

## CURRICULUM – 2020 (C-20)

# DIPLOMA IN CHEMICAL ENGINEERING

State Board of Technical Education & Training
Andhra Pradesh
Amaravathi

#### **PREAMBLE**

The proposed programme intends to develop a skilled technician to support the industries both nationally or globally. It also helps to kindle the spirit of entrepreneurship with necessary skills and theoretical inputs aligning with the National policy of 'Make in India'. The programme also provides for accomplishing higher education goals for those who wish to enrich their theoretical concepts further.

The State Board of Technical Education and Training, (SBTET) AP, has been offering Diploma programmes to meet the above said aspirations of the stake holders: industries, students, academia, parents and the society at large. As such, it has been the practice of SBTET, A.P., to keep the curriculum abreast with the advances in technology through systematic and scientific analysis of current curriculum and bring out an updated revised version at regular intervals. Accordingly the SBTET, AP under the aegis of the Department of Technical Education, Andhra Pradesh in it's 57<sup>th</sup> Board Meeting held on 05-02-2019 (vide item no: 18) resolved to update the Polytechnic Curriculum C-16 with the guidance of National Institute of Technical Teachers Training & Research (NITTTR), Extension Centre, Vijayawada (ECV), to be implemented with effect from the academic year '20-21.

Analysis of Curriculum C-16 (SWOT analysis) started in the month of June-2019. Feedback was collected from all stake holders: Students, Lecturers, Senior Lecturers, Head of Sections and Principals for all programmes for this purpose. A series of workshops with subject experts followed in the subsequent weeks and the draft curricula were prepared for every programme. Finally, an interactive session with representatives from industries, academia and subject experts was held on 04.01.2020 for thorough perusal and critique of draft curricula; and the suggestions received thus received from Industrialists and academia have been recorded , validated by another set of experienced subject teachers from the Department of Technical education for incorporation into the Curriculum C-20.

The design of new Curricula for the different diploma programmes has thus been finalised with the active participation of the members of the faculty teaching in the Polytechnics of Andhra Pradesh, and duly reviewed by Expert Committee constituted of academicians and representatives from industries. Thus, the primary objective of the curriculum change is to produce employable technicians in the country by correlating the growing needs of the industries with relevant academic input.

The outcome based approach as given by NBA guidelines has been followed throughout the design of this curriculum is designed to meet the requirements of NBA Accreditation, too.

The revised New Curriculum i.e., Curriculum–2020 (C-20) is approved by BoG of SBTET for its implementation with effect from 2020-21.

#### **Highlights of Curriculum C-20:**

- 1. Duration of course for regular Diploma and for sandwich Diploma is 3 years and 3½ years respectively.
- 2. The Curriculum is prepared in Semester Pattern. However, First Year is maintained as Yearwise pattern.
- 3. 6 Months Industrial training has been introduced for 3 years Diploma Courses and 1 year Industrial Training is introduced for 3 ½ years Sandwich Diploma courses.
- 4. Updated subjects relevant to the industry are introduced in all the Diploma courses.
- 5. CISCO course content has been incorporated into the ECE and CME programmes for certification from CISCO in lieu of industrial training when students are unable to get Industrial Training placement in any industry.

- 6. The policy decisions taken at the State and 1Central level with regard to environmental science are implemented by including relevant topics in Chemistry. This is also in accordance with the Supreme Court guidelines issued in Sri Mehta's case.
- 7. Keeping in view the increased need of communication skills which is playing a major role in the success of Diploma Level students in the Industries, emphasis is given for learning and acquiring listening, speaking, reading and writing skills in English. Further as emphasized in the meetings, Communication Skills lab and Life Skills lab are continuing for all the branches.
- 8. CAD specific to the branch has been given emphasis in the curriculum. Preparing drawings using CAD software has been given more importance.
- 9. Upon reviewing the existing C-16 curriculum, it is found that the theory content is found to have more weight age than the Practical content. In C-20 curriculum, more emphasis is given to the practical content in Laboratories and Workshops, thus strengthening the practical skills.
- 10. With increased emphasis for the student to acquire Practical skills, the course content in all the subjects is thoroughly reviewed and structured as outcome based than the conventional procedure based.
- 11. Curricula of Laboratory and Workshops have been thoroughly revised based on the suggestions received from the industry and faculty, for better utilization of the equipment available in the Polytechnics. The experiments /exercises that are chosen for the practical sessions are identified to confirm to the field requirements of industry.
- 12. An exclusive section for assessing higher order Thinking skills (HOTS) has been introduced in summative evaluation.

#### **Acknowledgements:**

It is pertinent to acknowledge the support of the following in the making of Curriculum C-20. A series of workshops in three phases were conducted by NITTTR, AP Extension Centre, Vijayawada involving faculty from Polytechnics, Premier Engineering Colleges & Industries to analyze the Previous C-16 Curriculum and to design C-20 Curriculum under the guidance of Dr C. R. Nagendra Rao, Professor & Head, NITTTR-ECV. The efforts & support extended by NITTTR to bring out final Curriculum C-20 by incorporating needs, aspiration & expectations of all stake holders is highly appreciated and gratefully acknowledged.

The Members of the working group are grateful to Sri M.M. Nayak, I.A.S., Special Commissioner of Technical Education & Chairman of SBTET, AP. and Sri. G. Anantha Ramu, I.A.S., Principal Secretary, Department of Skill Development and Training for their guidance and valuable inputs during process of revising, modifying and updating the Curriculum C-20. The Members acknowledge with thanks the guidance & inspiration provided by Sri. V.S. Dutt, Secretary, SBTET, Andhra Pradesh and other officials of Directorate of Technical Education and the State Board of Technical Education, Andhra Pradesh, experts from industry, academia from the universities and higher learning institutions and all teaching fraternity from the Polytechnics who are directly or indirectly involved in preparation of the curriculum.

#### **RULES AND REGULATIONS OF C-20 CURRICULUM**

#### 1 DURATION AND PATTERN OF THE COURSES

All the Diploma programs run at various institutions are of AICTE approved 3 years or 3½ years duration of academic instruction.

All the Diploma courses are run on year wise pattern in the first year, and the remaining two or two & half years are run in the semester pattern. In respect of few courses like Diploma in Bio-Medical course, the training will be in the seventh semester. Run-through system is adopted for all the Diploma Courses, subject to eligibility conditions.

#### 2 PROCEDURE FOR ADMISSION INTO THE DIPLOMA COURSES:

Selection of candidates is governed by the Rules and Regulations laid down in this regard from time to time.

- a) Candidates who wish to seek admission in any of the Diploma courses will have to appear for the Common Entrance Test for admissions into Polytechnics (POLYCET) conducted by the State Board of Technical Education and Training, Andhra Pradesh, Vijayawada.
  - Only the candidates satisfying the following requirements will be eligible to appear for the Common Entrance Test for admissions into Polytechnics (POLYCET).
- b) The candidates seeking admission should have appeared for S.S.C examination, conducted by the Board of Secondary Education, Andhra Pradesh or equivalent examination thereto, at the time of applying for the Common Entrance Test for admissions into Polytechnics (POLYCET). In case of candidates whose results of their Qualifying Examinations is pending, their selection shall be subject to production of proof of their passing the qualifying examination in one attempt or compartmentally at the time of admission.
- c) Admissions are made based on the merit obtained in the Common Entrance Test (POLYCET) and the reservation rules stipulated by the Government of Andhra Pradesh from time to time.
- d) For admission into the following Diploma Courses for which entry qualification is 10+2, candidates need not appear for POLYCET. A separate notification will be issued for admission into these courses.
  - i). D.HMCT ii).D. Pharmacy

#### 3 MEDIUM OF INSTRUCTION

The medium of instruction and examination shall be English.

#### 4 PERMANENT IDENTIFICATION NUMBER (PIN)

A cumulative / academic record is to be maintained of the Marks secured in sessional work and end examination of each year for determining the eligibility for promotion etc., A Permanent Identification Number (PIN) will be allotted to each admitted candidate to maintain academic records.

#### 5 NUMBER OF WORKING DAYS PER SEMESTER / YEAR:

- a) The Academic year for all the Courses shall be in accordance with the Academic Calendar.
- b) The Working days in a week shall be from Monday to Saturday
- c) There shall be 7 periods of 50 minutes duration each on all working days.
- d) The minimum number of working days for each semester / year shall be 90 / 180 days excluding examination days. If this prescribed minimum is not achieved due to any reason, special arrangements shall be made to conduct classes to complete the syllabus.

#### 6 ELIGIBILITY (ATTENDANCE TO APPEAR FOR THE END EXAMINATION)

- a) A candidate shall be permitted to appear for the end examination in all subjects, if he or she has attended a minimum of 75% of working days during the year/Semester.
- b) Condonation of shortage of attendance in aggregate up to 10% (65% and above and below 75%) in each semester or 1<sup>st</sup> year may be granted on medical grounds.
- c) A stipulated fee shall be payable towards condonation for shortage of attendance.
- d) Candidates having less than 65% attendance shall be detained.
- e) Students whose shortage of attendance is not condoned in any semester / 1st year and not paid the condonation fee in time are not eligible to take their end examination of that class and their admissions shall stand cancelled. They may seek re-admission for that semester / 1<sup>st</sup> year when offered in the next subsequent academic semester/year.
- f) For INDUSTRIAL TRAINING:
  - i) During Industrial Training the candidate shall put in a minimum of 90% attendance.
- ii) If the student fails to secure 90% attendance during industrial training, the student shall reappear for 6 months industrial training at his own expenses.

#### 7 READMISSION

Readmission shall be granted to eligible candidates by the respective Principal/ Regional Joint Director.

- a) (i) Within 15 days after commencement of class work in any semester (Except Industrial Training).
  - (ii) For Industrial Training: before commencement of the Industrial training.
- b) Within 30 days after commencement of class work in any year (including D. Pharmacy course or first year course in Engineering and Non Engineering Diploma streams). Otherwise such cases shall not be considered for readmission for that semester / year and are advised to seek readmission in the next subsequent eligible academic year. The percentage of attendance of the readmitted candidates shall be calculated from the first day of beginning of the regular class work for that year / Semester, as officially announced by CTE/SBTET but not from the day on which he/she has actually reported to the class work.

#### 8 SCHEME OF Evaluation

#### a) First Year

**THEORY Courses**: Each Course carries Maximum marks of 80 with examination of 3 hours duration, along with internal assessment for Maximum of 20 marks. (Sessional marks). However, there are no minimum marks prescribed for sessionals.

**Laboratory Courses**: There shall be 40 Marks for internal assessment i.e. sessional marks for each practical Course with an end examination of 3 hours duration carrying 60 marks. However, there are no minimum marks prescribed for sessionals.

#### b) III, IV, V, VI and VII Semesters:

**THEORY Courses**: End semester evaluation shall be of 3 hours duration and for a maximum of 80 marks.

**Laboratory Courses**: Each Course carry 60/30 marks of 3hours duration 40/20 sessional marks.

#### 9 INTERNAL ASSESSMENT SCHEME

a) Theory Courses: Internal assessment shall be conducted for awarding sessional marks on the dates specified. Three unit tests shall be conducted for I year students and two Unit Tests for semesters. Internal Assessment shall be of 90 minutes duration and for a maximum of 40 marks. For each test The average of marks of all the test, reduced to 20 shall be taken as final sessional in any case.

#### b) **Practical Courses**:

#### (i) Drawing Courses:

The award of sessional marks for internal Assessment shall be as given in the following table

Distribution of Marks for the Internal Assessment Marks							
First Year	(Total:40 Marks)	Semesters (Total:40 Marks)					
Max:20 Marks	Max:20 Marks	Max:20 Marks	Max:20 Marks				
From the Average	From the Average of	From the Average of	From the Average of				
of THREE Unit	Assessment of Regular	TWO Unit Tests.	Assessment of Regular Class				
Tests.	Class work Exercises.		work Exercises.				

All Drawing exercises are to be filed in serial orderand secured for further scrutiny by a competent authority.

#### (ii) Laboratory Courses:

Student's performance in Laboratories / Workshop shall be assessed during the year/semester of study for 40 marks in each practical Course.

#### **Evaluation for Laboratory Courses, other than Drawingcourses:**

- i. Instruction (teaching) in laboratory courses (except for the course on Drawing) here after shall be task/competency based as delineated in the Laboratory sheets, prepared by SBTET, AP & NITTTR- ECV and posted in SBTET website.
- ii. Internal assessment for Laboratory shall be done on the basis of task/s performed by the student as delineated in the laboratory sheets, prepared by SBTET, AP & NITTTR-ECV and posted in AP, SBTET website.
- iii. Question paper for End semester Evaluation shall also be task/s based and shall be prepared and distributed by SBTET as done in case of theory courses be prepared as per SBTET rules in vogue.
- c) Internal assessment in Labs / workshops / Survey field work etc., during the course of study shall be done and sessional marks shall be awarded by the concerned Teacher.
- d) For practical examinations, except in drawing, there shall be two examiners. External examiner shall be appointed by the Principal in consultation with respective Head of Section preferably choosing a qualified person from in the order of preference.
  - i) Nearby Industry

- ii) Govt / Semi Govt organization like R & B, PWD, PR, Railways, BSNL,APSRTC,APSEB etc.,
- iii) Govt / University Engg College.
- iv) HoDs from Govt.Polytechnic
  - Internal examiner shall be the person concerned with internal assessment as in (c) above. The end examination shall be held along with all theory papers in respect of drawing.
- e) Question Paper for Practicals: Question paper should cover (the experiments / exercise prescribed to test various) skills like handling, manipulating, testing, trouble shooting, repair, assembling and dismantling etc., from more than one experiment / exercise
- f) Records pertaining to internal assessment marks of both theory and practical Courses are to be maintained for official inspection.

### g) In case of Diploma programs having Industrial Training, Internal Assessment and Summative Evaluation, shall be done as illustrated in the following table:

Assessment no	Upon completion of	Ву	Based on	Max Marks
1	12 weeks	1.The faculty concerned and	Learning outcomes as given in the scheme of assessment for	120
2	20-22 weeks	2. Training Mentor of the industry	Industrial Training	120
3.Final	22 week	1.The faculty member concerned,	1.Demonstration of any one of the skills listed in learning outcomes	30
summative Evaluation	23 week	2.HoD concerned and 3.An external	2.Training Report	20
		examiner	3.Viva Voce	10
			TOTAL	300

#### 10 MINIMUM PASS MARKS

#### THEORY EXAMINATION:

For passing a theory Course, a candidate has to secure a minimum of 35% in end examination and a combined minimum of 35% of both Sessional and end examination marks put together.

#### PRACTICAL EXAMINATION:

For passing a practical Course, a candidate has to secure a minimum of 50% in end examination and a combined minimum of 50% of both sessional and practical end examination marks put together. In case of D.C.C.P., the pass mark for typewriting and short hand is 45% in the end examination. There are no sessional marks for typewriting and Shorthand Courses of D.C.C.P course.

#### **INDUSTRIAL ASSESSMENT:**

Pass marks is 50% in assessment at Industry (I and II assessments put together) and also 50% in final summative assessment at institution level

#### 11. PROVISION FOR IMPROVEMENT

Improvement is allowed only after he / she has completed all the Courses from First Year to Final semester of the Diploma.

- a) Improvement is allowed in any 4 (Four) Courses of the Diploma.
- b) The student can avail of this improvement chance **ONLY ONCE**, that too within the succeeding two examinations after the completion of Diploma. However, the duration including Improvement examination shall not exceed **FIVE** years from the year of first admission.
- c) No improvement is allowed in Practical / Lab Courses or Project work or Industrial Training assessment. However, improvement in drawing Course(s) is allowed.
- d) If improvement is not achieved, the marks obtained in previous Examinations hold good.
- e) Improvement is not allowed in respect of the candidates who are punished under Malpractice in any Examination.
- f) Examination fee for improvement shall be paid as per the notification issued by State Board of Technical Education and Training from time to time.
- g) All the candidates who wish to appear for improvement of performance shall deposit the original Marks Memos of all the years / Semesters and also original Diploma Certificate to the Board. If there is improvement in performance of the current examination, the revised Memorandum of marks and Original Diploma Certificate will be issued, else the submitted originals will be returned.

#### 12. RULES OF PROMOTION FROM 1<sup>ST</sup> YEAR TO 3,<sup>rd</sup>, 4,<sup>th</sup> 5<sup>th</sup>, 6<sup>th</sup> and 7<sup>th</sup> SEMESTERS:

#### A) For Diploma Courses of 3 Years duration

- i. A candidate shall be permitted to appear for first year examination provided he / she puts in 75% attendance (which can be condoned on Medical grounds upto 10%) i.e. attendance after condonation on Medical grounds should not be less than 65% and pay the examination fee.
- ii. A candidate shall be promoted to 3<sup>rd</sup> semester if he/she puts the required percentage of attendance in the first year and pays the examination fee. A candidate who could not pay the first year examination fee has to pay the promotion fee as prescribed by State Board of Technical Education and Training, AP from time to time before commencement of 3<sup>rd</sup> semester.
- iii. A candidate shall be promoted to 4<sup>th</sup> semester provided he/she puts the required percentage of attendance in the 3<sup>rd</sup> semester and pay the examination fee. A candidate, who could not pay the 3<sup>rd</sup> semester exam fee, has to pay the promotion fee as prescribed by State Board of Technical Education and Training AP from time to time before commencement of 4<sup>th</sup> semester.

