOES **NOT** HAVE ANY UNPRINTED OR TORN OR MISSING PAGES OR ITEMS ETC. IF SO, GET IT REPLACED BY A COMPLETE TEST BOOKLET.
- 2. ENCODE CLEARLY THE TEST BOOKLET SERIES A, B, C, OR D AS THE CASE MAY BE IN THE APPROPRIATE PLACE IN THE ANSWER SHEET.
- 3. You have to enter your Roll Number on the Test Booklet in the Box provided alongside. **DO NOT** write **anything else** on the Test Booklet.
- 4. This Test Booklet contains 120 items (questions). Each item comprises four responses (answers). You will select the response which you want to mark on the Answer Sheet. In case you feel that there is more than one correct response, mark the response which you consider the best. In any case, choose ONLY ONE response for each item.
- 5. You have to mark all your responses **ONLY** on the separate Answer Sheet provided. See directions in the Answer Sheet.

6. All items carry equal marks.

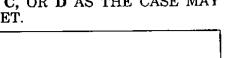
- 7. Before you proceed to mark in the Answer Sheet the response to various items in the Test Booklet, you have to fill in some particulars in the Answer Sheet as per instructions sent to you with your Admission Certificate.
- 8. After you have completed filling in all your responses on the Answer Sheet and the examination has concluded, you should hand over to the Invigilator only the Answer Sheet. You are permitted to take away with you the Test Booklet.
- 9. Sheets for rough work are appended in the Test Booklet at the end.
- 10. Penalty for wrong answers :

THERE WILL BE PENALTY FOR WRONG ANSWERS MARKED BY A CANDIDATE IN THE OBJECTIVE TYPE QUESTION PAPERS.

- (i) There are four alternatives for the answer to every question. For each question for which a wrong answer has been given by the candidate, **one-third (0.33)** of the marks assigned to that question will be deducted as penalty.
- (ii) If a candidate gives more than one answer, it will be treated as a wrong answer even if one of the given answers happens to be correct and there will be same penalty as above to that question.
- (iii) If a question is left blank, i.e., no answer is given by the candidate, there will be no penalty for that question.

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Maximum Marks : 250

Test Booklet Series

-m·s-c

1.		hom does the President of India address resignation letter ?	6. .		ch one of the following Indian States does border with Bangladesh ?
	(a)	The Prime Minister of India		(a)	Assam
	(b)	The Chief Justice of the Supreme Court		(b)	Meghalaya
•	(a)	of India The Speeder of the Leb Sebbe		(c)	Manipur
	(c)	The Speaker of the Lok Sabha		(d)	Tripura
	(d)	The Vice-President of India			
2.		which one of the following States does the ocommunity live ?	7.	Cons 1.	sider the following statements : The Consumer Protection Act, 1986 applies to all goods but not any services.
	(a)	Arunachal Pradesh		2.	The Consumer Protection Act, 1986
	(b)	Nagaland		Δ.	provides for establishing a four-tier
	(c)	Meghalaya			consumer dispute redressal machinery
	(d)	Manipur			at the national, state, district and block levels.
•					ch. of the statements given above is/are
3.		ch one of the following rivers of India does form a delta ?		corre (a)	ect ?
	(a)	(a) Cauvery		(u) (b)	2 only
•	(b)	Godavari		(c)	Both 1 and 2
	(c)	Krishna			Neither 1 nor 2
	(d)	Narmada		(u)	
4.	Which one of the following pairs is not				which state is the famous pilgrimage place alkund Sahib located ?
	corre	correctly matched ?			Himachal Pradesh
		River Tributary		(b)	Jammu and Kashmir
	(a)	Krishna : Bhima		(c)	Runjab
	(b)	Godavari : Wardha		(d)	Uttarakhand
	(c)	Brahmaputra : Kosi	9.	Which one of the following Union Ministries	
	(d)	Ganges : Yamuna		adm	inisters the "Nutritional Programme for lescent Girls"?
5.	The	Earth Summit, 1992 was held at		(a)	Ministry of Health and Family Welfare
	(a)	New York		(b)	Ministry of Social Justice and Empowerment
	(b)	Geneva		(c)	Ministry of Women and Child Development
	(c)	Kyoto -		(d)	Ministry of Housing and Urban Poverty Alleviation
	(d)	Rio de Janeiro			

