## JSM – 16 / 6 Law of Contract

Time: 3 hours

Full Marks: 150

The figures in the right-hand margin indicate marks.

Answer six questions, selecting two questions each from any two Sections and one each from remaining two Sections.

## SECTION - A

- (a) "An offer need not be made to an ascertained person, but no contract can arise until it has been accepted by an ascertained person."
   Discuss.
  - (b) 'Mere silence is not fraud.' Explain. 10
- (a) "Initial impossibility renders an agreement void and subsequent impossibility renders a contract void." Discuss.
  - (b) A vacates the house without the payment of electricity bill. Consequently electricity is disconnected from the power house, B the

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(Turn over)

successor tenant deposits the arr	rears of
electricity bill and brings a suit for its re	ecovery.
Will he succeed?	10

- 3. (a) "Surety's liability is co-extensive with that of Principal Debtor." Explain.15
  - (b) B owes a debt to C of which A is the surety. The debt becomes payable. C does not sue B for the debt. Is A discharged from his liability?

## SECTION - B

- 4. (a) Explain the difference between a sale and agreement to sell. When does an agreement to sell become a sale?
  - (b) The defendant agreed to sell at certain rate 200 kgs. of Potato which were to grow on the defendant's field, suddenly the entire crop was destroyed by a disease. Discuss the position of defendant legally.
- 'The buyer acquires no better title to the goods than the seller.' Discuss and point out the exceptions.

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6	(a)	When does a seller become an unpaid sell			
1		What are his rights?	15		
	(b)	Write note on "Passing of Property".	10		
SECTION - C					
7.	(a)	Define Partnership and discuss essentials.	its 15		
	(b)	Can minor become partner?	10		
8.		cuss the nature of non-partnership intere provided under the Indian Partnership Ac			
9.	(a)	Discuss the law relating to 'Partner holding-out'.	by 15		
4	(b)	State the disadvantages of non-register firm.	red 10		
SECTION - D					
10.	(a)	"Every Cheque is a Bill of Exchange but ev Bill of Exchange is not a Cheque." Comme	-		
	(b)	What do you mean by Negotiability? Mathematical the difference between negotiability a assignability.			

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- 11. (a) Explain the term holder and distinguish it from a holder-in-due course.
  - (b) A is the payee of an order instrument. A endorses it in favour of B. C steals that instrument and forges B's signature and makes an endorsement in his own (C's) favour. C then endorses to D who takes it for consideration and without having sufficient causes to believe that any defect existed in the title of C. Is D a holder-in-due course?

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- 12. (a) What do you mean by dishonour of cheques?

  Is dishonour of cheque for insufficiency of fund in the account an offence? Explain. 15
  - (b) What do you mean by crossing of cheque?State the law relating to the payment of crossed and uncrossed cheques.