A candidate is eligible to appear for the 4<sup>th</sup> semester examination if he/she

- a) Puts the required percentage of attendance in the 4<sup>th</sup> semester
- b) Should not have failed in more than four Courses in 1st year

#### For IVC & ITI Lateral Entry Students:

- a) A candidate is eligible to appear for the 4<sup>th</sup> semester examination if he/she puts the required percentage of attendance in the 4<sup>th</sup> semester
- b) A candidate is eligible to appear for the 4<sup>th</sup> semester examination if he/she clears at least two Courses in third semester.
- iv) A candidate shall be promoted to 5<sup>th</sup> semester provided he / she puts the required percentage of attendance in the 4<sup>th</sup> semester and pays the examination fee. A candidate, who could not pay the 4<sup>th</sup> semester examination fee, has to pay the

promotion fee as prescribed by State Board of Technical Education and Training from time to time before commencement of 5<sup>th</sup> semester.

A candidate is eligible to appear for the 5<sup>th</sup> semester examination if he/she

- a) Puts the required percentage of attendance in the 5<sup>th</sup> semester
- b) Should get eligibility to appear for 4<sup>th</sup> Semester examination.

The first backlog exam in 5<sup>th</sup> semester will be conducted only in instant/supplementary diploma examination.

#### For IVC& ITI Lateral Entry students:

- v) A candidate shall be sent to Industrial training provided he/she puts in the required percentage of attendance in the 4<sup>th</sup> semester and pay the examination fee/ promotion fee as prescribed by SBTET.
- a) Puts the required percentage of attendance in the 5<sup>th</sup> semester A candidate is eligible to appear for Industrial Training assessment (Seminar/Viva voce)
  - a) Puts the required percentage of attendance, ie., 90% in 6th semester Industrial Training

#### For IVC & ITI Lateral Entry students:

- a) Puts the required percentage of attendance, ie., 90% in  $6^{\text{th}}$  semester Industrial Training.
- b) Should get eligibility to appear for 5<sup>th</sup> Semester Examination.

#### B) For Diploma Courses of 3 ½ Years duration (MET/ CH/ CHPP/ CHPC/ CHOT/ TT ):

- i. A candidate shall be permitted to appear for 1<sup>st</sup> year examination provided he / she puts in 75% attendance (which can be condoned on Medical grounds upto 10%) i.e. attendance after condonation on Medical grounds should not be less than 65% and pay the examination fee.
- ii. A candidate shall be promoted to 3<sup>rd</sup> semester if he/she puts the required percentage of attendance in the 1<sup>st</sup> year and pays the examination fee. A candidate who could not pay the 1<sup>st</sup> year examination fee has to pay the promotion fee as prescribed by State Board of Technical Education and Training from time to time before commencement of 3<sup>rd</sup> semester.
- iii. A candidate shall be promoted to 4<sup>th</sup> semester provided he/she puts the required percentage of attendance in the 3<sup>rd</sup> semester and pay the examination fee. A candidate, who could not pay the 3<sup>rd</sup> semester exam fee, has to pay the promotion fee as prescribed by State Board of Technical Education and Training from time to time before commencement of 4<sup>th</sup> semester.

A candidate is eligible to appear for the 4<sup>th</sup> semester exam if he/she

- a) Puts the required percentage of attendance in the 4<sup>th</sup> semester
- b) Should not have failed in more than four backlog Courses of 1<sup>st</sup> year.

#### For IVC & ITI Lateral Entry students:

- a) Puts the required percentage of attendance in the 4<sup>th</sup> semester
- iv. A candidate shall be promoted to 5th semester industrial training provided he / she puts the required percentage of attendance in the 4th semester and pays the examination fee. A candidate, who could not pay the 4th semester examination fee, has to pay the promotion fee as prescribed by State Board of Technical Education and Training from time to time before commencement of 5th semester.

- v. Promotion from 5th to 6th semester is automatic (i.e., from 1st spell of Industrial Training to 2nd spell) provided he/she puts the required percentage of attendance, which in this case ie.,90 % of attendance and attends for the VIVA-VOCE examination at the end of training.
- vi. A candidate shall be promoted to 7th semester provided he / she puts the required percentage of attendance in the 6th semester and pays the examination fee. A candidate, who could not pay the 6th semester examination fee, has to pay the promotion fee as prescribed by State Board of Technical Education and Training from time to time before commencement of 7th semester.
- vii. A candidate shall be promoted to 7th semester of the course provided he/she has successfully completed both the spells of Industrial Training.

A candidate is eligible to appear for 7th semester examination if he/she

- a) Puts in the required percentage of attendance in the 7th semester
- b) Should get eligibility to appear for 4<sup>th</sup> semester Examination.

#### For IVC & ITI Lateral Entry students:

- a) Puts in the required percentage of attendance in the 7th semester
- b) Should not have failed more than four backlog Courses of 3<sup>rd</sup> Semester

#### C) For Diploma Courses of 3 ½ Years duration (BM):

The same rules which are applicable for conventional courses also apply for this course. The industrial training in respect of this course is restricted to one semester (6 months) after the  $6^{th}$  semester (3 years) of the course.

- i. A candidate shall be permitted to appear for first year examination provided he / she puts in 75% attendance (which can be condoned on Medical grounds upto 10%) i.e. attendance after condonation on Medical grounds should not be less than 65% and pay the examination fee.
- ii. A candidate shall be promoted to 3<sup>rd</sup> semester if he/she puts the required percentage of attendance in the first year and pays the examination fee. A candidate who could not pay the first year examination fee has to pay the promotion fee as prescribed by State Board of Technical Education and Training from time to time before commencement of 3<sup>rd</sup> semester.
- iii. A candidate shall be promoted to 4<sup>th</sup> semester provided he/she puts the required percentage of attendance in the 3<sup>rd</sup> semester and pay the examination fee. A candidate who could not pay the 3<sup>rd</sup> semester examination fee, has to pay the promotion fee as prescribed by State Board of Technical Education and Training from time to time before commencement of 4<sup>th</sup> semester.

A candidate is eligible to appear for the 4<sup>th</sup> semester examination if he/she

- a) Puts in the required percentage of attendance in the 4<sup>th</sup> semester
- b) Should not have failed in more than Four backlog Courses of 1<sup>st</sup> year

#### For IVC & ITI Lateral Entry Students:

A candidate is eligible to appear for the 4<sup>th</sup> semester examination if he/she puts the required percentage of attendance in the 4<sup>th</sup> semester

iv. A candidate shall be promoted to 5<sup>th</sup> semester provided he / she puts the required percentage of attendance in the 4<sup>th</sup> semester and pays the examination fee. A candidate, who could not pay the 4<sup>th</sup> semester examination fee, has to pay the promotion fee as prescribed by State Board of Technical Education and Training from time to time before commencement of 5<sup>th</sup> semester.

A candidate is eligible to appear for the 5<sup>th</sup> semester exam if he/she

- a) Puts in the required percentage of attendance in the 5<sup>th</sup> semester.
- b) Should get eligibility to appear for 4<sup>th</sup> Semester examination.

#### For IVC & ITI Lateral Entry students:

- a) Puts in the required percentage of attendance in the 5<sup>th</sup> semester.
- Should not have failed in more than Four backlog Courses of 3<sup>rd</sup> Semester.
- v. A candidate shall be promoted to 6<sup>th</sup> semester provided he/she puts in the required percentage of attendance in the 5<sup>th</sup> semester and pays the examination fee.

A candidate who could not pay the 5<sup>th</sup> semester examination fee, has to pay the promotion fee as prescribed by State Board of Technical Education and Training from time to time before commencement of 6<sup>th</sup> semester.

A candidate is eligible to appear for 6<sup>th</sup> semester examination

- a) Puts in the required percentage of attendance in 6<sup>th</sup> semester and
- b) should get eligibility to appear for 4<sup>th</sup> Semester Examination.

#### For IVC & ITI Lateral Entry students:

- a) Puts in the required percentage of attendance in 6<sup>th</sup> semester.
- b) Should get eligibility to appear for 5<sup>th</sup> Semester Examination.
- vi. A candidate shall be promoted to 7th semester provided he/she puts in the required percentage of attendance in 6th semester and pay the examination fee. A candidate, who could not pay the 6th semester examination fee, has to pay the promotion fee prescribed by SBTET from time to time before commencement of the 7th semester (Industrial Training).

A candidate is eligible to appear for 7th semester Industrial Training assessment (Seminar/Viva-voce) if he/she

- a) Puts in the required percentage of attendance, ie., 90% in 7th semester Industrial Training
- b) Should get eligibility to appear for 4th Semester Examination.

#### For IVC & ITI Lateral Entry students:

- a) Puts in the required percentage of attendance, ie., 90% in 7<sup>th</sup> semester Industrial Training.
- b) Should get eligibility to appear for 5<sup>th</sup> Semester Examination.

#### **Important Note:**

Seminar/Viva-voce should not be conducted for Not-Eligible Candidates, till the candidate gets eligibility. However, the record of internal Assessment for Industrial Training for 260 marks shall be maintained at Institution Level for all candidates and the data is to be uploaded only for eligible candidates. For not eligible candidates the data is to be uploaded as and when the candidate gets eligibility.

#### **OTHER DETAILS**

- a) In case a candidate does not successfully complete the Industrial training, he / she will have to repeat the training at his / her own cost.
- b) The First spell of Industrial training shall commence 10 days after the completion of the last theory examination of 4th Semester.
- c) The Second spell of Industrial training shall commence within 10 days after the completion of first spell of Industrial training.

#### 13. STUDENTS PERFORMANCE EVALUATION

Successful candidates shall be awarded the Diploma under the following divisions of pass.

- a) First Class with Distinction shall be awarded to the candidates who secure an overall aggregate of 75% marks and above.
- b) First Class shall be awarded to candidates who secure overall aggregate of 60% marks and above and below 75% marks.
- c) Second Class shall be awarded to candidates who secure a pass with an overall aggregate of below 60%.
  - i. The Weightage of marks for various year/Semesters which are taken for computing overall aggregate shall be 25% of I year marks + 100% of 3<sup>rd</sup> and subsequent Semesters.
  - ii. In respect IVC & ITI Lateral Entry candidates who are admitted directly into diploma course at the 3<sup>rd</sup> semester (i.e., second year) level the aggregate of (100%) marks secured at the 3<sup>rd</sup> and subsequent semesters of study shall be taken into consideration for determining the overall percentage of marks secured by the candidates for award of class/division.
- d) Second Class shall be awarded to all students, who fail to complete the Diploma in the regular 3 years/ 3 ½ years and four subsequent examinations, from the year of first admission.

#### 14. EXAMINATION FEE SCHEDULE:

The examination fee should be as per the notification issued by State Board of Technical Education and Training, AP from time to time.

#### 15. STRUCTURE OF EXAMINATION QUESTION PAPER:

I. Formative assessment (Internal examination)

#### a) For theory Courses:

Three unit tests for first year and two unit tests for semesters shall be conducted with a duration of 90 minutes for each test for maximum marks of 40. It consists of part A and Part B.

**Part A** contains five questions and carries 16 marks. Among these five questions first question consists of four objective items like one word or phrase answer/filling-in the blanks/true or false etc with one mark for each question. The other four questions are short answer questions and carry three marks each.

**Part B** carries 24 marks and consists of three questions with internal choice ie., Either/Or type, and each question carries 8 marks.

The sum of marks of 3 tests for I year and 2 tests for semesters shall be reduced to 20 marks in each Course for arriving at final sessional marks.

#### b) For drawing Courses:

#### For I year:

Three unit tests with duration of 90 minutes and for maximum marks of 40 marks shall be conducted for first year. It consists of part A and Part B.

Part A consists four questions for maximum marks of 16 and each question carries four marks (4×4 marks=16 marks).

Part B carries maximum marks of 24 and consists of five questions while the student shall answer any three questions out of these five questions. Each question in this part carries a maximum marks of 8, (3×8 marks=24 marks).

The sum of marks obtained in 3 unit test marks shall be reduced to 20 marks for arriving at final sessional marks. Remaining 20 marks are awarded by the Course teacher based on the student's performance during regular class exercise.

**For semester:** Two unit tests with duration of 90 minutes and for maximum marks of 40 marks shall be conducted. The sum of marks obtained in 2 unit test marks shall be reduced to 20 marks for arriving at final sessional marks. Remaining 20 marks are awarded by the Course teacher based on the student's performance during regular class exercise

c) For Laboratory /workshop: 50% of total marks for the Course shall be awarded based on continuous assessment of the student in laboratory/workshop classes and the remaining 50% shall be based on the sum of the marks obtained by the students in two tests.

#### II. Summative assessment (End examination)

The question paper for theory examination is patterned in such a manner that the Weightage of periods/marks allotted for each of the topics for a particular Course be considered. End Examination paper is of 3 hours duration.

a) Each theory paper consists of Section 'A', 'B' and 'C'.

**Section 'A' with Max marks of 30,** contains 10 short answer questions. All questions are to be answered and each carries 3 marks, i.e.,  $10 \times 3 = 30$ .

**Section 'B' with Max marks of 40** contains 5 essay type questions including Numerical questions (without any divisions in the question), with internal choice(Either/or type), each carrying 8 marks, i.e., Max. Marks:  $5 \times 8 = 40$ .

**Section 'C' with Max marks of 10** contains single essay type, Higher order Thinking skills question (HoTs)including Numerical questions, without choice (without any divisions in the question),

Thus the total marks for theory examination shall be: 80.

b) For Engineering Drawing Course (107) consist of section 'A' and section 'B'.

**Section 'A' with max marks of 20**, contains four (4) questions. All questions in section 'A' are to be answered to the scale and each carries 5 marks, ie.  $4 \times 5=20$ .

Section 'B' with max marks of 40, contains six (6) questions. The student shall answer any four (4) questions out of the above six questions and each question carries 10 Marks, ie.  $4 \times 10 = 40$ .

#### c) Practical Examinations

For Workshop practice and Laboratory Examinations, Each student has to pick up a question paper distributed by Lottery System.

Max. Marks for an experiment / exercise : 50
Max. Marks for VIVA-VOCE : 10
Total Max. Marks : 60

In case of practical examinations with 50 marks, the marks shall be distributed as

Max. Marks for an experiment / exercise : 25
Max. Marks for VIVA-VOCE : 05
Total Max. Marks : 30

In case of any change in the pattern of question paper, the same shall be informed sufficiently in advance to the candidates.

#### d) Note: Evaluation for Laboratory Courses, other than Drawing courses:

- I. Instruction (teaching) in laboratory courses (except for the course on Drawing) hereafter shall be task/competency based as delineated in the Laboratory sheets, prepared by SBTET, AP and posted in its website.
- II. Internal assessment for Laboratory shall be done on basis of task/s performed by the student as delineated in the laboratory sheets, prepared by SBTET, AP and posted in its website.
- III. Question paper for End semester Evaluation shall be prepared as per SBTET rules in vogue.

#### 16. ISSUE OF MEMORONDUM OF MARKS

All candidates who appear for the end examination will be issued memorandum of marks without any payment of fee. However candidates who lose the original memorandum of marks have to pay the prescribed fee to the Secretary, State Board of Technical Education and Training, A.P. for each duplicate memo from time to time.

#### 17. MAXIMUM PERIOD FOR COMPLETION OF DIPLOMA Programmes:

Maximum period for completion of the diploma courses is twice the duration of the course from the date of First admission (includes the period of detention and discontinuation of studies by student etc) failing which they will have to forfeit the claim for qualifying for the award of Diploma (They will not be permitted to appear for examinations after that date). This rule applies for all Diploma courses of 3 years and 3 ½ years of engineering and non-engineering courses.

#### 18. ELIGIBILITY FOR AWARD OF DIPLOMA

A candidate is eligible for award of Diploma Certificate if he / she fulfil the following academic regulations.

- i. He / She pursued a course of study for not less than 3 / 3 % academic years & not more than 6 / 7 academic years.
- ii. He / she have completed all the Courses.
   Students who fail to fulfil all the academic requirements for the award of the Diploma within 6 / 7 academic years from the year of admission shall forfeit their seat in the course & their seat shall stand cancelled.

#### For IVC & ITI Lateral Entry students:

- i. He / She pursued a course of study for not less than 2/2% academic years & not more than 4/5 academic years.
- ii. He / she has completed all the Courses.
   Students who fail to fulfill all the academic requirements for the award of the Diploma within 4 / 5 academic years from the year of admission shall forfeit their seat in the course & their seat shall stand cancelled.

#### 19. ISSUE OF PHOTO COPY OF VALUED ANSWER SCRIPT, RECOUNTING& REVERIFICATION:

#### A) FOR ISSUE OF PHOTO COPIES OF VALUED ANSWER SCRIPTS

- I. A candidate desirous of applying for Photo copy of valued answer script/s should apply within prescribed date from the date of the declaration of the result.
- II. Photo copies of valued answer scripts will be issued to all theory Courses and Drawing Course(s).
- III. The Photo copy of valued answer script will be dispatched to the concerned candidate's address as mentioned in the application form by post.
- IV. No application can be entertained from third parties.