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10.	majo	nong the following states, which one is the ajor/main producer of cotton, groundnut and bacco in India ?		Which among the following has the primary function of distributing the revenue between the Centre and States in India ?		
	(a)	Gujarat		(a)	Planning Commission	
	(b)	Karnataka		(b)	Finance Commission	
	(c)	Uttar Pradesh		(c)	Inter-State Council	
	(d)	West Bengal			,	
11.		ch one among the following is the place of n of Narmada river ?		(d)	Department of Expenditure in the Central Government	
	(a)	Amarkantak	16.	Cons	sider the following statements :	
	(b)	Bilaspur		1.	In India, every State has its own High Court	
	(c)	Chitrakoot		2.	In India, the judges of the High Court	
	(d)	Jabalpur		_,	are appointed by the Governor of the State concerned.	
12.	As per our National Population Policy 2000, the long-term objective is to achieve the population stability by which one of the following years?			Which of the statements given above is/are correct?		
				(a)	1 only	
	(a) 2025 (b) 2035			(b)	2 only	
				(c)	Both 1 and 2	
	(c)			(d)	Neither 1 nor 2	
	(d)	2055		(u)		
13.	What is <i>Jatropha curcas</i> , that is often in the news?			7. Allocation of Business in Government of Ind is done by		
	(a)	Genetically modified cotton plant		(a)	Cabinet Secretariat	
	(b) ,	Protein rich wheat plant developed by India		(b)	Prime Minister's Office	
	(c)	Plant used for production of bio-diesel		(c)	Lok Sabha Secretariat	
	(d)	Hybrid between tomato and potato		(d)	Ministry of Parliamentary Affairs	
14.	Which among the following National Highway routes is the longest ?				ch one of the following is <i>not</i> a	
	(a)	Agra – Mumbai			nhouse gas ?	
	(b)	b) Chennai – Thane		(a)	Carbon monoxide	
				(b)	Methane	
•	(c)	Kolkata – Hajira		(c)	Nitrous oxide	
	(d)	Pune – Machilipatnam		(d)	Water vapour	

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19.	Who of the following is the ex-officio Chairman of the Rajya Sabha ?	22. Among the following, which one is a major contributor to acid rains ?
	(a) The President of India	(a) Carbon dioxide
	(b) The Speaker of the Lok Sabha	(b) Carbon monoxide
	(c) The Vice-President of India	(c) Nitric oxide
	(d) The Union Minister for Parliamentary Affairs	(d) Sulphur dioxide
20.	Match List I with List II and select the correct answer using the code given below the lists :	23. In the composition of normal dry air of the atmosphere at ground level in an unpolluted area, which one among the following is found in highest concentration ?
	List I List II (Power Plant) (State)	(a) Carbon dioxide
	A. Chandrapur 1, Andhra Pradesh	(b) Hydrogen
	B. Kundah 2. Maharashtra	(c) Methane
	C. Lower Sileru 3. Orissa	(d) Nitrous oxide
	D. Talcher 4. Tamil Nadu	
	Code : A B C D	24. In which one of the following cities is the headquarters of the National Fisheries Development Board located ?
•	(a) 2 1 4 3	(a) Chennai
	(b) 2 4 1 3	(b) Cochin
	(c) 3 1 4 2 (d) 3 4 1 2	(c) Hyderabad
		(d) Kolkata
21.	 In the bioaccumulation of DDT in the aquatic food chain of Plankton → Clams → Fish → Fish-eating birds, which group of organisms exhibits highest concentration of DDT (in their bodies) ? (a) Plankton (b) Clams (c) Fish (d) Fish-eating birds 	 (a) Homan 25. Under the Rajiv Gandhi Shramik Kalyan Yojana, in case of closure of a factory/establishment, one gets "Unemployment Allowance" for (a) 6 months (b) 9 months (c) 12 months (d) 18 months

