



General Knowledge

1. "Parliamentary Government" is also known as...

- (A) Cabinet Government
- (B) Responsible Government
- (C) Westminster forms of government
- (D) All of the above

Ans. D

2. Which of the following characteristics is not related to Parliamentary Government?

- (A) Resolution of the lower house
- (B) Collective liability
- (C) Leadership of the Prime Minister
- (D) Single Executive

Ans. D

3. Which of the following is not the merit of the Presidential System?

- (A) Permanent Government
- (B) Confirmation in policies
- (C) Limited Representation
- (D) Government by experts

Ans. C

4. Which of the following is a demerit of the Parliamentary System?

- (A) Compressed representation
- (B) Uncertainty of policies
- (C) Temporary Government
- (D) All of the above

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Ans. D

5. Which of the following statements is not correct?

- (A) According to the 42nd and the 44th amendment, the president must comply with the advice of the Council of Ministers.
- (B) Presidential System is based on the double executive.
- (C) According to Article 74 the Council of Ministers works under the leadership of the Prime Minister.
- (D) Article 74 and 75 provide a parliamentary system in the center.

Ans. B

6. Which of the following characteristics is not related to the Presidential System?

- (A) Governance of the Prime Minister
- (B) Single Executive
- (C) Single Membership
- (D) Dissolution of the lower house is baned

Ans. A

7. Which of the following characteristics is not related to the federal government?

- (A) Written Constitution
- (B) Flexible Constitution
- (C) Supremacy of the Constitution
- (D) Independent Judiciary

Ans. B

8. In the Federal Government.....

- (A) All the powers and functions are vested in the Central Government and Regional Government.
- (B) All powers are divided into Central Government and Regional Government
- (C) Both A and B
- (D) None of the above

Ans. B

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9. Who is currently (2016) the Vice President of India?

- A. Ms. Pratibha Patil
- B. Mohammad Hamid Ansari
- C. Bhairon Singh Shekhawat
- D. Krishan Kant

Ans. B

10. Who was the 1st Prime Minister of India?

- A. Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru
- B. Lal Bahadur Shastri
- C. Gulzar Lal Nanda
- D. None of the Above

Ans. A

11. Which of the following article of the Indian Constitution deals with the constitution of the Parliament of India?

- A. Article 73
- B. Article 78
- C. Article 79
- D. Article 72

Ans: C

12. Which of the following article deals with the composition of the council of states (Rajya sabha) and the manner of election of its members?

- A. Article 82
- B. Article 81
- C. Article 90
- D. Article 80

Ans: D

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13. The representatives of the state in the Rajya Sabha are elected by which one of the following?

- A. chief minister of the state
- B. Elected members of the state legislative assembly
- C. Governor
- D. President

Ans: B

14. The number of representatives of the Rajya Sabha from states and union territories are among which one of the following?

- A. 238
- B. 212
- C. 200
- D. 220

Ans: A

15. How many members are nominated by the President to the Rajya sabha?

- A. 20
- B. 18
- C. 12
- D. 15

Ans: C

16. Which among the following is not a standing committee?

- A. Public accounts committee
- B. Ethics committee
- C. Railway convention committee
- D. Business advisory committee

Ans: C

17. Consider the following statements. Which among them is/are NOT true?

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- A. Standing Committees are the permanent committees that are constituted regularly
- B. Ad hoc committees are temporary committees that are dissolved when the task is completed
- C. Committee of Privileges is an ad-hoc committee
- D. Joint Committee on Fertilizer pricing is a standing committee

- A. Only III and IV
- B. Only I and II
- C. Only I and III
- D. Only II and IV

Ans: A

18. What among the following is NOT true about the Public Accounts Committee?

- I. The committee was first set up in 1919
- II. Its main function is to audit the annual reports of the Comptroller and Auditor General of India (CAG)
- III. It consists of 15 Lok Sabha members and 7 Rajya Sabha members
- IV. The term of the office of the Public Accounts Committee is one year

- A. Only I
- B. Only II
- C. Only III
- D. All are true

Ans: D

19. Which among the following is NOT true about the Estimates Committee?

- I. The first Estimates Committee of the post-independence era was first set up in 1950
- II. Estimates Committee has a right to question the policies approved by the Parliament
- III. It consists of members that are both from Lok Sabha and Rajya Sabha
- IV. Chairman of the Estimates Committee is always from the Opposition party

- A. Only IV
- B. Only III
- C. Only II and IV
- D. Only II, III, and IV

Ans: D

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20. Consider the following statements about the Committee on Government Assurances. Which of the following is/are not true?

- A. It was constituted in 1953
- B. Its main function is to examine the assurances and undertakings given by the ministers on the floor of the House and report back on the status of these assurances and promises
- C. For the Lok Sabha consists of 15 members
- D. For the Rajya Sabha consists of 10 members

Ans: D