#### B) FOR RE-COUNTING(RC) and RE-VERIFICATION(RV) OF THE VALUED ANSWER SCRIPT

- A candidate desirous of applying for Re-verification of valued answer script should apply within prescribed date from the date of the declaration of the result.
- ii. Re-verification of valued answer script shall be done for all theory Courses' and Drawing Course(s).
- iii. The Re-verification committee constituted by the Secretary, SBTETAP with Course experts shall re-verify the answer scripts.

#### I. <u>RE-COUNTING</u>

The Officer of SBTET will verify the marks posted and recount them in the already valued answer script. The variations if any will be recorded separately, without making any changes on the already valued answer script. The marks awarded in the original answer script are maintained (hidden).

#### II. RE-VERIFICATION

- (i) The Committee has to verify the intactness and genuineness of the answer script(s) placed for Re-verification.
- (ii) Initially single member shall carry out the re-verification.
- (iii) On re-verification by single member, if the variation is less than 12% of maximum marks, and if there is no change in the STATUS in the result of the candidate, such cases will not be referred to the next level ie., for 2-Tier evaluation.
- (iv) On re-verification by a single member, if the variation is more than 12% of maximum marks, it will be referred to 2-Tier evaluation.
- (v) If the 2-Tier evaluation confirms variation in marks as more than 12% of maximum marks, the variation is considered as follows:
  - a) If the candidate has already passed and obtains more than 12% of the maximum marks on Re-verification, then the variation is considered.
  - b) If the candidate is failed and obtains more than 12% of the maximum marks on Re-verification and secured pass marks on re-verification, then the status of the candidate changes to PASS.
  - c) If a candidate is failed and obtains more than 12% of the maximum marks on Re-verification and if the marks secured on re-verification are still less than the minimum pass marks, the status of the candidate remain FAIL only.
- (vii) After Re-verification of valued answer script the same or change if any therein on Re-verification, will be communicated to the candidate.
- (viii) On Re-verification of Valued Answer Script if the candidate's marks are revised, the fee paid by the candidate will be refunded or else the candidate has to forfeit the fee amount.

**Note:** No request for Photo copies/ Recounting /Re-verification of valued answer script would be entertained from a candidate who is reported to have resorted to Malpractice in that examination.

#### 20. MAL PRACTICE CASES:

If any candidate resorts to Mal Practice during examinations, he / she shall be booked and the Punishment shall be awarded as per SBTETAP rules and regulations in vogue.

#### 21. DISCREPANCIES/ PLEAS:

Any Discrepancy /Pleas regarding results etc., shall be represented to the SBTETAP within one month from the date of issue of results. Thereafter, no such cases shall be entertained in any manner.

#### 22. ISSUE OF DUPLICATE DIPLOMA

If a candidate loses his/her original Diploma Certificate and desires a duplicate to be issued he/she should produce written evidence to this effect. He / she may obtain a duplicate from the Secretary, State Board of Technical Education and Training, A.P., on payment of prescribed fee and on production of an affidavit signed before a First Class Magistrate (Judicial) and non-trace ablecertificate from the Department of Police. In case of damage of original Diploma Certificate, he / she may obtain a duplicate certificate by surrendering the original damaged certificate on payment of prescribed fee to the State Board of Technical Education and Training, A.P.

In case the candidate cannot collect the original Diploma within 1 year from the date of issue of the certificate, the candidate has to pay the penalty prescribed by the SBTET AP from time to time.

#### 23. ISSUE OF MIGRATION CERTIFICATE AND TRANSCRIPTS:

The Board on payment of prescribed fee will issue these certificates for the candidates who intend to prosecute Higher Studies in India or Abroad.

### 24. SPECIFIC CHANGES INCORPORATED IN PRESENT CURRICULUM C-20 <u>DIPLOMA IN CHEMICAL ENGINEERING</u>

All the subjects in earlier curricula are reviewed and the following specific changes are incorporated.

- i) It is proposed to have 5 theory and 4 practical subjects in III, 6 theory and 5 practical subjects in IV semesters, and 5 theory subjects and 5 practical subjects in VII semester.
- ii) The sequence of the core subjects is slightly modified for aiding sequential learning and enhancing application adoptability.
- iii) New titles are assigned to some subjects. The Chemical Engineering Drawing Lab using CAD in third semester in C-16 is renamed as CAD Practice in Chemical Engg. to provide full knowledge to the student on CAD application in chemical Engg.
- iv) In Curriculum C-16, CH 307 is E.Tech Lab/organic and oil chemistry Lab. With an intention to give more emphasis to practical skills, In C-20, separate slots have been allocated to these labs as CH-307 E. Tech Lab and CH-308 OPC Lab.
- v) The subject Chemical plant equipment drawing, CH-706,is continued in C-20 to enable the student to learn about various equipment and their internal parts for better understanding of working of unit operations used in chemical Engg.
- vi) Life Skills Practicals CH-708 is introduced in VII Semester in C-20 instead of IV Semester in C-16. This is done for the better understanding.
- Vii) For Engineering Drawing subjects out of 40 sessional marks, 20 marks is awarded by conducting 3 unit tests for first year drawing and 2 unit tests for semester

- drawings. Another 20 marks shall be awarded by evaluating drawing sheets from time to time during the academic year/semester
- VIII) Engineering Mathematics-III is introduced in IV Semester for acquiring more knowledge and better understanding.

#### **25. GENERAL**

- i. The Board may change or amend the academic rules and regulations or syllabi at any time and the changes or amendments made shall be applicable to all the students, for whom it is intended, with effect from the dates notified by the competent authority.
- ii. All legal matters pertaining to the State Board of Technical Education and Training, AP are within the jurisdiction of Vijayawada.
- iii. In case of any ambiguity in the interpretation of the above rules, the decision of the Secretary, SBTET, A.P is final.

#### **VISION**

To develop a complete chemical process technician trained to be competent, ethical and professional leader who keeps pace with advanced process technologies with quality control applied in chemical and allied industries.

MISSION						
M1	To impart high quality –job ready diploma program in chemical engineering					
M2	To prepare students for professional career or higher studies					
M3	To promote excellence in teaching and industry collaborative activities for fruitful contribution					
	to society					

#### PROGRAMME OUTCOMES(POs)

- 1. **Basic and discipline specific knowledge**: Apply knowledge of basic mathematics, science and engineering fundamentals and engineering specialization to solve the engineering problems.
- 2. **Problem analysis**: Identify and analyze well-defined engineering problems using codified standard methods.
- 3. **Design / Development of solutions**: Design solutions for well-defined technical problems and assist with the design of systems components or processes to meet specified needs.
- 4. **Engineering tools, Experimentation and Testing**: Apply modern engineering tools and appropriate technique to conduct standard tests and measurements.
- 5. **Engineering practices for society, sustainability and environment**: Apply appropriate technology in context of society, sustainability, environment and ethical practices.
- 6. **Project Management**: Use engineering management principles individually, as a team member or a leader to manage projects and effectively communicate about well defined engineering activities.
- 7. **Life-long learning**: Ability to analyze individual needs and engaging updating in the context of technological changes.

#### PROGRAMME SPECIFIC OUTCOMES(PSOs)

- 1. An ability to understand the concepts of Chemical Engineering and apply them to various Chemical Engineering industries.
- 2. An ability to solve complex Chemical engineering problems, using latest analytical skills to arrive appropriate solutions.
- 3. Wisdom of social and environmental awareness along with ethical responsibility to have a successful career in the field of Chemical engineering and sustain passion and zeal for real-world applications in the field of chemical engineering using optimal resources as an entrepreneur.

## **FIRST YEAR**

## DIPLOMA IN CHEMICAL ENGINEERING (DCHE) SCHEME OF INSTRUCTIONS AND EXAMINATIONS C-20/FIRST YEAR

Cubinat			uction s / week	Total	So	Scheme of Examin					
Subject Code	ode Name of the Subject Practical Period		Period / year	Duration (hours)	Sessional Marks	End Exam Marks	Total Marks				
	THEORY										
CH-101	English	03	-	90	3	20	80	100			
CH-102	Engineering Mathematics - I	05	-	150	3	20	80	100			
CH-103	Engineering Physics	04	-	120	3	20	80	100			
CH-104	Inorganic Chemistry	04	-	120	3	20	80	100			
CH-105	General Mechanical Engineering	05	-	150	3	20	80	100			
CH-106	Materials Technology	03	-	90	3	20	80	100			
			PRACTICA	\L							
CH-107	Engineering Drawing		06	180	3	40	60	100			
CH-108	Work Shop practice		06 (4+2)	180	3	40	60	100			
CH-109	109-A Physics Laboratory	-	3	45	3	20	30	100			
	109-B Inorganic Chemistry Laboratory	-	3	45	(1.5+1.5)	20	30	(50+50)			
CH-110	Computer Fundamentals Practice	-	03	90	3	40	60	100			
	TOTAL	24	18	1260				1000			

CH-101, 102, 103, 107: Common to all CH-104, 105: Common with DPCT

CH-106: Common with DCHE (PC/PP/OT), DPCT

Note: 30 students will go to Physics lab and the remaining 30 will go to Chemistry lab

#### **ENGLISH**

Course Code	Course Title	No. of Periods/Week	Total No. of Periods	Marks for FA	Marks for SA
CH-101	English	3	90	20	80

S. No.	Unit Title	No of Periods	COs Mapped
1	English for Employability	8	CO1, CO2, CO3, CO4
2	Living in Harmony	8	CO1, CO2, CO3, CO4
3	Connect with Care	8	CO1, CO2, CO3, CO4
4	Humour for Happiness	8	CO1, CO2, CO3, CO4
5	Never Ever Give Up!	8	CO1, CO2, CO3, CO4
6	Preserve or Perish	9	CO1, CO2, CO3, CO4
7	The Rainbow of Diversity	8	CO1, CO2, CO3, CO4
8	New Challenges- Newer Ideas	8	CO1, CO2, CO3, CO4
9	The End Point First!	8	CO1, CO2, CO3, CO4
10	The Equal Halves	8	CO1, CO2, CO3, CO4
11	Dealing with Disaster	9	CO1, CO2, CO3, CO4
	Total Periods	90	

Course Objectives	To improve the skills of English Language use by enriching vocabulary and learning accurate structures for effective communication.					
	To comprehend themes for value based living in professional and personal settings.					

CO No.	Course Outcomes
CO1	Applies perceptions of themes related to societal responsibility of adolescents towards their surroundings.
CO2	Demonstrates knowledge of form and function of 'grammar items' and use them in both academic and everyday situations.
CO3	Demonstrates effective English communication skills with competence in listening, speaking, reading and writing in academic, professional and everyday contexts.
CO4	Displays positivity and values of harmonious living in personal and professional spheres as reflected through communication.

#### **CO-PO Matrix**

Course Code CH-101		Course Titl Number of Cour	No. of Periods: 90		
POs	Mapped	CO Periods Ac	dressing PO in	Level of	Remarks
	with CO	Colu	mn 1	Mapping	
	No.	Number	Percentage	(1,2,3)	
PO1		Not directly Ap	plicable for Englis	h course, ho	wever activities that
PO2		use content fro	m science and te	chnology rele	evant to the Programme
PO3		taken up by the	student shall be	exploited for	r communication in the
PO4		Course.			
PO5	CO1, CO2, CO3, CO4	20	22		>50%: Level 3
	,				21-50%: Level 2
PO6	CO1, CO2, CO3, CO4	52	58		Up to 20%: Level 1
PO7	CO1, CO2, CO3, CO4	18	20		

Level 3 – Strongly Mapped Level 2- Moderately Mapped Level 1- Slightly Mapped

	PO 1	PO 2	PO 3	PO 4	PO 5	PO 6	PO 7
CO1					✓	✓	✓
CO2					✓	✓	✓
CO3					✓	✓	✓
CO4					✓	✓	✓

**NOTE:**CO-PO groups shall be fulfilled through activities that use content from science and technology relevant to the Programme taken up by the student shall be exploited for communication in the Course.

**PO5:** Appropriate quiz programme may be conducted at intervals and duration as decided by concerned teacher.

**PO6:** Seminars on applications of mathematics in various engineering disciplines are to be planned and conducted.

**PO7:** Such activities are to be planned that students visit library to refer standard books on Mathematics and latest updates in reputed national and international journals, attending seminars, learning mathematical software tools.

#### **BLUE PRINT OF QUESTION PAPER**

S. No.	Name of the Unit	Periods Allocated	Weighta ge		ge		Distr	rks Wis ibution eightage	of		Distr	stion vibution	on of	CO's Mapped
NO.		Allocated	d	R	U	Ар	An	R	U	Ар	An			
1	English for Employability	8		3				1				CO1, CO2, CO3, CO4		
2	Living in Harmony	8	17	3				1	1 *	1*		CO1, CO2, CO3, CO4		
3	Connect with Care	8	17		8*	3						CO1, CO2, CO3, CO4		
4	Humour for Happiness	8			3				1	1*		CO1, CO2, CO3, CO4		
5	Never Ever Give Up!	8	14		3	8*			1			CO1, CO2, CO3, CO4		
6	Preserve or Perish	9	4.4		8*	3			1	1		CO1, CO2, CO3, CO4		
7	The Rainbow of Diversity	8	14		8"	3			*	1		CO1, CO2, CO3, CO4		
8	New Challenges - Newer Ideas	8				8*+						CO1, CO2, CO3, CO4		
9	The End Point First!	8			8*	3+3+			1	4	1*	CO1, CO2, CO3, CO4		
10	The Equal Halves	8	35			3	10*					CO1, CO2, CO3, CO4		
11	Dealing with Disasters	9										CO1, CO2, CO3, CO4		
	TOTAL	90	80	6	30	34	10	2	5	8	1			

PART-A: 10 Questions 3 marks each =30 Marks

PART-B: 5 Questions 8 marks each =40 Marks

Part-C: 1Question 10 marks

(Higher Order Question)

All Questions are compulsory

: 60 minutes

Internal choice

: 90 minutes

No choice, one compulsory question : 30 minutes

=10 Marks

#### NOTE: \* indicates questions can be given from any of the corresponding lessons in the blue print.

#### **Question Paper Pattern for Unit Tests**

Part A: 16 marks: 4 questions with 1 mark each (FIB, True/false, one word/phrase, etc.)

4 questions with 3 marks each (short answer/ descriptive/ applicative questions)

Part B: 24 marks: 3 questions 8 marks each with internal choice

#### **Learning Outcomes**

#### 1. English for Employability

- 1.1. Explain the need for improving communication in English for employability
- 1.2. Use adjectives and articles effectively while speaking and in writing
- 1.3. Write simple sentences

#### 2. Living in Harmony

- 2.1. Develop positive self-esteem for harmonious relationships
- 2.2. Use affixation to form new words
- 2.3. Use prepositions and use a few phrasal verbs contextually

#### 3. Connect with Care

- 3.1. Use social media with discretion
- 3.2. Speak about abilities and possibilities
- 3.3. Make requests and express obligations
- 3.4. Use modal verbs and main verbs in appropriate form
- 3.5. Write short dialogues for everyday situations

#### 4. Humour for Happiness

- 4.1. Explain the importance of humour for a healthy living
- 4.2. Improve vocabulary related to the theme
- 4.3. Display reading and speaking skills
- 4.4. Frame sentences with proper Subject Verb agreement
- 4.5. Explain the features of a good paragraph and learn how to gather ideas as a preliminary step for writing a good paragraph.

#### 5. Never Ever Give Up!

- 5.1. Practice to deal with failures in life
- 5.2. Use the present tense form for various every day communicative functions such as speaking and writing about routines, professions, scientific descriptions and sports commentary
- 5.3. Write paragraphs with coherence and other necessary skills

#### 6. Preserve or Perish

- 6.1. Describe the ecological challenges that we face today and act to save the environment.
- 6.2. Narrate / Report past events
- 6.3. Develop vocabulary related to environment
- 6.4. Write e-mails

#### 7. The Rainbow of Diversity

- 7.1. Illustrate and value other cultures for a happy living in multi-cultural workspace
- 7.2. usedifferent types of sentences
- 7.3. Ask for or give directions, information, instructions
- 7.4. Use language to express emotions in various situations
- 7.5. Write letters in various real life situations

#### 8. New Challenges - Newer Ideas

- 8.1. Explain the functional difference between Active Voice and Passive Voice
- 8.2. Use Passive Voice to speak and write in various contexts
- 8.3. List the major parts and salient features of an essay
- 8.4. Explain latest innovations and get motivated

#### 9. The End Point First!

9.1. Illustrate the importance of setting a goal in life

- 9.2. Report about what others have said both in speaking and writing
- 9.3. Write an essay following the structure in a cohesive and comprehensive manner
- 9.4. Apply the words related to Goal Setting in conversations and in life

#### 10. The Equal Halves

- 10.1. Value the other genders and develop a gender-balanced view towards life
- 10.2. Identify the use of different conjunctions in synthesising sentences
- 10.3. Write various types of sentences to compare and contrast the ideas
- 10.4. Apply the knowledge of sentence synthesis in revising and rewriting short essays
- 10.5. Develop discourses in speech and writing

#### 11. Dealing with Disasters

- 11.1. Speak and write about different kinds of disasters and the concept of disaster management
- 11.2. Generate vocabulary relevant to disaster management and use it in sentences
- 11.3. Analyze an error in a sentence and correct it
- 11.4. Write different kinds of reports

Textbook: INTERACT (A Textbook for I Year English) - Published by SBTET, AP

#### **Reference Books:**

Martin Hewings : Advanced Grammar in Use, Cambridge University Press

Murphy, Raymond : English Grammar in Use, Cambridge University Press

Sidney Greenbaum : Oxford English Grammar, Oxford University Press

Wren and Martin (Revised

ByN.D.V. Prasad Rao) : English Grammar and Composition, Blackie ELT Books, S.