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26.	The distinct golden colour in transgenic golden rice is due to the presence of	31.	'Kerley B Lines' in the chest X-ray of a patient is a radiological feature of
	(a) Riboflavin		(a) Respiratory failure
	(b), β-carotene		(b) Heart failure
	(c) Vitamin B ₁₂		(c) Renal failure
	(d) Xanthophyll		(d) Liver failure
27.	 Recently, a substance isolated from the leaves of which one of the following plants is able to induce death of cancer cells in chronic myeloid leukaemia ? (a) Aloe (b) • Betel (c) Bryophyllum 	32.	 Pulsus paradoxus can be seen in the following clinical states <i>except</i>: (a) Pericardial tamponade (b) Acute severe asthma (c) Acute myocardial infarction (d) Massive pulmonary embolism
	(d) Mint		(d) Massive pulmonary embolism
28. 29.	 The Indian Institute of Crop Processing Technology is under the Union Ministry of (a) Agriculture (b) Food Processing Industries (c) Science and Technology (d) .Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Recently, the scientists of which one of the following countries created the first engineered living human nervous tissue construct, a mini-nervous system in culture, which can be transplanted en masse ? (a) Germany (b) Japan (c) UK		A fifty-year-old woman presents with dry cough and progressive breathlessness of two years duration. Examination reveals clubbing, cyanosis and bibasilar crepts. What is the probable diagnosis ? (a) Bronchiectasis (b) Lung abscess (c) Interstitial lung disease (d) Pulmonary tuberculosis Pleural effusion with very low glucose is characteristically seen in (a) Malignancy (b) Tuberculosis (c) SLE (d) Rheumatoid arthritis
	(d) USA		(d) Rheumatoid arthritis
30.	Which one of the following is <i>not</i> a Central Public Sector Enterprise ? (a) IOC	35.	Which one of the following is <i>not</i> a feature of Kartagener's syndrome ?(a) Bronchiectasis
	(b) Hindalco Industries		(b) Ciliary dyskinesia
	(c) NTPC	1	(c) Pancreatic insufficiency
	(d) SAIL		(d) Situs inversus
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36.	ARDS	rome) from Cardiogen	· · · ·	40.	episo of ja exan	O-year-old man presents with repeated odes of haematemesis. There is no history aundice or liver decompensation. On hination the significant findings include
		Normal Pa O ₂				erate splenomegaly and presence of hageal varices. There is no ascites or
		Normal pulmonary arteri				ic ulceration. The liver function tests are
		Normal arterial-alveolar	gradient	normal. What is the most lik		nal. What is the most likely diagnosis?
	(d)	Normal Pa CO ₂			(a)	Extrahepatic portal venous obstruction
37.	correc	h one of the following sta ct about chronic obstruct ses (COPD) ?			(b)	Noncirrhotic portal fibrosis
	(a)	Respiratory flow rates ar	e decreased		(c)	Cirrhosis
		Total lung capacity i	is normal or		(d)	Hepatic venous outflow tract obstruction
	(c)	Residual volume is increa	ased			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	(d)	d) Vital capacity is increased		41.		erkalemia is observed in which one of the wing conditions ?
38.		following drugs can cau monia <i>except :</i>	ise eosinophilic	I	(a)	Type 1 Renal tubular acidosis
	(a)	Nitrofurantoin			(b)	Type 2 Renal tubular acidosis
	(b)	Amiodarone			\sim	
	(c)	Sulfonamides			(c)	Type 4 Renal tubular acidosis
		Non-steroidal anti-inflam (NSAIDs)	nmatory drugs		(d)	Bartter's syndrome
39.	progr	A 55-year-old woman presents with progressively deepening jaundice, uncontrollable pruritus, pain in the abdomen			The mem	following features are true about branous glomerulopathy <i>except</i> :
	(right	t upper quadrant) and	yellow coloured		(a)	Heavy proteinuria
		. Investigations revealed m bilirubin	: 19∙5 mg%		(b)	Hyperlipidemia
	S.G.F	P.T.	45 IU/L		(c)	Early onset of renal failure
		m alkaline phosphatase	1225 IU/L		(d)	Response to steroids
		rombin time	25 sec		(u)	Response to steroids
		e bile pigment	Present		- •	
		e urobilinogen	Absent	43.		which one of the following conditions, is a l biopsy contraindicated ?
	Stool	,	clay coloured		(a)	Acute renal failure
		t would be the most likely	diagnosis ?		(α)	many remaintainale
	(a)	Viral hepatitis			(b)	Uncontrolled Hypertension
	(b) ·	Cirrhosis of liver			(c)	Nephritic syndrome
	(c)	Carcinoma of head of the	-	•		
	(d) .	Hepato-cellular carcinom	a	ļ	(d)	Isolated Hematuria

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44.	The paro:	following are true about benign xysmal positional vertigo <i>except</i> :	48.	All the following drugs are known to cause pseudotumour cerebri <i>except</i> :	
-	(a)	Fatigability	۰.	(a) Gentamycin	
	(b) Good reproducibility			(b) Tetracycline	
	(c)			(c) Vitamin A(d) Oral contraceptive pills	
	(d)	Latency			
45.		following are common causes of seizures dults older than 60 years of age <i>except</i> : Cerebrovascular disease Central nervous system neoplasia	49.	A 35-year-old man presents with daily headache. He describes two attacks per day over the last 3 weeks. Each attack lasts about an hour and awakens him from sleep. The patient has noticed associated tearing and reddening of the right eye as well as nasal stuffiness. The pain is deep, excruciating, and limited to the right side of the head. The	
·	(c)	Degenerative disease		neurological examination is normal. What is the most likely diagnosis?	
	(d)	Mesial temporal lobe sclerosis		(a) Migraine headache	
46.		typical CSF profile in cases of viral		(b) Tension headache	
	(a)	eningitis after 48 hours of onset is Lymphocytic pleocytosis, normal glucose level, normal or slightly elevated protein level		(c) Cluster headache(d) Brain tumour	
	(b)	Neutrophilic pleocytosis, raised glucose level, normal protein level	50.	In which of the following conditions is cardiac involvement <i>not</i> a usual feature ?	
	(c)	Lymphocytic pleocytosis, low glucose level, low protein level		(a) Facio-scapulo-humeral dystrophy(b) Duchenne's muscular dystrophy	
-	(d)	Neutrophilic pleocytosis, normal glucose level, elevated protein level		(c) Friedreich's ataxia(d) Myotonic dystrophy	
47.	Cranial nerve most commonly involved in posterior communicating artery aneurysm is			Drugs associated with ischemic stroke include the following <i>except</i> :	
	(a)) Occulomotor		(a) Cocaine	
	(b)	Facial		(b) Oral contraceptives	
	(c)	Optic		(c) Amphetamines	
	(d)	Trigeminal		(d) Barbiturates	

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52.	A 25-year-old n altered sensor revealed :	nan presents with fever and ium. The CSF analysis	56.	with	ch one of the following is <i>not</i> consistent the diagnosis of aplastic anemia ?
	Pressure :	Raised	1	(a)	Hematopoietic cells occupying $< 25\%$ of marrow space
	Appcarance :	Opalescent and on standing cobweb formation		(b)	Hematopoietic cells morphology should be normal
	Protein :	seen		(c)	Normocytic normochromic anemia
		220 mg%		(d)	Splenomegaly
•	Sugar :	30 mg%			
	Cells :	1250 per field mostly lymphocytes	57.		agent of choice for controlling heparin
	Globulin :	Positive		(a)	Protamine sulphate
	diagnosis ?	e following is the most likely		(b)	Injectable Vitamin K
	u	ccal meningitis		(c)	Whole blood
		oid haemorrhage		(d)	Fresh frozen plasma
	(c) Cryptococc	al meningitis		(u)	rresh nozen plasma
		s meningitis	58.	Thro	ombocytosis may be seen in the following itions <i>except</i> :
53.	von Willebrand's factor is synthesized in which one of the following ?			(a)	Idiopathic myelofibrosis
	(a) Vascular endothelium			(b)	Chronic myeloid leukemia
	(b) Macrophag	es		(c)	Essential thrombocythemia
	(c) Liver			(d)	Hypersplenism .
	(d) Eosinophile	3	!	. ,	
54.		he following laboratory tests 1kemoid reaction from chronic a ?	59.	The β tha (a)	following are the features of alassemia major <i>except</i> : Bone marrow hyperplasia
	(a) LAP (Leuk	ocyte alkaline phosphatase)		(u) (b)	Hair-on-end appearance
	(b) LCA (Leuk	ocyte common antigen)			
	(c) MPO (Mye	lo peroxidase)		(c)	Splenomegaly
	(d) TRAP (T phosphatas	artrate resistant alkaline ;e)		(d)	Increased osmotic fragility
55.	The first-line dr leukemia is	ug therapy in chronic myeloid	60.	Whia asso	ch one of the following disorders is <i>not</i> ciated with Carpal Tunnel Syndrome ?
	(a) Hydroxycar	rhamide	•	(a)	Diabetes mellitus
	(b) Alpha inter			(b)	Hypothyroidism
	(c) Busulphan			(c)	Acromegaly
	(d) Imatinib			(d)	Addison's disease
			ł		

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https://www.freshersnow.com/previous-year-question-papers/