Chand and Co.

Sarah Freeman : Strengthen Your Writing, Macmillan

## STATE BOARD OF TECHNICAL EDUCATION- A.P MODEL QUESTION PAPER C20-CH-101- ENGLISH

Time: 3hrs Max.Marks:80

PART	·-A	10X3=30 Marks
Instructions: Answer all the questions. Each que	estion carries Three mai	rks.
<ol> <li>a) Fill in the blanks with suitable articles:         I have seen European at b) Fill in with proper form of adjective given China is the country in the c)         i) Choose the synonym from the following dirty / clean / hygienic / tidy         ii) Choose the antonym from the following external / internal / open / interior</li> </ol>	in the bracket: world. (populous, more ng for the word: 'filthy' ng for the word: 'exterio	e populous, most populous )
*( Question1 : Remembering- Mapping with CO 2. a) i) Give prefix for the word: 'popular' ii) Write suffix for the word : 'king' b) He was married her January 2 c) Match the words in column A with their corre	2015. ( Fill in with approp sponding meanings in co	
<b>Column-A</b> i) Dynamic	<b>Column-B</b> a) tasty	
ii) Gloomy	b) active c) sad e) proud	
*(Question 2 : Remembering- Mapping with CO	)2 & CO3 )	
<ul> <li>a) The old man hunted for his spectacles.</li> <li>b) The committee / have submitted / it contains an error )</li> <li>c) recently has a scooter purchased S meaningful sentence.)</li> </ul>	s report / to the Presidents of the Shanthi. (Rearrange the	dent. (identify the part which
*(Question 3 : Understanding- Mapping with Co	D2 & CO3)	
<ul> <li>4. a)Use the following primary auxiliary verb in s</li></ul>	verb based on the clue i	
*(Question 4 : Applying - Mapping with CO2 & 0	CO3 )	
5. Fill in the blanks with suitable form of the verb  a) He (go) for a walk daily. b) The bus ( arrive) just now. c) We (live) in Chennai since 20  *( Question 5 : Applicative- Mapping with CO2 8	005.	

- 6. Change the voice of the following sentences:
  - a) English is spoken all over the world.
  - b) They watched a movie yesterday.
  - c) The Chief Minister will inaugurate the exhibition.

#### \*( Question 6 : Applicative- Mapping with CO2 & CO3 )

- 7. a) It is a beautiful rainbow. (Change into an exclamatory sentence)
- b) C.V. Raman won the Nobel Prize in 1930. (Frame a question using 'When')
- c) He can swim across the river. ( change into 'Yes / No' question )

#### \*( Question 7 : Applicative- Mapping with CO2 & CO3 )

- 8. Change the speech of the following:
- a) He said, "I will go to Delhi tomorrow."
  - b) Ravi said to Ashok, "Where are you going?"
- c) She told him to mind his own business.

#### \*( Question 8 : Applicative- Mapping with CO2 & CO3 )

- 9. Rewrite as directed:
  - a) In spite of being busy he attended the meeting. (Rewrite the sentence using 'though')
  - b) She is poor. She is honest. (combine the two sentences using 'but')
  - c) On seeing the tiger, he climbed a tree. (split into two simple sentences)

#### \*( Question 9 : Applicative- Mapping with CO2 & CO3 )

- 10. Rewrite the following sentences after making necessary corrections:
  - a) We have gone to picnic yesterday.
  - b) Suresh watched T.V when I went to his house.
  - c) They left Gujarat before the earthquake occurred.

#### \*( Question 10 : Applicative- Mapping with CO2 & CO3 )

PART-B

5X8=40Marks

#### Instructions: Answer the following questions. Each question carries EIGHT marks.

11. Write a paragraph in about 100 words on what you do daily.

OR

Write a paragraph in about 100 words on the uses and misuses of social media.

#### \*( Question 11 : Understanding - Mapping with CO1, CO3 & CO4)

12. Construct a dialogue of at least five turns between an American and you about places worth visiting in your city.

OR

Compose a dialogue of at least five turns between two friends, one favouring homemade food and the other, fast food.

#### \*( Question 12 : Applying - Mapping with CO1, CO3 & CO4)

13. Write a letter to your parents about your preparation for year-end examinations.

 $\cap$ R

Write a letter to the editor of a newspaper about the inconvenience caused due to loud speakers in your area.

#### \*( Question 13: Understanding - Mapping with CO1, CO3 & CO4)

14. Write an essay in about 120 words on measures to prevent water pollution.

OR

Write an essay in about 120 words on importance of gender equality.

#### \*( Question 14 : Applying - Mapping with CO1, CO3 & CO4 )

15. Read the following passage and answer the questions that follow:

A farmer in ancient China had a neighbour who was a hunter, and who owned ferocious and poorly trained hunting dogs. They jumped over the fence frequently and chased the farmer's lambs. The farmer asked his neighbour to keep his dogs in check, but this fell on deaf ears. One day the dogs again jumped the fence, attacked and severely injured several of the lambs.

The farmer had had enough, and went to town to consult a judge who listened carefully to the story and said: "I could punish the hunter and instruct him to keep his dogs chained or lock them up. But you would lose a friend and gain an enemy. Which would you rather have, friend or foe for a neighbour?" The farmer replied that he preferred a friend. "Alright, I will offer you a solution that keeps your lambs safe, and which will keep your a neighbour a friend." Having heard the judge's solution, the farmer agreed.

Once at home, the farmer immediately put the judge's suggestions to the test. He took three of his best lambs and presented them to his neighbour's three small sons, who were beside themselves with joy and began to play with them. To protect his son's newly acquired playthings, the hunter built a strong kennel for his dogs. Since then, the dogs never again bothered the farmer's lambs. Out of gratitude for the farmer's generosity toward his sons, the hunter often shared the game he had hunted with the farmer. The farmer reciprocated by sending the hunter the cheese he had made. Within a short time the neighbours became good friends.

- a) What kind of dogs does the neighbour have?
- b) When did the farmer consult the judge?
- c) What would be the consequence if the judge punished the neighbour?
- d) What was the solution suggested by the judge?
- e) What did the neighbour's sons do with the gifts they received?
- f) How did the dogs stop bothering the farmer's lambs?
- g) What items are exchanged happily between the two neighbours?
- h) Pick the word from the passage that would mean: 'a closed shelter for dogs'.

#### OR

Read the following short poem and answer the questions that follow:

Crisp in the winter's morning, Softly all through the night, What is this without warning, Falling and white?

I have never seen snow, But I can imagine it quite – Not how it tastes, but I know, It falls and is white.

One morning I'll open the door, To bring in the morning's milk, And all around there'll be snow – Fallen and still.

How I'll roll in the stuff! How I'll tumble and spin! Until the neighbours cry, Enough!And send me back in.

- 1. What is the poem about?
- 2. How does snow fall?
- 3. Did you ever touch snow? How did you feel?
- 4. a) Pick the word from the poem that means 'slip and fall'
- b) Write the antonym for the word 'soft'
- \*( Question 15 : Understanding Mapping with CO1, CO3 & CO4)

#### SECTION - C

1X10=10 Marks

- 16. Write a report on the blood donation camp organized by International Red Cross Society in your college. Use the following clues: date, time, place, arrangements, donors, equipment, doctors, response, sponsors, snacks, volunteers, help others, save lives...etc.
  - \*( Question 16 : Applying Mapping with CO1, CO3 & CO4 )

#### STATE BOARD OF TECHNICAL EDUCATION -A.P C20-CH-101-ENGLISH UNIT TEST-1

Time: 90 minutes	Max. Marks: 40
PART-A	4X4= 16 marks
Instructions: Answer all the questions. Each question carries FOUR Marks.	
1. Rewrite / Fill in the blank as directed. Each question carries ½ Mark. (CO1,CO2)	
a) Write the antonym of 'cruel'	CO2
b) Write the synonym of 'love'	CO2
c) Give prefix to 'adventure'.	CO2
d) Give suffix to 'liberate'	CO2
e) It is universal truth. (Fill in with suitable article)	CO1
f) The boy is fond ice-cream. ( Fill in the blank with proper preposition)	CO1
g) Henot like sweets. (Fill in the blank with correct primary auxiliary verb.)	CO1
h) We respect our national flag. (Fill in with a proper modal verb)	CO1
2. Rewrite the sentences as directed. Each question carries One mark. 4X1=4 Marks	CO1
a) No other metal is so useful as iron. (Change into superlative degree)	
b) Very few students are so clever as Ramesh. ( Change into comparative degree	
c) Guess the contextual meaning of the italicized word in the following sentence.	
"The CBI officer has <i>interrogated</i> the bank employees in connection with the scam."	
d) only sings plays Prasanth not also well but cricket. (Rearrange the jumbled wo	
3. Fill in the blanks with proper form of the verb given in brackets. 4X1 = 4 marks	CO1
The IPSGM(hold) in our college last month. Nearly all the coll	_
(participate) in the event. The prizes (distribute) by the district	
Next year, Government Polytechnic, Vijayawada (conduct) the gam	
4. Rewrite the following sentences after making necessary corrections: 4X 1= 4 Mar	ks <b>CO1</b>
a) The police has arrested the culprit.	
b) Three hundred miles are a long distance.	
c) The Principal along with the Heads of Sections have visited the laboratories.	
d) Either he or I is to blame.	
PART-B 3X8=24 Ma	arke
Instructions: Answer all the questions and each question carries EIGHT marks.	ii K3
5. Write a dialogue of at least five turns between a shopkeeper and customer about	it huving a mobile
phone.	CO3
phone.	203
6. Make an analysis and write a paragraph in around 100 words about yo	our strengths and
weaknesses in learning and using English and also the measures to improve it.	CO3
The state of the s	223
7. Write a paragraph in about 100 words on how to overcome low esteem and nega	tivity. CO3
	•

### STATE BOARD OF TECHNICAL EDUCATION –A.P C20-CH-101-ENGLISH UNIT TEST-II

Time: 90 minutes Max. Marks: 40

		PART-A	4X4= 16 Marks	
	•	s. Each question carries FOUR		
1. Match the		their corresponding meanings	in column B CO	2
	Column A	Column B		
	a) Deserve	i) continuous		
	b) hidden	ii) protect		
	c) Preserve	iii) worthy		
	d) Incessant	iv) praise		
		v) unseen		
		vi) affection		
2. Rewrite a	as directed:		CO	1
a) `	You ask your Mom to give y	you another chocolate.(Chan	ge into a request)	
b) <sup>-</sup>	The baby fell down and got	t injured. ( Change into an excl	amatory sentence)	
c) ·	The match was very interes	sting. ( Frame a question using	'how')	
d)	Hemanth submitted his pro	oject report last week. (Frame `	Yes-No question)	
3. Fill in the	e blanks with appropriate fo	orms of verbs given in brackets	: <b>CO</b> :	1
	The Sun $_{}$ (set) in the			
b)	Balu (sing) for over	fifty years in the films.		
c) '	We (see) a cam	el on the road yesterday.		
d) <sup>1</sup>	They(enter) the st	tadium before the gates were o	closed.	
4. Change	the voice of the following:		CO:	1
a)	Marconi invented the radi	io.		
b)	Sravanthi has been offered	d a job.		
c)	Pragathi can type the lette	er.		
d)	The Chief Guest will be red	ceived by the Final year studen	its.	

PART-B 3X8=24 Marks

#### Answer all the questions. Each question carries EIGHT marks. CO3

- 5. Write a letter to your younger brother motivating him to deal with failures and hurdles in life.
- 6. Write an essay in around 120 words on the role of robots in the modern world.
- 7. Read the following passage and answer the questions that follow:

The greatest enemy of mankind, as people have discovered, is not science, but war. Science merely reflects the social forces by which it is surrounded. It was found that when there is peace, science is constructive when there is war, science is perverted to destructive end. The weapons which science gives us do not necessarily create war. These make war increasingly more terrible. Until now, it has brought us on the doorstep of doom. Our main problem, therefore, is not to curb science, but to substitute law for force, and international government for anarchy in the relations of one nation with another. That is a job in which everybody must participate, including the scientists. Now we are face to face with these urgent questions: Can education and tolerance, understanding and creative intelligence run fast enough to keep us side by side without our mounting capacity to destroy? That is the question which we shall have to answer, one way or the other, in this generation. Science must help us in the answer, but the main decision lies within ourselves. The hour is late and our work has scarcely begun.

- a. What is the chief enemy of man?
- b. What does science reflect?
- c. When is science perverted?
- d. What makes war more terrible?
- e. Why do we need international government?
- f. What are the four aspects that may stop destruction?
- g. Have we really started our work to fight the problem discussed?
- h. Pick the word from the passage that would mean: 'replace with other one'

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### STATE BOARD OF TECHNICAL EDUCATION –A.P C20-CH-101-ENGLISH UNIT TEST-III

Time: 90 minutes Max. Marks: 40

PART-A 4X4 = 16 Marks

#### Instructions: Answer all the questions. Each question caries Four marks.

1. Give the meaning of the word in italics:

CO1,CO2

- a) When the girls laughed in the class, the teacher was furious.
- b) He was rusticated from the school for his mis behavior.
- c) Vikram aditya was a benevolent Indian King.
- d) We should not show any discrimination between boys and girls.
- 2. Change the speech of the following:

CO<sub>2</sub>

- a) He said, "I am sorry."
- b) The teacher said to the boys, "Why are you late?"
- c) Sushma said that she had submitted her report recently.
- d) Pratap requested Priya to give him her pen.
- 3. Rewrite as directed:

CO<sub>2</sub>

- a) Though he was weak, he took the test. (change into a simple sentence)
- b) You must work hard to achieve success. (change into a complex sentence)
- c) If you run fast, you will catch the bus. (change into a compound sentence)
- d) The fog disappeared when the Sun rose. (Split into two simple sentences)
- 4. Locate eight errors from the following passage and correct them.

CO3, CO1

Once upon a time there live a king who was very kind to his people. In his council of ministers, there is a wise man. He had a son called Sumanth who was a educated and highly learned. Once the wise minister fall sick. All the physicists in the country could not heal him. Then Sumanth will go in search of medicine in Himalayas. He bring the special medicinal roots to cure his father's sickness. Sumanth looked before his father carefully and healed him. The king rewarded Sumanth with rich gifts.

**PART-B** 

3X8 = 24 Marks

#### Instructions: Answer all the questions and each one carries eight marks.

CO3

5. Read the following paragraph and make notes first and then its summary.

Astronauts are people who travel on space ships. They need to have a very clean home. They travel far from Earth. We need clean kitchens everywhere on earth and in space. Astronauts have to solve two problems: how to get food and how to keep their spaceship clean. Here is how they solved the food problem. At first, the astronauts took tubes of food with them into space. They would squeeze a tube and eat semi-liquid food. It did not taste great, but since they did not need to take dishes or silverware with them, they had no dishes to wash. Today's spaceships have a bigger menu. Astronauts can eat from bowls. In fact, they take cereal and other standard foods with them. The foods are packaged in special containers to keep them fresh. They use knives, forks, and spoons. One unusual item on their table is a pair of scissors. They use the scissors to open the food packages. They can eat right from the package. They have a kitchen on the spaceship. Its oven can heat food to 170 degrees. The kitchen has water and sets of meals that come on trays. The astronauts choose their menu before they go into space. They take a lot of food with them. The astronauts keep bread and fresh fruits and vegetables in a special food locker. How do they keep the kitchen clean? They do not have to worry about mice or other rodents. They make sure that there are no rodents before the ship leaves. But sometimes mice

travel on the ship. Those mice are part of experiments. They live in cages. How do astronauts keep their trays clean? That is another health problem the astronauts solve. They need to stay healthy in space. To carry a lot of water to wash trays would be a lot of extra weight. They pack wet wipes in plastic bags. They use them to clean trays. So, their kitchen is clean and they stay healthy.

- 6. Write an essay in about 120 words on the importance of goal setting and your short and long term goals.
- 7. Write a report about the bush fire that raged in Australia recently by using the following clues: forest, natural disaster, wild fire, dried leaves, no rain fall, wild animals, burnt alive, loss of flora and fauna, fire fighters, uncontrollable, moderate rains, environmental pollution, measures to protect...etc.