61.	A diabetic patient in hypoglycemia does n regain consciousness despite blood gluco	se	Increased anion gap is found in the following disorders <i>except</i> :		
	restoration to normal. Which one of th following is the most likely condition	-	(a) Diabetic ketoacidosis		
	explanation ?		(b) Starvation ketosis		
	(a) Cerebral edema		(c) Renal tubular acidosis		
	(b) Alcohol intoxication		(d) Lactic acidosis		
	(c) Post-ictal state				
	(d) Cerebral haemorrhage	66.	The following features are correct in the case of Syndrome of Inappropriate Anti-Diuretic Hormone (SIADH) <i>except</i> :		
62.	Which one of the following is the mo appropriate treatment of hyperthyroidis		(a) Low-normal plasma urea		
	due to subacute lymphocytic thyroiditis ?		• • • • • • • •		
	(a) Propylthiouracil		(b) Low serum sodium		
	(b) Radioactive iodine ablation		(c) High plasma osmolality		
	(c) Subtotal thyroidectomy		(d) Urinary sodium not minimally low		
•	(d) Beta blockers		Regarding measles, which one of the following statements is <i>not</i> correct ?		
63.	The following are consistent wi pheochromocytoma <i>except</i> :	th	(a) It is caused by paramyxo virus infection		
	(a) Episodic diarrhea		(b) Rash is usually vesicular		
	(b) Episodic flushing of skin		(c) Infection spreads by droplets		
	(c) Episodes of hypertension		(d) Incubation period is 14 days		
	(d) Paroxysm, palpitation and sweating				
64.	Most specific diagnostic finding in gout is	68.	Secondary syphilis is characterized by the following <i>except</i> :		
	(a) Uric acid crystals in urine		(a) Occurs 6 – 8 weeks after development of chancre		
	(b) Raised serum uric acid		(b) Painful and itchy maculo-papular		
	(c) Presence of calcium pyrophospha	te	lesions		
	crystals in synovial fluid		(c) Constitutional features are present		
	(d) Presence of monosodium crystals synovial fluid	in	(d) Meningitis, hepatitis, glomerulonephritis and uveitis may occur		
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69.		ch maturation stage of RBCs is infected Plasmodium falciparum ?	73. V
	(a)	Reticulocyte stage only	A
	(b)	Normoblast stage	(
	(c)	Old RBC	(
•	(d)	RBC of all ages	
70.	Giai <i>exce</i>	rdiasis is characterized by the following	74. A
	(a)	Abdominal discomfort and bloating	f o
	(b)	Acute or chronic diarrhea	
	(c)	Duodenum and jejunum are the prime sites of involvement	a (
	(d)	Giardia cysts are resistant to heat and desiccation	
71.	Sul _r of	phasalazine is <i>not</i> used for the treatment	(
	(a)	Crohn's disease	75. I
	(b)	Rheumatoid arthritis	· g
	(c)	Sarcoidosis	t
	(d)	Ulcerative colitis	(:
72.	Imij beca	penem is co-administered with cilastin nuse	
	(a)	Cilastin aids the gastrointestinal absorption of the active moiety, imipenem	(4 76. V
-	(b)	Cilastin inhibits β -lactamase that destroys imipenem	i:
	(c)	Cilastin inhibits an enzyme in the kidney that destroys imipenem	C
	(d)	Cilastin prevents the hypoprothrombotic effect of imipenem	()
		effect of imipenem	

What is the drug of choice for CMV (Cytomegalovirus) Retinitis in patients with AIDS ?

- (a) Acyclovir
- (b) Gancyclovir
- (c) Pentamidine
- (d) Co-trimoxazole

4. A patient with HIV disease presents with fever, malaise and headache of acute onset. CSF examination reveals 20 cells with 80% lymphocytes, protein 100 mg/dl, sugar 35 mg/dl, and a positive India ink preparation. CT head is normal. What is the most appropriate therapy in this patient ?

- (a) Amphotericin-B
- (b) Amoxycillin
- (c) Acyclovir
- (d) Anti-tubercular drugs
- 75. In an immuno-compromised patient with local gamma like tumors and granulomatous lesions of lungs, bones, brain and meninges, the most likely diagnosis is
 - (a) Tuberculosis
 - (b) Leprosy
 - (c) Sarcoidosis
 - (d) Cryptococcosis
- 6. Which one of the following is *not* a fungal infection ?
 - a) Chromomycosis
 - b) Pheohyphomycosis
 - (c) Actinomycosis
 - (d) Blastomycosis

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77.	Pyridoxine hypervitaminosis causes	82.	Which one of the following is a characteristic feature of drug induced lupus ?
	(a) Polyneuropathy(b) Hypercalcemia		(a) Antihistone antibodies
	(c) Liver damage		(b) Anti Ro antibodies
	(d) Renal failure		
78.	With regard to vitiligo, which one of the following is <i>not</i> correct?		 (c) Anti La antibodies (d) Anti ds DNA antibodies
	(a) Generalized vitiligo is often symmetrical		
	(b) Trauma and sunburn may precipitate vitiligo	83.	What is the most common histological type of nephritis seen in systemic lupus
	(c) It is a congenital condition		erythematosis (SLE) ?
	(d) Focal areas of melanocyte loss are observed		(a) Mesangial
79.	The following diseases are characterized by		(b) Focal proliferative
	bullous eruptions <i>except</i> :		(c) Diffuse proliferative
	(a) Porphyria cutanea tarda(b) Variegate porphyria		(d) Membranous
	(c) Dermatitis herpetiformis		
	(d) Lichen planus	84.	The following modes of therapy may be useful for treatment of obsessive compulsive disorder <i>except</i> :
80.	Which one of the following features differentiates lepromatous leprosy from tuberculoid leprosy ?		(a) Fluoxetine
	(a) Absence of infectivity of affected patients		(b) Clomipramine
	(b) Organisms are scanty in number		(c) Behaviour therapy
	 (c) Blood-borne spread from the dermis throughout the body 		(d) Electroconvulsive therapy
	(d) Anaesthetic hypopigmented skin macules and plaques	85.	Which one of the following conditions is <i>not</i> correct in case of bulimia nervosa?
		ľ	(a) Recurrent bouts of binge eating
81.	Recurrent painful orogenital ulcers with arthritis is most likely due to		(b) Lack of self-control over eating during
	(a) Gonorrhea		binges
	(b) Syphilis		(c) Self-induced vomiting or dieting after binge
	(c) Reiter's syndrome		
	(d) Behcet's syndrome	ľ	(d) Weight gain
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86. ·	Fear of contamination, counting behaviours, and having to check and recheck are features characteristic of	91.	Which one of the following definitions best fits the term enthesitis ?
			(a) . Inflammation at the site of tendinous or ligamentous insertion into bone
			(b) Inflammation of the periarticular
	(b) Agoraphobia		membrane lining the joint capsule
	(c) Obsessive-compulsive disorder(d) Generalized anxiety disorder		(c) Inflammation of a sac-like cavity near a joint that decreases friction
	(d) Generalized anxiety disorder		(d) A palpable vibratory or crackling
87.	Which one of the following is <i>not</i> an		sensation elicited with joint motion
0*.	autosomal recessive disorder ?	92.	The following are characteristic of tumour
	(a) Leber's hereditary optic atrophy		lysis syndrome <i>except</i> :
	(b) Finnish nephropathy		(a) Hyperkalemia(b) Hypercalcemia
	(c) Renal tubular acidosis	ļ	(c) Hyperuricemia
	(d) Haemochromatosis		(d) Hyperphosphatemia
88.	Which one of the following is most characteristic of Elapidae snake envenomation ?	93.	Which one of the following is the most common site for a fracture associated with osteoporosis?
	(a) Bleeding manifestation		(a) Femur
	(b) Neuro-paralytic symptoms		(b) Hip
	(c) Rhabdomyolysis		(c) Radius (d) Vertebra
	(d) Cardiotoxicity -		(d) Vertebra
	(u) Cardiotoxicity	94.	Consider the following statements with regard to sexual transmission of HIV :
89.	A 28-year-old male patient is brought to casualty in comatose state, with pin-point pupils reduced respiratory rate and		1. Male-to-female transmission is many times more efficient than female-to-male transmission.
	pupils, reduced respiratory rate and bradycardia. What is the most likely diagnosis ?		2. Non-ulcerative inflammatory STDs such as those caused by <i>Chlamydia trachomatis</i> and <i>Trichomonas vaginalis</i> do not increase the
	(a) Tricyclic antidepressant poisoning		risk of transmission of HIV infection. 3. Infections with <i>Trichomonas pallidum</i> ,
-	(b) Opioid poisoning(c) Benzodiazepine poisoning		<i>Haemophilus ducreyi</i> and HSV increase the risk of transmission of HIV infection.
	(d) Organophosphorus poisoning		 4. Oral sex is a much less efficient mode of transmission of HIV than is receptive anal intercourse.
90.	Which one of the following is a nucleotide reverse transcriptase inhibitor ?	1	Which of the statements given above are correct?
	(a) Ritonavir		(a) 1 and 3 only
	(b) Indinavir		(b) 1, 3 and 4 only
	(c) Tenofovir		(c) 2 and 4 only
	(d) Nelfinavir	1	(d) 1, 2, 3 and 4