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Course Code	Course Title	No. of Periods/week	Total No. of periods	Marks for FA	Marks for SA
CH-102	Engineering Mathematics-I	5	150	20	80

S.No.	Unit Title	No. of periods	COs mapped
1	Algebra	31	CO1
2	Trigonometry	44	CO2
3	Co-ordinate Geometry	23	CO3
4	Differential Calculus	33	CO4
5	Applications of Differentiation	19	CO4, CO5
	Total Periods	150	

Course Objectives	(i) To apply the principles of Algebra, Trigonometry and Co-Ordinate Geometry to real-time problems in engineering.
	(ii) To comprehend and apply the concept of Differential Calculus in
	engineering applications.

Course	CH-102.1	Identify various functions, resolve partial fractions and solve problems on matrices.
Outcomes	CH-102.2	Solve problems using the concept of trigonometric functions, their inverses and complex numbers.
	CH-102.3	Find the equations and properties of straight lines, circles and conic sections in coordinate system.
	CH-102.4	Evaluate the limits and derivatives of various functions.
	CH-102.5	Evaluate solutions for engineering problems using differentiation.

### ENGINEERING MATHEMATICS – I CH-102,COMMON TO ALL BRANCHES

#### **Learning Outcomes**

#### UNIT - I

#### C.O. 1 Identify various functions, resolve partial fractions and solve problems on matrices.

- **L.O.** 1.1 Define Set, ordered pairs and Cartesian product examples.
  - 1.2 Explain Relations and functions examples
  - 1.3 Find Domain & Range of functions simple examples.
  - 1.4 Classify types of functions (into, many-to-one, one-one, onto and bijective).
  - 1.5 Define inverse functions examples.
  - 1.6 Define rational, proper and improper fractions of polynomials.
  - 1.7 Explain the procedure of resolving rational fractions of the type mentioned below into partial fractions:

i) 
$$\frac{f(x)}{(ax+b)(cx+d)} ii) \qquad \frac{f(x)}{(ax+b)^2(cx+d)}$$

*iii*) 
$$\frac{f(x)}{(x^2+a^2)(bx+c)}iv) \qquad \frac{f(x)}{(x^2+a^2)(x^2+b^2)}$$

- 1.8 Define a matrix and order of a matrix
- 1.9 State various types of matrices with examples (emphasis on 3<sup>rd</sup> order square matrices).
- 1.10 Compute sum, scalar multiplication and product of matrices. Illustrate the properties of these operations such as associative, distributive, commutative properties with examples and counter examples.
- 1.11 Define the transpose of a matrix and write its properties;
- 1.12 Define symmetric and skew-symmetric matrices with examples Resolve a square matrix into a sum of a symmetric and skew-symmetric matrices and provide examples.
- 1.13 Define determinant of a square matrix, minor, co-factor of an element of a 3x3 square matrix with examples. Expand the determinant of a 3 x 3 matrix using Laplace expansion formula. State and apply the properties of determinants to solve problems.
- 1.14 Distinguish singular and non-singular matrices. Define multiplicative inverse of a matrix and list properties of adjoint and inverse. Compute adjoint and multiplicative inverse of a square matrix.
- 1.15 Solve system of 3 linear equations in 3 unknowns using Cramer's rule and matrix inversion method

#### **UNIT - II**

### C.O.2:Solve problems using the concept of trigonometric functions, their inverses and complex numbers.

- **L.O.** 2.1 Define trigonometric ratios of any angle.
  - 2.2 List the values of trigonometric ratios at specified values.
  - 2.3 Draw graphs of trigonometric functions
  - 2.4 Explain periodicity of trigonometric functions.
  - 2.5 Define compound angles and state the formulae of sin(A±B), cos(A±B),tan(A±B) and cot(A±B)
  - 2.6 Give simple examples on compound angles to derive the values of  $\sin 15^{\circ}$ ,  $\cos 15^{\circ}$ ,  $\sin 75^{\circ}$ ,  $\cos 75^{\circ}$ ,  $\tan 15^{\circ}$ ,  $\tan 75^{\circ}$  etc.
  - 2.7 Derive identities like  $sin(A+B) sin(A-B) = sin^2 A sin^2 B$  etc.
  - 2.8 Solve simple problems on compound angles.
  - 2.9 Derive the formulae of multiple angles 2A, 3A etc and sub multiple angles A/2 in terms of angle A of trigonometric functions.
  - 2.10 Derive useful allied formulas like  $\sin^2 A = (1 \cos 2A)/2$  etc.
  - 2.11 Solve simple problems using the above formulae

#### Syllabus for Unit test-I completed

- 2.12 Derive the formulae on transforming sum or difference of two trigonometric ratios into a product and vice versa, examples on these formulae.
- 2.13 Solve problems by applying these formulae to sum or difference or product of three or more terms.
- 2.14 Explain the concept of the inverse of a trigonometric function by selecting an appropriate domain and range.
- 2.15 Define inverses of six trigonometric functions along with their domains and ranges.
- 2.16 Derive relations between inverse trigonometric functions so that given A= sin<sup>-1</sup>x, express angle A in terms of other inverse trigonometric functions with examples.

2.17 State various properties of inverse trigonometric functions and identities like  $\sin^{-1}x + \cos^{-1}x = \frac{\pi}{2}$  etc.

2.18 Apply formulae like 
$$\tan^{-1} x + \tan^{-1} y = \tan^{-1} \left( \frac{x+y}{1-xy} \right)$$
, where  $x \ge 0$ ,  $y \ge 0$ ,  $xy < 1$  etc., to solve Simple problems

- 2.19 Explain what is meant by solutions of trigonometric equations and find the general solutions of  $\sin x = k$ ,  $\cos x = k$  and  $\tan x = k$  with appropriate examples.
- 2.20 Solve models of the type a  $\sin^2 x + b \sin x + c = 0$ , a  $\cos x + b \sin x = c$  etc., and problems using simple transformations.
- 2.21 State sine rule, cosine rule, tangent rule and projection rule.
- 2.22 Explain the formulae for sin A/2, cos A/2, tan A/2 and cot A/2 in terms of semi-perimeter *s* and sides a,b,c and solve problems.
- 2.23 List various formulae for the area of a triangle.
- 2.24 Solve problems using the above formulae.
- 2.25 Define Sinh x, cosh x and tanh x and list the hyperbolic identities.
- 2.26 Represent inverse hyperbolic functions in terms of logarithms.
- 2.27 Define complex number, its modulus, conjugate and list their properties.
- 2.28 Define the operations on complex numbers with examples.
- 2.29 Define amplitude of a complex number
- 2.30 Represent the complex number in various forms like modulus-amplitude (polar) form, Exponential (Euler) form with examples.
- 2.31 Write DeMoivre's theorem (without proof) and illustrate with simple examples.

## UNIT - III Coordinate Geometry

# C.O. 3 Find the equations and properties of straight lines, circles and conic sections in coordinate system.

- **L.O.** 3.1 Write the different forms of a straight line general form, point-slope form, slope-intercept form, two-point form, intercept form and normal form or perpendicular form.
  - 3.2 Solve simple problems on the above forms
  - 3.3 Find distance of a point from a line, acute angle between two lines, intersection of two nonparallel lines and distance between two parallel lines.
  - 3.4 Define locus of a point and define a circle.
  - 3.5 Write the general equation of a circle and find the centre and radius.
  - 3.6 Find the equation of a circle given
    - (i) centre and radius,
    - (ii) two ends of a diameter
    - (iii) Centre and a point on the circumference (iv) three non collinear points.
  - 3.7. Define a conic section.
  - 3.8 Explain the terms focus, directrix, eccentricity, axes and latus rectum of a conic with illustrations.
  - 3.9 Find the equation of a conic when focus, directrix and eccentricity are given
  - 3.10 Describe the properties of Parabola, Ellipse and Hyperbola in standard forms whose axes are along co-ordinate axes and solve simple examples on above.

#### Syllabus for Unit test-II completed

#### C.O.4Evaluate the limits and derivatives of various functions.

- L.O. 4.1 Explain the concept of limit and meaning of  $\lim_{x\to a} f(x) = l$  and state the properties of limits
  - 4.2 Evaluate the limits of the type  $\lim_{x\to l} \frac{f(x)}{g(x)}$  and  $\lim_{x\to\infty} \frac{f(x)}{g(x)}$
  - 4.3 Mention the Standard limits  $\lim_{x\to a} \frac{x^n a^n}{x a}$ ,  $\lim_{x\to 0} \frac{\sin x}{x}$ ,  $\lim_{x\to 0} \frac{\tan x}{x}$ ,  $\lim_{x\to 0} \frac{a^x 1}{x}$ ,

$$\lim_{x\to 0}\frac{e^x-1}{x},$$

 $\lim_{x\to 0} (1+x)^{\frac{1}{x}}, \ \lim_{x\to \infty} \left(1+\frac{1}{x}\right)^x \ \text{(without proof) and solve the problems using these standard limits.}$ 

- 4.4 Explain the concept of continuity of a function at a point and on an interval with some examples whether a given function is continuous or not.
- 4.5 State the concept of derivative of a function y = f(x) definition, first principle as  $\lim_{h \to 0} \frac{f(x+h) f(x)}{h}$  and also provide standard notations to denote the derivative of a function.
- 4.6 State the significance of derivative in scientific and engineering applications.
- 4.7 Find the derivatives of elementary functions like  $x^n$ ,  $a^x$ ,  $e^x$ ,  $\log x$ ,  $\sin x$ ,  $\cos x$ ,  $\tan x$ , Secx,Cosecx and Cot x using the first principles.
- 4.8 Find the derivatives of simple functions from the first principle.
- 4.9 State the rules of differentiation of sum, difference, scalar multiplication, product and quotient of functions with illustrative and simple examples.
- 4.10 Explain the method of differentiation of a function of a function (Chain rule) with illustrative examples.
- 4.11 Find the derivatives of Inverse Trigonometric functions and examples using the Trigonometric transformations.
- 4.12 Explain the method of differentiation of a function with respect to another function and also differentiation of parametric functions with examples.
- 4.13 Find the derivatives of hyperbolic functions.
- 4.14 Explain the procedures for finding the derivatives of implicit function with examples.
- 4.15 Explain the need of taking logarithms for differentiating some functions with examples like  $[f(x)]^{g(x)}$ .
- 4.16 Explain the concept of finding the higher order derivatives of second and third order with examples.
- 4.17 Explain the concept of functions of several variables, partial derivatives and difference between the ordinary and partial derivatives with simple examples.
- 4.18 Explain the definition of Homogenous function of degree n
- 4.19 Explain Euler's theorem for homogeneous functions with applications to simple problems.

#### C.O. 5 Evaluate solutions for engineering problems using differentiation.

- **L.O.**5.1 State the geometrical meaning of the derivative as the slope of the tangent to the curve y=f(x) at any point on the curve.
  - 5.2 Explain the concept of derivative to find the slope of tangent and to find the equation of tangent and normal to the curve y=f(x) at any point on it.
  - 5.3 Find the lengths of tangent, normal, sub-tangent and sub normal at any point on the curve y=f(x).
  - 5.4 Explain the derivative as a rate of change in distance-time relations to find the velocity and acceleration of a moving particle with examples.
  - 5.5 Explain the derivative as a rate measurer in the problems where the quantities like volumes, areas vary with respect to time- illustrative examples.
  - 5.6 Define the concept of increasing and decreasing functions.
  - 5.7 Explain the conditions to find points where the given function is increasing or decreasing with illustrative examples.
  - 5.8 Explain the procedure to find the extreme values (maxima or minima) of a function of single variable- simple problems yielding maxima and minima.
  - 5.9 Solve problems on maxima and minima in applications like finding areas, volumes etc.
  - 5.10 Apply the concept of derivatives to find the errors and approximations in simple problems.

#### Syllabus for Unit test-III completed

C-20
CH-102,ENGINEERING MATHEMATICS – I
CO/PO – Mapping

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	3	2	1	2				3	2	3
CO2	3	3	3	2				3	3	1
CO3	3	2	2	1				3	2	2
CO4	3	3	2	2				3	2	1
CO5	3	3	3	3				3	3	3
Avg	3	2.6	2.5	2				3	2.4	2

3 =Strongly mapped (High), 2 = Moderately mapped (Medium), 1 = Slightly mapped (Low)

#### Note:

- **PO5:** Appropriate quiz programme may be conducted at intervals and duration as decided by concerned teacher.
- **PO6:** Seminars on applications of mathematics in various engineering disciplines are to be planned and conducted.
- **PO7:** Such activities are to be planned that students visit library to refer standard books on Mathematics and latest updates in reputed national and international journals, attending seminars, learning mathematical software tools.
- **PSO1:** An ability to understand the concepts of basic mathematical concepts and to apply them in various areas like computer programming, civil constructions, fluid dynamics, electrical and electronic systems and all concerned engineering disciplines.
- **PSO2:** An ability to solve the Engineering problems using latest software tool, along with analytical skills to arrive at faster and appropriate solutions.

**PSO3:** Wisdom of social and environmental awareness along with ethical responsibility to have a successful career as an engineer and to sustain passion and zeal for real world technological applications.

C-20
ENGINEERING MATHEMATICS – I
PO- CO – Mapping strength

PO no	Mapped with CO	CO periods add colun	_	Level (1,2 or 3)	Remarks		
		No	%				
1	CO1, CO2, CO3,CO4,CO5	150	100%	3	>40% Level 3		
2	CO1, CO2, CO3,CO4,CO5	138	92%	3	Highly addressed		
3	CO1, CO2, CO3,CO4,CO5	133	88.6%	3	25% to 40%		
4	CO1, CO2, CO3,CO4,CO5	120	80%	3	Level 2 Moderately		
PSO 1	CO1, CO2, CO3,CO4,CO5	150	100%	3	addressed		
PSO 2	CO1, CO2, CO3,CO4,CO5	135	90%	3	5% to 25% Level 1 Low		
PSO 3	CO1, CO2, CO3,CO4,CO5	125	83.3%	3	addressed <5% Not addressed		

#### C-20

## **ENGINEERING MATHEMATICS - I COMMON TO ALL BRANCHES COURSE CONTENT**

Unit-I Algebra

#### 1. Relations and Functions:

Define Set, Ordered pairs, Cartesian product, Relations, functions, domain & range of functions. Describe types of functions (in-to, many-to-one, one-one, onto and bijective) and inverse functions – examples.

#### 2. Partial Fractions:

Define rational, proper and improper fractions of polynomials. Resolve rational fractions in to their partial fractions covering the types mentioned below.

i) 
$$\frac{f(x)}{(ax+b)(cx+d)}$$
 ii)  $\frac{f(x)}{(ax+b)^2(cx+d)}$   
iii)  $\frac{f(x)}{(x^2+a^2)(bx+c)}$  iv)  $\frac{f(x)}{(x^2+a^2)(x^2+b^2)}$ 

iii) 
$$\frac{f(x)}{(x^2+a^2)(bx+c)} iv) \qquad \frac{f(x)}{(x^2+a^2)(x^2+b^2)}$$

#### 3.Matrices:

Definition of a matrix, types of matrices-examples, algebra of matrices-equality of two matrices, sum, scalar multiplication and product of matrices. Transpose of a matrix-Symmetric, skew symmetric matrices-Minor, cofactor of an element-Determinant of a square matrix-Laplace's expansion, properties of determinants. Singular and non singular matrices-Adjoint and multiplicative inverse of a square matrix- examples-System of linear equations in 3 variables-Solutions by Cramers's rule and Matrix inversion method-examples.

## Unit-II **Trigonometry**

#### 4. Trigonometric ratios:

Definition of trigonometric ratios of any angle, values of trigonometric ratios at specified values, draw graphs of trigonometric functions, periodicity of trigonometric functions.

#### 5. Compound angles:

Formulas of  $sin(A\pm B)$ ,  $cos(A\pm B)$ ,  $tan(A\pm B)$ ,  $cot(A\pm B)$ , and related identities with problems.

#### 6. Multiple and sub multiple angles:

Formulae for trigonometric ratios of multiple angles 2A,3A and submultiple angle A/2 with problems.

#### 7. Transformations of products into sums or differences and vice versa simple problems

#### 8. Inverse trigonometric functions:

Definition, domains and ranges-basic properties- problems.

#### 9. Trigonometric equations:

Concept of a solution, principal value and general solution of trigonometric equations: sinx =k, cosx= k, tanx =k, where k is a constant. Solutions of simple quadratic equations, equations involving usage of transformations- problems.

#### 10.Properties of triangles:

Relation between sides and angles of a triangle- sine rule, cosine rule, tangent rule and projection rule-area of a triangle- problems.

#### 11. Hyperbolic functions:

Definitions of hyperbolic functions, identities of hyperbolic functions, inverse hyperbolic functions and expression of inverse hyperbolic functions in terms of logarithms.

#### 12. Complex Numbers:

Definition of a complex number, Modulus and conjugate of a complex number, Arithmetic operations on complex numbers, Modulus- Amplitue (polar) form, Exponential form (Euler form) of a complex number- Problems. DeMoivre's theorem.