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A 35-year-old lady is diagnosed to have 99. The following are risk factors for developing 95. cholangiocarcinoma except : post-partum hypopituitarism. The correct order of hormone substitution in her case Choledochal cyst (a) would be : Cholelithiasis (b) (a) Thyroxin, steroids, oral contraceptives (c) Liver flukes Glucocorticoids, thyroxin, oral (b) Working in the rubber industry (d) contraceptives Oral contraceptives, thyroxin, (c) glucocorticoids 100. Which the one of associated commonly Glucocorticoids, oral contraceptives, (d) ophthalmoplegia? thyroxin Congenital nystagmus (a) 96. Consider the following statements : (b) Spino-cerebellar degeneration Thalidomide is the drug of choice for 1. Multiple sclerosis (c) Erythema Nodosum Leprosum. Progressive supranuclear palsy (d) an immuno-modulatory 2. and It is anti-inflammatory drug. Which of the statements given above is/are 101. A two-month-old infant is brought to the correct? hospital emergency with marked respiratory (a) 1 only distress. On examination, the infant has cyanosis and bilateral crepitations. Heart rate (b) 2 only is 180/min, respiratory rate 56/min and the Both 1 and 2 (c) liver span 7.5 cm. The child has had repeated (d) Neither 1 nor 2 episodes of fever, cough and respiratory the distress since A 23-year-old individual who believes in 97. examination Cardiovascular develops megavitamins therapy severe grade III ejection systolic murmur in left headache. Fundoscopy reveals papilloedema. parasternal area and the chest X-ray reveals The likely cause for this problem is cardiomegaly with a narrow base and (a) Vitamin B₁₂ intoxication plethoric lung fields. What is the most likely diagnosis ?. Vitamin A intoxication (b) Congenital methemoglobinemia (a) (c) Vitamin E intoxication (d) Vitamin K intoxication Transposition of great arteries (b) Cystic fibrosis (c) A twenty-year-old male is presented with end 98. **Tetralogy of Fallot** (d) stage renal failure. Since 13 years of age, he has had progressive renal insufficiency initially with episodes of painless haematuria. 102. Abnormalities of copper metabolism are He also has progressive deafness. His brother implicated in the pathogenesis of all the suffers from similar illness. What is the most following except : likely diagnosis? Wilson's Disease (a) Alport syndrome (a) Henoch-Schönlein vasculitis (b) (b) Menkes' Kinky-hair Syndrome Familial lupus (c) Indian Childhood Cirrhosis (c) Wegener's granulomatosis (d) Keshan disease (d)

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103. A two-year-old boy is brought to emergency with severe anemia (Hb = 2 gm%) and features of congestive heart failure. The most appropriate immediate therapy for this boy would be

- (a) Packed cell transfusion
- (b) Partial exchange transfusion
- (c) Whole blood transfusion
- (d) Parenteral iron injection
- 104. Consider the following statements regarding thyroid hormones :
 - 1. Majority of the circulating T_3 remains in bound form.
 - 2. Only 50% of the circulating T_3 is secreted by thyroid.
 - 3. TSH estimation is not a sensitive test for diagnosis of primary hypothyroidism.
 - 4. Fetal pituitary-thyroid axis is dependent to a large extent on maternal pituitary-thyroid axis.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct ?

- (a) 1 only \cdot
- (b) 1 and 2 only
- (c) 2 and 4 only
- (d) 1, 2, 3 and 4
- 105. Which of the following is the most common clinical manifestation of Human Parvovirus B 19 (HPV-B 19) infection ?
 - (a) Aplastic crisis in hemolytic anemia patients
 - (b) Anemia in neonatal period
 - (c) Erythema infectiosum
 - (d) Hydrops fetalis

P-DNJ-A

Consider the following behavioural conditions in a child of school age :

1. Fidgets with hands or squirms in seat

2. Easily distracted by extraneous stimuli

- 3. Often has difficulty awaiting turn
- 4. Does not seem to listen when spoken to directly

Which of the above diagnostic criteria are suggestive of Inattention (attention deficit) in a child ?

- (a) 1 and 2 only
- (b) 1 and 3 only
- (c) 2 and 4 only
- (d) 1, 2, 3 and 4

107. A new-born baby develops cyanosis on day three of life. On auscultation, there is a systolic murmur. Echocardiography reveals a cyanotic heart disease in the baby. Which one of the following drugs can be administered to prolong the life of the baby, pending intervention?

- (a) Indomethacin
- (b) Ibuprofen
- (c) Prostaglandin E₁
- (d) Propanolol
- **108.** Consider the following clinical features in a full term neonate :
 - 1. Rate of rise of bilirubin < 10 mg/dl/24 hours
 - 2. Onset of jaundice at 48 hours of age
 - 3. Clay coloured stools
 - 4. Jaundice persisting on day 5

Which of the above clinical features is/are consistent with physiological jaundice ?

- (a) 1 only
- (b) 1 and 3 only
- (c) 2 and 4 only
- (d) 1, 2, 3 and 4
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109.	hype	new-born baby presents with shock, erkalemia and hypoglycemia. What is the t likely diagnosis ?	113.		ch one of the following is not a feature of enital hypertrophic pyloric stenosis ? More common in males
	(a)	Septicemia		(b)	Projectile vomiting
	(b)	Inborn error of metabolism		(c)	Diarrhea
	(c)	Diabetes mellitus		(d)	Malnutrition
				()	·
	(d)	Congenital adrenal hyperplasia	114.	۸ fo	mily of a child just diamaged with equita
110.	If a five-year-old child suddenly develops stridor, which one of the following would be the most likely diagnosis ?			A family of a child just diagnosed with acute lymphoblastic leukemia asks about the child's prognosis. Which of the following is a poor prognostic indicator ?	
	(a) Laryngomalacia		,	(a)	Presence of mediastinal mass
	(b)	* 0		(b)	Age between 1 and 10 years
	(c)	Foreign body aspiration	ļ	(c)	Hyperploidy with more than 50 chromosomes
	(d)	Acute epiglottitis		(d)	WBC count less than 50,000/mm ³ at diagnosis
			1		
111.	With reference to a malnourished child, the following statements are correct <i>except</i> :			Con	sider the following :
	(a)	Skin and mucosa are not effective barriers to infection.		1.	Kerosene poisoning
				2.	Organo-phosphorus poisoning
	aš			3.	Corrosive poisoning
	(b)	There is impairment of chemotaxis associated with defective candidicidal,	ļ .	4.	Iron poisoning
		bacteriocidal capacities of polymorphs.			which of the above is gastric lavage raindicated?
	(c)	There is impairment of cell mediated		(a)	1 only
•		immunity and delayed hypersensitivity.		(b)	1 and 3 only
	(d)	There is impaired humoral response to		(c)	2 and 4 only
		immunizing agents and reduced number of β -cells.		(d)	1, 2, 3 and 4
112.		ch one of the following is not a feature of ner's syndrome ?	116.		ch one of the following is <i>not</i> correct at hypernatremic dehydration ?
-		•	,	(a)	Neurological complications are more
	(a)	Short stature			common.
	(b)	Microphthalmia		(b)	The most appropriate fluid for correction is N/2 – N/4 normal saline.
	(c)	Coarctation of aorta		(c)	The dehydration should be corrected over 12 hours.
	(d)	Lymphedema		(d)	The skin has a doughy feel.
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- 117. What is the correct composition of the standard maintenance solution for intravenous administration in children?
 - (a) 5% dextrose, 25 m Eq/L of sodium, 20 m Eq/L of potassium
 - (b) 10% dextrose, 25 m Eq/L of sodium, 30 m Eq/L of potassium
 - (c) 5% dextrose, 40 m Eq/L of sodium,
 20 m Eq/L of potassium
 - (d) 10% dextrose, 40 m Eq/L of sodium, 30 m Eq/L of potassium
- 118. Which of the following is *not* the correct sign of good attachment of a baby to the breast?
 - (a) Baby's mouth wide open
 - (b) Lower areola more visible
 - (c) Baby's lower lip everted.
 - (d) Baby's chin touching the breast

- the **119.** Which one of the following is **not** a for characteristic of tuberous sclerosis?
 - (a) Seizures
 - (b) Adenoma sebaceum
 - (c) X-linked recessive inheritance
 - (d) Shagreen patches
 - 120. The 'a' wave of jugular venous pulse is produced by
 - (a) Atrial relaxation
 - (b) Atrial systole
 - (c) Atrial diastole
 - (d) Rapid venous filling

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