#### **UNIT-III**

#### **Coordinate geometry**

- **13.Straight lines:** various forms of straight lines, angle between lines, perpendicular distance from a point, distance between parallel lines-examples.
- **14. Circle:** locus of a point, Circle, definition-Circle equation given (i) centre and radius, (ii) two ends of a diameter (iii) centre and a point on the circumference (iv) three non collinear points general equation of a circle finding centre, radius..
- **15.** Definition of a conic section, equation of a conic when focus directrix and eccentricity are given. properties of parabola, ellipse and hyperbola in standard forms.

# UNIT-IV Differential Calculus

- 16. Concept of Limit- Definition- Properties of Limits and Standard Limits -Simple Problems-Continuity of a function at a point- Simple Examples only.
- 17. Concept of derivative- definition (first principle)- different notations-derivatives of elementary functions- problems. Derivatives of sum, product, quotient, scalar multiplication of functions problems. Chain rule, derivatives of inverse trigonometric functions, derivative of a function with respect to another function, derivative of parametric functions, derivative of hyperbolic, implicit functions, logarithmic differentiation problems in each case. Higher order derivatives examples functions of several variables partial differentiation, Euler's theorem-simple problems.

# UNIT-V Applications of Derivatives:

- 18. Geometrical meaning of the derivative, equations of Tangent and normal to a curve at any point. Lengths of tangent, normal, subtangent and subnormal to the curve at any point problems.
- 19. Physical applications of the derivative velocity, acceleration, derivative as a rate measure Problems.
- 20. Applications of the derivative to find the extreme values Increasing and decreasing functions, finding the maxima and minima of simple functions problems leading to applications of maxima and minima.
- 21. Using the concept of derivative of a function of single variable, find the absolute error, relative and percentage errors and approximate values due to errors in measuring.

#### Textbook:

Engineering Mathematics-I, a textbook for first year diploma courses, prepared & prescribed by SBTET, AP.

#### **Reference Books:**

- 1. Shanti Narayan, A Textbook of matrices, S.Chand&Co.
- 2. Robert E. Moyer & Frank Ayers Jr., Schaum's Outline of Trigonometry, 4<sup>th</sup> Edition, Schaum's Series

- 3. M.Vygodsky, Mathematical Handbook, Mir Publishers, Moscow.
- 4. Frank Ayers & Elliott Mendelson, Schaum's Outline of Calculus, Schaum's Series

# C-20 Curriculum ENGINEERING MATHEMATICS – I

#### **BLUE PRINT**

S. No	Chapter/ Unit title	No of Periods		Weightag e Allotted	C	listribu	s wise ution o htage	of	Question wise distribution of weightage				COs mapped
	Unit - I: Algebra	Theor y	Practice		R	U	Ар	An	R	U	Ар	An	
1	Relations and Functions	4	2	3	0	3	0	0	0	1	0	0	CO1
2	Partial Fractions	3	2	3	0	3	0	0	0	1	0	0	CO1
3	Matrices and Determinants	10	10	11	3	0	8	0	1	0	1	0	CO1
	Unit - II : Trigonometry												
4	Trigonometric Ratios	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	CO2
5	Compound Angles	3	2	3	3	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	CO2
6	Multiple and Submultiple angles	4	4	3	0	3	0	0	0	1	0	0	CO2
7	Transformatio ns	3	3										
8	Inverse Trigonometric Functions	3	2	8	0	8	0	0	0	1	0	0	CO2
9	Trigonometric Equations	3	2	8	0	0	8	0	0	0	1	0	CO2
10	Properties of triangles	3	2	8	Ü	U	8	U	U	U	1	U	COZ
11	Hyperbolic Functions	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	CO2
12	Complex Numbers	4	2	3	3	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	CO2
	Unit III : Co-ordinate Geometry												
13	Straight Lines	4	2	3	3	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	CO3
14	Circle	3	2										CO3
15	Conic Sections	8	4	8	0	8	0	0	0	1	0	0	

	Unit – IV : Differential Calculus												
16	Limits and Continuity	4	2	3	0	3	0	0	0	1	0	0	CO4
17	Differentiation	17	10	14	3	11	0	0	1	2	0	0	CO4
	Unit - V : Applica	ations of	Differentiat	tion									
18	Geometrical Applications	3	2										
19	Physical Applications	2	2										
20	Maxima and Minima	3	4	10	0	0	0	10	0	0	0	1	CO5
21	Errors and Approximation s	2	1										
	Total	89	61	80	15	39	16	10	5	8	2	1	

R: Remembering Type : 15 Marks
U: understanding Type : 39 Marks
Ap: Application Type : 16 Marks
An: Analysing Type : 10 Marks

# Engineering Mathematics – I UNIT TEST SYLLABUS

Unit Test	Syllabus
Unit Test-I	From L.O. 1.1 to L.O. 2.11
Unit Test-II	From L.O. 2.12 to L.O. 3.10
Unit Test-III	From L.O.4.1 to L.O. 5.10

#### **UNIT TEST I**

C -20, CH-102

#### State Board of Technical Education and Training, A. P

#### **First Year**

## **Subject Name: Engineering Mathematics-I**

Sub Code: CH-102

Time: 90 minutes Max.Marks:40
Part-A 16Marks

Instructions:(1) Answer all questions.

- (2) First question carries four marks and the remaining questions carry three marks each.
- 1. Answer the following.

a. If 
$$f(x) = x^2$$
 and domain  $= \{-1,0,1\}$ , then find range. (CO1)

b. If 
$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 3 & 4 \end{bmatrix}$$
, then find 3A. (CO1)

c. Write the value of 
$$Sin120^{\circ}$$
 (CO2)

d. Write the formula for 
$$\tan 2A$$
 in terms of  $\tan A$  (CO2)

2. If 
$$f: R \to R$$
 is defined by  $f(x) = 3x - 5$ , then prove that  $f(x)$  is onto. (CO1)

3. If 
$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 3 \\ 4 & -9 \end{bmatrix}$$
,  $B = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 4 \\ -3 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$  then find  $2A + 3B$  (CO1)

4. Prove that 
$$Sin^2 45^0 - Sin^2 15^0 = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{4}$$
 (CO2)

5. Prove that 
$$\frac{\sin 2A}{1-\cos 2A} = \cot A$$
 (CO2)

Part-B 3×8=24

Instructions:(1) Answer all questions. Each question carries eight marks

(2) Answer should be comprehensive and the criterion for valuation is the content but not the length of the answer.

6. A) Resolve 
$$\frac{2x}{(x-1)(x-3)}$$
 into partial fractions. (CO1)

or

B) Resolve 
$$\frac{x+4}{x^2-3x+2}$$
 into partial fractions. (CO1)

7. A) Using cramer's rule to solve x-y+z=2, 2x+3y-4z=-4, 3x+y+z=8 (CO1) or

B) Prove that 
$$\begin{vmatrix} bc & b+c & 1 \\ ca & c+a & 1 \\ ab & a+b & 1 \end{vmatrix} = (a-b)(b-c)(c-a)$$
 (CO1)

8. A) Find the adjoint of Matrix 
$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & -2 \\ -1 & 3 & 5 \\ 2 & 7 & -4 \end{bmatrix}$$
 (CO1)

B) If 
$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 3 & 4 \\ 5 & 7 & 9 \\ -2 & 1 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$$
,  $B = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 1 & -5 \\ 2 & 1 & 4 \\ 0 & 3 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$ , find AB and BA and verify if  $AB = BA$ . (CO1)

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#### **UNIT TEST II**

C-20, CH-102

## State Board of Technical Education and Training, A. P

#### **First Year**

Subject Name: Engineering Mathematics-I

Sub Code: CH- 102

Time: 90 minutes Max.Marks:40

Part-A 16Marks

**Instructions:** 

each

- (1) Answer all questions.
- (2) First question carries four marks and the remaining questions carry three marks
- 1. Answer the following.

a. 
$$\sin C + \sin D = 2\cos\left(\frac{C+D}{2}\right)\sin\left(\frac{C-D}{2}\right)$$
: State TRUE/FALSE (CO2)

b. If 
$$z = 2 + 3i$$
, then find  $|z|$  (CO2)

c. 
$$\sinh x = \frac{e^x - e^{-x}}{2}$$
: State TRUE/FALSE (CO2)

2. Express 
$$(3-4i)(7+2i)$$
 in terms of  $a+ib$  (CO2)

3. Find the perpendicular distance from 
$$(1,1)$$
 to the line  $2x+3y-1=0$  (CO3)

4. Find the angle between lines 
$$2x - y + 3 = 0$$
 and  $x + y - 2 = 0$  (CO3)

5. Find the centre and radius of the circle 
$$x^2 + y^2 - 2x + 4y - 4 = 0$$
 (CO3)

Part-B 3×8=24

**Instructions:** 

- (1) Answer all questions. Each question carries eight marks
- (2) Answer should be comprehensive and the criterion for valuation is the content but not the length of the answer.

6. A) Prove that 
$$\frac{\sin 2\theta + \sin 4\theta + \sin 6\theta}{\cos 2\theta + \cos 4\theta + \cos 6\theta} = \tan 4\theta$$
 (CO2)

or

B) Prove that 
$$\tan^{-1} \frac{1}{2} + \tan^{-1} \frac{1}{5} + \tan^{-1} \frac{1}{8} = \frac{\pi}{4}$$
 (CO2)

7. A) Solve 
$$2\sin^2\theta - \sin\theta - 1 = 0$$
 (CO2)

B) In any 
$$\triangle ABC$$
, If  $\underline{B} = 60^{\circ}$  then  $\frac{c}{a+b} + \frac{a}{b+c} = 1$  (CO2)

- 8. A) Find the equation of circle with (2,3) and (6,9) as the end points of diameter and also find centre and radius of circle. (CO3) or
  - B) Find the equation of ellipse whose focus is (1,-1), directrix is x-y+3=0 and eccentricity is 1/2. (CO3)

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# STATE BOARD OF TECHNICAL EDUCATION AND TRAINING, A. P

#### **FIRST YEAR**

# SUBJECT NAME: ENGINEERING MATHEMATICS-I SUB CODE: CH-102

Time: 90 minutes Max.Marks:40

Part-A 16Marks

Instructions:(1) Answer all questions.

- (2) First question carries four marks and the remaining questions carry three marks each
- 1. Answer the following.

a. Find 
$$\lim_{x \to 1} \frac{x^2 + 1}{x + 5}$$
 (CO4)

b. 
$$\lim_{\theta \to 0} \frac{\sin 2\theta}{\theta} = 2$$
: State TRUE/FALSE (CO4)

$$c. \quad \frac{d}{dx} \left( 3 \tan^{-1} x \right) = ? \tag{CO4}$$

d. Formula for percentage error in 
$$x$$
 is (CO5)

2. Evaluate 
$$\lim_{x \to 2} \frac{x^5 - 32}{x^2 - 4}$$
 (CO4)

3. Find the derivative of 
$$3\tan x - 4\log x + 7^x$$
 w.r.t. x (CO4)

4. Differentiate 
$$x^2 \sin x$$
 w.r.t.  $x$  (CO4)

5. Find the derivative of 
$$\frac{2x+3}{3x+4}$$
 (CO4)

Part-B 3×8=24

Instructions:

- (1) Answer all questions. Each question carries eight marks
- (2) Answer should be comprehensive and the criterion for valuation is the content but not the length of the answer.

6. A) Find the derivative of 
$$\sin^{-1}\left(\frac{2x}{1+x^2}\right)$$
 w.r.t.  $\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{2x}{1-x^2}\right)$ . (CO4)

B) Find 
$$\frac{dy}{dx}$$
 if  $y = x^{\cos x}$  (CO4)

7. A) Verify Euler's theorem when 
$$u(x, y) = \frac{x^4 + y^4}{x - y}$$
 (CO4)

or

B) Find the equation of tangent and normal to the curve  $3y = x^2 - 6x + 17$  at (4,3) (CO5)

8. A) Circular patch of oil spreads on water and the area is growing at the rate of  $8 \, sqcm/\min$ . How fast is the radius increasing when radius is  $5 \, cm$ .

(CO5)

or

B) Find the maxima and minima values of  $f(x) = x^3 - 6x^2 + 9x + 15$ . (CO5)

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# END-EXAM MODEL PAPERS STATE BOARD OF TECHNICAL EDUCATION, A.P ENGINEERING MATHEMATICS, CH- 102

TIME: 3 HOURS MODEL PAPER- I MAX.MARKS: 80M

#### **PART-A**

Answer All questions. Each question carries THREE marks.

10x3=30M

- 1. If  $A = \left\{0, \frac{\pi}{6}, \frac{\pi}{4}, \frac{\pi}{3}, \frac{\pi}{2}\right\}$  and  $f: A \to B$  is a function such that  $f(x) = \cos x$ , then find the range of f.
- 2. Resolve the function  $\frac{x}{(x-1)(x-2)}$  into partial fractions.
- 3. If  $A = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 9 & 0 \\ 1 & 8 & -2 \end{bmatrix}$  and  $B = \begin{bmatrix} 4 & 0 & 2 \\ 7 & 1 & 4 \end{bmatrix}$ , find A + B and A B.
- 4. Show that  $\frac{\cos 16^0 + \sin 16^0}{\cos 16^0 \sin 16^0} = \tan 61^0.$
- 5. Prove that  $\frac{\sin 2\theta}{1-\cos 2\theta} = \cot \theta.$
- 6. Find the modulus of the complex number  $\left(\frac{1-i}{2+i}\right)$ .
- 7. Find the distance between parallel lines x+2y+3=0 and x+2y+8=0.
- 8. Find  $\lim_{x\to 0} \frac{\sin 77x}{\sin 11x}$ .
- 9. Differentiate  $3\tan x 4\log x 7x^2$  w.r.t. x.
- 10. If  $x = at^2$ , y = 2at, then find  $\frac{dy}{dx}$ .

#### PART-B

Answer All questions. Each question carries EIGHT marks.

5x8=40M

- 11 A) Find the inverse of the matrix  $\begin{bmatrix} 3 & -3 & 4 \\ 2 & -3 & 4 \\ 0 & -1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$ . CO1
- B) Solve the system of equations x+y+z=6, x-y+z=2 and 2x-y+3z=9 by crammer's rule.
- 12 A) If  $\cos x + \cos y = \frac{3}{5}$  and  $\cos x \cos y = \frac{2}{7}$ , then show that  $21\tan\left(\frac{x-y}{2}\right) + 10\cot\left(\frac{x+y}{2}\right) = 0.$

Or

B) If 
$$\tan^{-1}x + \tan^{-1}y + \tan^{-1}z = \pi$$
 then show that  $x + y + z = xyz$ .

CO2

13 A) Solve  $\sqrt{3}\cos\theta - \sin\theta = 1$ .CO2

Or

B) In any  $\Delta ABC$ , Show that  $\cot\frac{A}{2} + \cot\frac{B}{2} + \cot\frac{C}{2} = \frac{S^2}{\Delta}$ .

CO2

14 A) Find the equation of the circle with  $(4,2)$  and  $(1,5)$  as the two ends of its diameter and also find its centre and radius.

Or

B) Find the centre, vertices, equation of axes, lengths of axes, eccentricity, foci, equations of directrices and length of latus rectum of the ellipse  $4x^2 + 16y^2 = 1$ .

CO3

15 A) Find the derivative of  $\sin^{-1}\left(\frac{2x}{1+x^2}\right)$  w.r.t.  $\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{2x}{1-x^2}\right)$ 

Or

B) If  $u = \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{x^3-y^3}{x+y}\right)$ , then prove that  $x\frac{\partial u}{\partial x} + y\frac{\partial u}{\partial y} = \sin 2u$ .

CO4

PART-C

Answer the following question. Question carries TEN marks.

1x10=10M

16 The sum of two numbers is 24. Find them so that the sum of their squares is minimum.

CO5

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STATE BOARD OF TECHNICAL EDUCATION, A.P ENGINEERING MATHEMATICS, CH-102

#### PART-A

Answer All questions. Each question carries THREE marks.

10x3=30M

- 1. If  $f: R \to R$  is adjective function such that f(x) = ax + b, then find  $f^{-1}(x) \cdot \text{CO1}$
- 2. Resolve the function  $\frac{1}{(x+1)(x-2)}$  into partial fractions. CO1
- 3. If  $A = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & -1 & 3 \\ 1 & 0 & 7 \\ -3 & x & 0 \end{bmatrix}$  is a skew-symmetric matrix, find the value of x. CO<sub>1</sub>
- 4. Find the value of  $\sin^2 82 \frac{1}{2}^0 \sin^2 22 \frac{1}{2}^0$ . CO<sub>2</sub>
- 5. Prove that  $\frac{\cos 3A}{2\cos 2A 1} = \cos A.$ CO2
- 6. Find the conjugate of the complex number  $(3-2i) \cdot (4+7i)$ CO2
- 7. Find the equation of the line passing through the points (1,2) and (3,-4). CO3
- 8. Find  $\lim_{x \to 2} \frac{x^5 32}{x 2}$ . CO4
- 9. Differentiate  $\sqrt{x} \sec x + \log x$  w.r.t. x. CO4

10. If 
$$u(x, y) = x^3 - 3axy + y^3$$
, then find  $\frac{\partial u}{\partial x}$  and  $\frac{\partial u}{\partial y}$ .

#### **PART-B**

Answer All questions. Each question carries EIGHT marks.

5x8=40M

11 A) Show that 
$$\begin{vmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 \\ a & b & c \\ a^2 & b^2 & c^2 \end{vmatrix} = (a-b)(b-c)(c-a)$$
.

B) Solve the system of equations x+2y+3z=6, 3x-2y+4z=5 and x-y-z=-1 using matrix inversion method.

12 A) Prove that  $\frac{\sin 2\theta + \sin 4\theta + \sin 6\theta}{\cos 2\theta + \cos 4\theta + \cos 6\theta} = \tan 4\theta.$ 

B) Prove that 
$$\tan^{-1}\frac{1}{3} + \tan^{-1}\frac{1}{5} + \tan^{-1}\frac{1}{7} + \tan^{-1}\frac{1}{8} = \frac{\pi}{4}$$
.

13 A) Solve  $2\cos^2\theta - 3\cos\theta + 1 = 0$ .

Or

B) In any 
$$\triangle$$
 ABC, Show that  $\sum a^3 \cos(B-C) = 3abc$ .

14 A) Find the equation of the circle passing through the points (0,0),(6,0) and (0,8).

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B) Find the equation of the rectangular hyperbola whose focus is (1,2) and directrix is 3x+4y-5=0.

15A) If 
$$\sin y = x \sin(a+y)$$
, then prove that  $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{\sin^2(a+y)}{\sin a}$ .

B) If 
$$y = \tan^{-1} x$$
, then prove that  $(1+x^2)y_2 + 2xy_1 = 0$ .

#### **PART-C**

Answer the following question. Question carries TEN marks.

1x10=10M

Show that the semi-vertical angle of the cone of maximum volume and of given slant height is  $\tan^{-1} \sqrt{2}$ .

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Course code	Course Title	No. of Periods per week	Total No. of Periods	Marks for FA	Marks for SA
CH-103	Engineering Physics	4	120	20	80

S.No	Unit Title/Chapter	No of Periods	COs Mapped
1	Units and Dimensions	08	CO1
2	Elements of Vectors	12	CO1
3	Dynamics	12	CO2
4	Friction	10	CO2
5	Work, Power and Energy	12	CO3
6	Simple harmonic motion	12	CO3
7	Heat and Thermodynamics	12	CO4
8	Sound	10	CO4
9	Properties of matter	10	CO5
10	Electricity and Magnetism	12	CO5
11	Modern physics	10	CO5
	Total	120	

# Course Objectives

Course Title: Engineering Physics						
Course Objectives	<ol> <li>To familiarize with the concepts of Physics involved in the process of various Engineering, Industrial and Daily life Applications.</li> <li>To understand and apply the basic principles of physics in the field of engineering and technology to familiarize certain natural phenomenon occurring in the day to day life</li> <li>To reinforce theoretical concepts by conducting relevant experiments/exercises</li> </ol>					

## Course outcomes

	CO1	Explain S.I units and dimensions of different physical quantities, basic operations among vector quantities.						
		Explain the motion of objects moving in one dimensions and two						
	603							
	CO2	dimensions, the causes of motion and hindrance to the motion of the						
		objects especially with respect to friction.						
	CO3	Explain the mechanical energy of bodies like PE, KE and conservation law						
	COS	of energy, the properties of simple harmonic motion.						
		Explain gas laws, ideal gas equation, Isothermal and adiabatic processes,						
Course	CO4	Specific heats, to study the laws of thermodynamics. Causes,						
Outcomes	CO4	consequences and methods to minimise noise pollution, explain beats,						
		Doppler effect, Reverberation, echoes.						
		Explain certain properties of solids, liquids like elastic properties, viscosity						
		and surface tension. Explain Ohm's law, to study Kirchoff's laws, to study						
		the principle of Wheatstone's bridge and its application to meter bridge.						
	CO5	To study the magnetic force and understand magnetic field. To compute						
	603	magnetic field strength on axial and equatorial lines of a bar magnet. To						
		familiarise with modern topics like photoelectric effect, optical fibres,						
		superconductivity and nanotechnology.						

# > Learning Outcome

# > COs-POs mapping strength (as per given table)

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	3					1				
CO2	3		2					2		
CO3	3		2						1	
CO4	3	2			2			2		
CO5	3			2			2			2

<sup>3 =</sup> strongly mapped

1= slightly mapped

<sup>2=</sup> moderately mapped

# Model Blue Print with weightages for Blooms category and questions for chapter and Cos mapped

S.N o	Unit Title/Chapter	No of Periods	Weigh t age of	Marks wise distribution of weightage				Question wise distribution of weightage				Mapped with CO
0	Title/Cliapter	Perious	marks	R	U	Ар	A n	R	U	Ар	An	
1	Units and Dimensions	08	03	3	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	CO1
2	Elements of Vectors	12	11	3	8	0	0	1	1	0	0	CO1
3	Dynamics	12	11	3	8	0	0	1	1	0	*	CO2
4	Friction	10	11	3	0	8	0	1	0	1	0	CO2
5	Work, Power and Energy	12	11	3	8	0	0	1	1	0	0	CO3
6	Simple harmonic motion	12	11	3	8	0	0	1	1	0	*	CO3
7	Heat and Thermodynamics	12	11	0	8	3	0	0	1	1	*	CO4
8	Sound	10	11	0	8	3	0	0	1	1	0	CO4
9	Properties of matter	10	08	0	8	0	0	0	1	0	0	CO5
10	Electricity and Magnetism	12	14	6	0	8	0	2	0	1	0	CO5
11	Modern physics	10	08	0	8	0	0	0	1	0	0	CO5
	Total	120	110	24	64	22	0	8	8	4	* 10	

<sup>\*</sup>One question of HOTs for 10 marks from any of the unit title 3 or 6 or 7

#### **LEARNING OUTCOMES**

#### 1.0 Concept of Units and dimensions

- 1.1 Explain the concept of Units ,Physical quantity, Fundamental physical quantities and Derived physical quantities
- 1.2 Define unit, fundamental units and derived units, State SI units with symbols
- 1.3 State Multiples and submultiples in SI system, State Rules of writing S.I.units, State advantages of SI units
- 1.4 Define Dimensions, Write Dimensional formulae of physical quantities
- 1.5 List dimensional constants and dimensionless quantities
- 1.6 State the principle of Homogeneity of Dimensions
- 1.7 State the applications and limitations of Dimension all analysis
- 1.8 Errors in measurement, Absolute error, relative error, percentage error, significant figures
- 1.9 Solve problems

#### 2.0 Concept of Elements of Vectors

- 2.1 Explain the concept of scalars, Vectors and give examples
- 2.2 Represent vectors graphically, Classify the Vectors, Resolve the vectors
- 2.3 Determine the resultant of a vector by component method, represent a vector in Space using unit vectors (i,i,k)
- 2.4 State and explain triangle law, parallelogram law, polygon law of addition of vectors
- 2.5 Define Dot product of two vectors with examples (Work done, Power), Mention the Properties of dot product
- 2.6 Define cross products of two vectors with examples (Torque, Linear velocity) Mention the properties of Cross product.
- 2.7 Solve the related numerical problems

#### 3.0 Concept of Dynamics

- 3.1 Write the equations of motion in a straight line Explain the acceleration due to gravity
- 3.2 Explain vertical motion of a body and derive expressions for a) Maximum Height, b) time of ascent, c) time of descent, and d) time of flight
- 3.3 Derive height of at over when a body projected vertically upwards from the top of a tower.
- 3.4 Explain projectile motion with examples
- 3.5 Explain Horizontal projection and Derive an expression for the path of a projectile in horizontal projection
- 3.6 Explain oblique projection and derive an expression for it. Derive formulae fora) Maximum Height, b) time of ascent, c) time of descent, and d) time of flight e) Horizontal Range, f) Maximum range
- 3.7 Define force, momentum, angular displacement, angular velocity, angular acceleration, angular momentum, moment of inertia, torque
- 3.8 Solve the related numerical problems

#### 4.0 Concept of Friction

- 4.1 Define friction and classify the types of friction.
- 4.2 Explain the concept to f Normal reaction
- 4.3 State the laws of friction
- 4.4 Define coefficients of friction, Angle of friction and Angle of repose
- 4.5 Derive expressions for acceleration of a body on a rough inclined plane (upwards and downwards)
- 4.6 List the Advantages and Disadvantages of friction
- 4.7 Mention the methods of minimizing friction
- 4.8 Explain why it is easy to pull a lawn roller than to push it
- 4.9 Solve the related numerical problems

#### 5.0 Concepts of Work, Power, and Energy

- 5.1 Define the terms Work, Power and Energy. State SI units and dimensional formulae
- 5.2 Define potential energy and give examples, derive an expression for P.E.
- 5.3 Define Kinetic energy and give examples, derive an expression for K.E.
- 5.4 State and derive Work-Energy theorem
- 5.5 Derive the relation between Kinetic energy and momentum

- 5.6 State the law of conservation of energy and Verify it in the case of a freely Falling body
- 5.7 Solve the related numerical problems

#### 6.0 Concepts of Simple harmonic motion

- 6.1 Define Simple harmonic motion, Give examples, State the conditions
- 6.2 Explanation of uniform circular motion of a particle is a combination of two perpendicular SHMs.
- 6.3 Derive expressions for displacement, velocity, acceleration, Frequency, Time period of a particle executing SHM.
- 6.4 Define phase of SHM
- 6.5 Define Ideal simple pendulum and derive expression for Time period of simple pendulum
- 6.6 State the laws of motion of simple pendulum
- 6.7 Solve the related numerical problems

#### 7.0 Concept of Heat and thermodynamics

- 7.1 Explain the concept of expansion of gases
- 7.2 State and explain Boyle's and Charles laws.
- 7.3 Define absolute zero temperature, absolute scale of temperature
- 7.4 Define ideal gas and distinguish from real gas
- 7.5 Derive Ideal gas equation. Define Specific gas constant and Universal gas Constant, write S.I unit and Dimensional Formula. Calculate the value of R.
- 7.6 Explain why universal gas constant is same for all gases
- 7.7 State and Explain Isothermal process and adiabatic process
- 7.8 State first and second laws of thermodynamics and state applications
- 7.9 Define specific heats & molar specific heats of a gas, Derive  $C_P$ - $C_V$ =R
- 7.10 Solve the relevant numerical problems

#### 8.0 Concept of Sound

- 8.1 Concept of the sound, Wave motion (longitudinal and transverse wave)
- 8.2 Distinguish between musical sound and noise
- 8.3 Explain noise pollution and state SI unit for intensity level of sound
- 8.4 Explain causes, effects and methods of minimizing of noisepollution
- 8.5 Explain the phenomenon of beats State the applications
- 8.6 Define Doppler effect, List the Applications
- 8.7 Define reverberation and reverberation time and Write Sabine's formula
- 8.8 Define and Explainechoes state its applications
- 8.9 State conditions of good auditorium
- 8.10 Solvethe related numerical problems

## 9.0 Concepts of properties of matter

- 9.1 Explain the terms Elasticity, stress, strain and types of Stress and Strain
- 9.2 State and explain Hooke's law
- 9.3 Definitions of Modulus of elasticity, Young's modulus(Y), Bulk modulus (K), Rigidity modulus ( n), Poisson's ratio ( $\sigma$ ),
- 9.4 Define surface tension and give examples
- 9.5 Explain Surface tension with reference to molecular theory
- 9.6 Define angle of contact and capillarity and write formula for Surface Tension
- 9.7 Explain the concept of Viscosity; give examples, Write Newton's formula.

- 9.8 Define co-efficient of viscosity and write its units and dimensional formula and State Poiseulle's equation for Co-efficient of viscosity
- 9.9 Explain the effect of temperature on viscosity of liquids and gases
- 9.10 Solve the related numerical problems

#### 10. Concepts of Electricity and Magnetism

- 10.1 Explain Ohm's law in electricity and write the formula
- 10.2 Define specific resistance, conductance and state their units
- 10.3 Explain Kichoff's laws
- 10.4 Describe Wheat stone's bridge with legible sketch
- 10.5 Describe Meter Bridge for the determination of resistivity with a circuit diagram
- 10.6 Explain the concept of magnetism. State the Coulomb's inverse square law of magnetism
- 10.7 Define magnetic field and magnetic lines of force and write the properties of magnetic lines of force
- 10.8 Derive an expression for the moment of couple on a bar magnet placed in a uniform magnetic field
- 10.9 Derive equations for Magnetic induction field strength at a point on the axial line and on the equatorial line of a bar magnet.
- 10.10 Solve the related numerical problems

#### 11.0 Concepts of Modern physics

- 11.1 State and Explain Photo-electric effect and Write Einstein's photoelectric equation
- 11.2 State laws of photo electric effect
- 11.3 Explain the Working of photo electric cell, write its applications.
- 11.4 Recapitulatere fraction of light and its laws, criticalangle, TotalInternal Reflection.
- 11.5 Explain the principle and working of Optical Fiber, mention different types of Optical Fibre, state the applications
- 11.6 Define super conductor and superconductivity and mention examples
- 11.7 State the properties of super conductingmaterials and list the applications
- 11.8 Nanotechnology definition, non-materials, applications

#### **COURSECONTENT**

#### 1. Units and Dimensions:

Introduction – Physical quantity – Fundamental and Derived quantities – Fundamental and Derived units- SI units –Multiples and Sub multiples – Rules for writing S.I. units-Advantages of SI units – Dimensions and Dimensional formulae- Dimensional constants and Dimensionless quantities- Principle of Homogeneity- Advantages and limitations of Dimension analysis-Errors in measurement, Absolute error, relative error, percentage error, significant figures-Problems.

#### 2. Elements of Vectors:

Scalars and Vectors–Types of vectors(Proper Vector, NullVector,UnitVector,Equal, Negative Vector, Like Vectors, Co-Initial Vectors, Co-planar Vectors and Position Vector). Addition of vectors-Representation of vectors- Resolution of vectors - Parallelogram, Triangle and Polygon laws of vectors–Subtraction of vectors- Dot and Cross products of vectors-Problems

#### 3. Dynamics

Introduction-Concept of acceleration due to gravity-Equations of motion for a freely falling body and for a body thrown up vertically- Projectiles- Horizontal and Oblique projections-Expressions for maximum height, time of flight, range-Define force, momentum, angular displacement, angular velocity, angular acceleration, angular momentum, moment of inertia, torque—problems

#### 4. Friction:

Introduction to friction- Causes- Types of friction- Laws of friction- Angle of repose-Angle of friction- rough inclined plane- Advantages and disadvantages of friction-Methods of reducing friction-Problems

#### 5. Work, Power and Energy:

Work, Power and Energy- Definitions and explanation- potential energy- kinetic energy- Derivations of Potential and Kinetic energies-K.E and Momentum relation - Work-Energy theorem- Law of Conservation of energy- Problems

#### 6. Simple Harmonic Motion:

Introduction- Conditions of SHM- Definition- Examples- Expressions for displacement, velocity, acceleration, Time period, frequency and phase in SHM- Time period of a simple pendulum- Laws of simple pendulum-seconds pendulum-Problems

#### 7. Heat and Thermodynamics:

Expansion of Gases-Boyle's law-Absolute scale of temperature- Charles laws- Ideal gas equation- Universal gas constant- Differences between r and R-Isothermal and adiabatic processes- Laws of thermodynamics- Specific heats - molar specific heats of a gas -Different modes of transmission of heat Laws of thermal conductivity, Coefficient of thermal conductivity-Problems

#### 8. Sound:

Sound- Nature of sound- Types of wave motion -musical sound and noise- Noise pollution - Causes & effects- Methods of reducing noise pollution- Beats- Doppler effect- Echo-Reverberation-Reverberation time-Sabine 's formula-Conditions of good auditorium-Problems

#### 9. **Properties of matter**

Definition of Elasticity –Definition of stress and strain -the units and dimensional formulae for stress and strain-The Hooke's law-Definitions of Modulus of elasticity, Young's modulus(Y), Bulk modulus(K), Rigidity modulus (n), Poisson's ratio ( $\sigma$ ), relation between Y, K, n and  $\sigma$ (equations only no derivation)

Definition of surface tension-Explanation of Surface tension with reference to molecular theory - Definition of angle of contact -Definition of capillarity -The formula for surface tension based on capillarity - Explanation of concept of Viscosity - Examples for surface tension and Viscosity - Newton's formula for viscous force- Definition of co-efficient of viscosity- The effect of temperature on viscosity of liquids and gases - Poiseuille's equation for Co-efficient of viscosity- The related numerical problems

#### 10. Electricity & Magnetism:

Ohm's law and explanation-Specific resistance-Kirchoff's laws- Wheat stone's bridge-Meter bridge-Coulomb's inverse square law magnetic field- magnetic lines of forceMagnetic induction field strength- magnetic induction field strength at a point on the axial line - magnetic induction field strength at a point on the equatorial line-problems.

#### 11. Modern Physics;

Photoelectric effect –Einstein's photoelectric equation-laws of photoelectric effect-photo electric cell–Applications of photo electric effect- Total internal reflection- fiber optics-principle and working of an optical fiber -types of optical fibers - Applications of optical fibers-superconductivity–applications-Nanotechnology definition, non-materials, applications

#### **REFERENCEBOOKS**

Telugu Academy ( English version )
 Dr. S. L. Guptha and Sanjeev Guptha
 Guptha and Sanjeev Guptha
 Holiday
 Dhanpath Roy
 Text book of applied physics
 Text book of applied physics

5. D.A Hill Fibre optics6. XI & XII Standard NCERT Text Books

#### > Table specifying the scope of syllabus to be covered for Unit Tests

Unit Test	Learning outcomes to be covered
Unit Test – 1	From 1.1 to 4.9
Unit Test – 2	From 5.1 to 8.10
Unit Test – 3	From 9.1 to 11.8

# > Model question paper for Unit Test with COs mapped

# UNIT TEST -I **Model Question Paper (C-20) ENGINEERING PHYSICS (CH-103)**

Instructions: (1) Answer all questions. First question carries 4 marks and others carry 3 marks each.  (2) Answers for Question Numbers 2 to 5 should be brief and straight to the point and shall not exceed five simple sentences.  1. i) The dimensional formula of force is (CO1) ii) which of the following is a scalar [ ] (CO1) a) force b) work c) displacement d) velocity iii) we can add a scalar to a vector (Yes / No) (CO1) iv) Friction is a self-adjusting force. [True / False] (CO2)  2. Define dot product. Give one example. (CO1)  3. A force of 150 N acts on a particle at an angle of 30° to the horizontal. Find the horizontal and vertical components of force (CO2)  4. Define projectile. Give two examples. (CO2)  5. It is easier to pull a lawn roller than to push it. Explain (CO2)  PART—B 3x8=24  Instructions:(1) Answer all questions. Each question carries 8 marks. (2) Answer should be comprehensive and the criteria for evaluation is content but not the length of the answer.  6) (A)Derive an expression for magnitude and direction of resultant of two vectors using parallelogram law of vectors (CO1)  OR  (B) Write any four properties of dot product and any four properties of cross product (CO1)  OR  (B) Derive the expression for range and time of flight of a projectile (CO2)  8) (A) State and explain polygon law of vector addition with a neat diagram (CO1)  OR  (B) Derive the equation for acceleration of a body on a rough inclined plane (CO2)	TIME: 90 minutes To	tal Marks:40						
ii) which of the following is a scalar [ ] (CO1) a) force b) work c) displacement d) velocity iii) we can add a scalar to a vector (Yes / No) (CO1) iv) Friction is a self-adjusting force. [True / False] (CO2) 2. Define dot product. Give one example. (CO1) 3. A force of 150 N acts on a particle at an angle of 30° to the horizontal. Find the horizontal and vertical components of force (CO1) 4. Define projectile. Give two examples. (CO2) 5. It is easier to pull a lawn roller than to push it. Explain (CO2)  PART—B 3x8=24  Instructions:(1) Answer all questions. Each question carries 8marks. (2) Answer should be comprehensive and the criteria for evaluation is content but not the length of the answer.  6) (A)Derive an expression for magnitude and direction of resultant of two vectors using parallelogram law of vectors OR (B) Write any four properties of dot product and any four properties of cross product (CO1) 7) (A) Show that path of a projectile is a parabola in case of oblique Projection. (CO2)  OR (B) Derive the expression for range and time of flight of a projectile (CO2)  8) (A) State and explain polygon law of vector addition with a neat diagram (CO1)	Instructions: (1) Answer all questions. First question carries 4 marks and others carry 3 marks each. (2) Answers for Question Numbers 2 to 5 should be brief and straight to							
PART—B Instructions:(1) Answer all questions. Each question carries 8marks.  (2) Answer should be comprehensive and the criteria for evaluation is content but not the length of the answer.  6) (A)Derive an expression for magnitude and direction of resultant of two vectors using parallelogram law of vectors  OR  (B) Write any four properties of dot product and any four properties of cross product  (CO1)  7) (A) Show that path of a projectile is a parabola in case of oblique Projection.  OR  (B) Derive the expression for range and time of flight of a projectile  (CO2)  8) (A) State and explain polygon law of vector addition with a neat diagram  OR	<ul> <li>ii) which of the following is a scalar [ ] <ul> <li>a) force b) work c) displacement d) velocity</li> <li>iii) we can add a scalar to a vector (Yes / No)</li> <li>iv) Friction is a self-adjusting force. [True / False]</li> </ul> </li> <li>2. Define dot product. Give one example.</li> <li>3. A force of 150 N acts on a particle at an angle of 30° to the horizont Find the horizontal and vertical components of force</li> <li>4. Define projectile. Give two examples.</li> </ul>	(CO1) (CO1) (CO2) (CO1) cal. (CO1) (CO2)						
vectors using parallelogram law of vectors OR  (B) Write any four properties of dot product and any four properties of cross product (CO1)  (CO1)  (CO2) OR  (B) Derive the expression for range and time of flight of a projectile OR  (CO2)	Instructions:(1) Answer all questions. Each question carries 8marks. (2) Answer should be comprehensive and the criteria for							
cross product  7) (A) Show that path of a projectile is a parabola in case of oblique Projection.  OR  (B) Derive the expression for range and time of flight of a projectile  (CO2)  8) (A) State and explain polygon law of vector addition with a neat diagram  OR  (CO1)	vectors using parallelogram law of vectors							
8) (A) State and explain polygon law of vector addition with a neat diagram OR	cross product 7) (A) Show that path of a projectile is a parabola in case of oblique Projection.  OR	(CO1) (CO2)						
	8) (A) State and explain polygon law of vector addition with a neat diagram OR	(CO1)						

# BOARD DIPLOMA EXAMINATION, (C-20) FIRST YEAR EXAMINATION CH-103, ENGINEERING PHYSICS

Time: 3 hours ]

[ Total Marks: 80

PART—A 3×10=30 Instructions: (1) Answer all questions. Each question carries three marks. (2) Answers should be brief and straight to the point and shall not exceed five simple sentences. 1. Write the dimensional formula of the following physical quantities (CO1) (a) Velocity (b) Force (c) Angular momentum 2. Write any three properties of scalar product. (CO1) 3. Define projectile. Give two examples. (CO2) 4. It is easier to pull a lawn roller than to push it. Explain. (CO2) 5. Define potential energy and kinetic energy. (CO3) For a body in simple harmonic motion velocity at mean position is 4m/s, if 6. the time period is 3.14 s, find its amplitude. (CO3) 7. State first and second laws of thermodynamics. (CO4) Write any three conditions of good auditorium (CO4) 9. Define ohmic and non-ohmic conductors. (CO5) 10. State Coulomb's inverse square law of magnetism. (CO5) PART—B 8 ×5= 40 Instructions: (1) Each question carries eight marks. (2) Answers should be comprehensive and the criterion for valuation is the content but not the length of the answer. 11. A) Derive an expression for magnitude and direction of the resultant of two vectors using parallelogram law of vectors. (CO1) OR B) Show that path of a projectile is parabola in case of oblique projection and derive expression for maximum height. (CO2) 12. A) Derive expression for acceleration of a body sliding downwards on a rough inclined plane. (CO2) OR B) Verify the law of conservation of energy in case of a freely falling body. (CO3) 13. A) Derive an expression for velocity and acceleration of a particle performing simple harmonic motion. (CO3) B) Define ideal gas and derive ideal gas equation. (CO4)

14. A) Two tuning forks A and B produce 4 beats per second. On loading B with wax 6 beats are produced. If the quantity of wax is reduced the number of beats drops to 4. If the frequency of A is 326 Hz, find the frequency of B. (CO4)

- B) Explain surface tension based on molecular theory. Write three examples of surface tension. (CO5)
- 15. A) Derive an expression for balancing condition of Wheat stone's bridge with a neat circuit diagram. (CO5)

OR

B) Explain principle and working of optical fibers. Write any three applications (CO5).

> **PART C** 1x10 = 10

16) Derive relationship between  $C_p$  and  $C_v$  and hence show that  $C_p$  is greater than  $C_v$ .

Course code	Course title	No. of periods/week	Total no.of periods	Marks for FA	
CH-104	Inorganic Chemistry	4	120	20	80

S.No.	Chapter/unit title	No. of periods	CO's Mapped
1.	Classification of Elements	12	CO1
2.	"s" Block Elements	18	CO1,CO2,CO3
3.	"p" Block Elements	34	CO1,CO2,CO3
4.	"d" Block Elements	10	CO1,CO2,CO3
5.	Solutions	13	CO1,CO4
6.	Acids – bases	13	CO1,CO4
7.	Oxidation – Reduction	11	CO1,CO4
8.	Principles of Metallurgy	09	CO1,CO2
Total periods		120	

#### **Course objectives**

Course objectives (i)		To know the classification of elements and properties of s, p, d and
		f block elements
	(ii)	To understand solutions, acids and bases
	(iii)	To know about oxidation and reduction and balancing of chemical
		reactions and principles of metallurgy

#### **Course Outcomes**

CO1	CH-104.1	Definitions, Classification, laws, tables, Concepts,	
CO2	CH-104.2	Physical and chemical properties of elements, Uses , applications	
CO3	CH-104.3	Preparations, manufacturing processes, chemical reactions	
CO4	CH-104.4	solved problems	

#### **LEARNING OUTCOME**

#### 1.0 Classification of Elements

- 1.1 Need for classification of Elements
- 1.2 State the modern periodic law
- 1.3 Periodicity and periodic properties
- 1.4 Main features of modern periodic table
- 1.5 Classification of Elements into s,p,d,f blocks

#### 2.0 "s" Block Elements

- 2.1.1 Elements of Group-IA General Properties
  - a) Electronic configuration
  - b) Metallic Non Metallic character
  - c) Ionization potential
  - d) Electron affinity
  - e) Electro positive nature

## 2.1.2 Physical Properties

- a) PhysicalState
- b) Metallic Character

- c) Density
- d) Melting Point and Boiling Point
- e) Bonding
- 2.1.3 Chemical Properties
  - a) Oxides
  - b) Hydrides
  - c) Halides
- 2.1.4 Compounds of 1<sup>st</sup> Group elements
  - a) Preparation of NaOH (by Castner Kelner process)
  - b) Physical properties Chemical Properties
  - c) Chemical properties and uses of Na<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub>
- 2.2 Elements of II A Group Elements General Properties
  - a) Electronic configuration
  - b) Metallic Non Metallic character
  - c) Ionization Potential
  - d) Electron affinity
  - e) Electropositive nature
- 2.2.1 Physical Properties
  - a) Melting Point and Boiling Point
  - b) Density
  - c) Bonding
- 2.2.3 Chemical Properties
  - a) Oxides
  - b) Hydrides
  - c) Halides
- 2.2.4 Chemical Properties and uses of
  - a) CaO b) Ca(OH)<sub>2</sub> c) CaCl<sub>2</sub>

#### 3.0 "p" Block Elements

- 3.1.1 Elements of III A group General properties
  - a) Electronic configurations
  - b) Ionization Energy
  - c) Electronegative nature
  - d) Metallic and Non Metallic character
  - e) Electropositive nature
- 3.1.2 Physical Properties
  - a) M.P b) B.P c) Bonding
- 3.1.3 Extraction of aluminium (Hall herald process)
- 3.1.4 Chemical Properties
  - a) Oxides
  - b) Halides
- 3.1.5 Chemical Properties and uses of
  - a) Boric Acid b) Potash Alum
- 3.2 Elements of IV A group general properties
- 3.2.1 Describe the properties and uses of carbon & silicon
- 3.2.2 State the allotropy of carbon and silicon
- 3.2.3 Describe the properties and uses of oxides of carbon
- 3.2.4 Describe the allotropic forms of carbon and their uses
- 3.3. Elements of V group General Properties
  - a) Electronic Configuration

- b) Ionization potential
- c) Electro negativity
- d) Electropositive nature
- 3.3.1 Physical and Chemical Properties
  - a) M.P. and B.P
  - b) Bonding
  - c) Oxides and Oxy-acids
  - d) Hydroxides
  - e) Halides
- 3.3.2 Preparation of NH<sub>3</sub> by Haber process
- 3.3.3 Physical properties and chemical properties of NH<sub>3</sub>
  - a)  $NH_3 + CO_2$
  - b)  $NH_3 + Na$
  - c) Basic Nature
  - d) Action with halogens
  - e) Actions with CaOCl<sub>2</sub>
- 3.3.4 Uses of Ammonia
- 3.3.5 Preparation of HNO<sub>3</sub> (Berkland-Eyde Process)
- 3.3.6 Physical and Chemical Properties of HNO<sub>3</sub>
  - a) M.P and B.P
  - b) Oxidizing Properties
  - c) Action of Metals
  - d) Action of Organic compounds
  - e) Formation of Aquaregia
  - f) Decomposition
- 3.3.7 Allotropic forms of phosphorus
- 3.4 VI Group elements General properties
  - a) Electronic configuration
  - b) Ionization Potential
  - c) Electro negativity
  - d) Electro positivity
- 3.4.1 Physical properties of VI group elements
  - a) M.P and B.P b)Bonding.
- 3.4.2 Chemical properties
  - a) Oxides and Oxyacids
  - b) Halides
  - c) Hydrides
- 3.4.3 a) Preparation of ozone (Siemen's and Halske's method)
  - b) Physical and chemical properties of ozone
  - c) Uses of ozone
- 3.4.4 a) Allotropic forms of "S"
  - b) Physical and chemical properties of "S"
- 3.4.5. Heavy water properties and uses.
- 3.5 VII A group elements
  - a) General properties of VII group elements
  - b)Preparation of fluorine (Whyt law gray's method)
  - c)Preparation of chlorine (Nelson Method)
  - d)Preparation of HCl
  - e)Physical and Chemical properties and uses of HCl
  - f)Preparations, properties and uses of bleaching powder (Bachman's Plant)

#### 4.0 "d" Block Elements

- 4.1 General Properties of transition elements
- 4.2 General characteristics
- 4.3 Werner's theory of complex compounds
- 4.4 Effective atomic numbers

#### **5.0 Solutions**

- 5.1 Definitions of solutions, solute, solvent.
- 5.2 Aqueous solutions, alcoholic solutions
- 5.3 Define Molarity, Normality and Mole fractions
- 5.4 Simple problems based on concentration method
- 5.5 Buffer solutions, different types of buffer solutions application of buffer solutions
- 5.6 Define dilute solutions and Raoult's Law
- 5.7 Define Vapour pressure and determination by Ostwald's method
- 5.8 Solubility of a solid in liquid

#### 6.0 Acids - bases

- 6.1 Arrhenius concept of acids and bases with examples
- 6.2 Lowry Bronsted concept with examples
- 6.3 Lewis concept with examples
- 6.4 Definition of pH pH Scale
- 6.5 Simple problems based on pH
- 6.6 Theories of Indicators
- 6.7 Ostwald's theory of acid and base indicator.
- 6.8 Postulates of Ostwald's theory.
- 6.9 Action of phenolphthalein and methylorange indicators.

#### 7.0 Oxidation - Reduction

- 7.1 Oxidation Reduction based on electronic concept
- 7.2 Definition of oxidation number
- 7.3 Rules determining oxidation numbers
- 7.4 Calculate the oxidation numbers
- 7.5 Rules determining the balancing of equations by ion electron method
- 7.6 Balance the following Ionic Equations

$$a)Cr_2O_7^{2-} + No_2^- \to Cr^{3+} + No_3^-$$
 (in Acidic Medium)

$$b)P_4 + OH^- \rightarrow PH_3 + H_2Po_2$$
 (in Alkaline medium)

$$c)M_no_4^- + Fe^{2+} \rightarrow M_n^{2+} + Fe^{+3}$$
 (in Acidic medium)

## 8.0Principles of Metallurgy

- 8.1 Introduction
- 8.2 Occurrence of Metals
- 8.3 Characteristics of metals
- 8.4 Metallurgy Metallurgical operations

#### **COURSE CONTENTS**

#### 1. Periodic classification of elements

Classification – periodic law – periodicity and periodic properties classification of elements into s, p, d, f blocks.

#### 2. S – Block elements (Alkali metals and Alkaline earth metals)

Elements of group IA – General properties, physical and chemical properties of compounds of I group i.e. NaOH, Na<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub> – preparations, properties and uses.

#### 3 P – Block Elements (III, IV, V, VI, VII group elements)

- A. III Group: General Properties Physical properties, chemical properties compounds of III Group Boric acid, Potash Alum properties uses.
- B. IV Group: Describe the properties of carbon, sulphur state the allotropes of carbon, silicon properties, uses of oxides.
- C. V Group: General properties, physical and chemical properties, preparation of NH<sub>3</sub>, HNO<sub>3</sub> chemical, physical properties and uses allotropic forms of "P"
- D. VI Group: General properties physical and chemical properties preparation of ozone and heavy water their properties and uses allotropic form of "S"
- E. VII Group: General properties preparation and properties of fluorine, chlorine, HCl preparation of Bleaching powder (by Bachmann's plant) uses.

#### 4 D – BLOCK ELEMENTS (Transition Elements)

General properties of transition elements – some general characteristics – werner's theory of complex compounds – effective atomic number

- 5 Solutions Concentration methods, problems buffer solutions colligative properties solubility
- **Acids and bases** Arrhenius acid base theory Lowry Bronsted concept Lewis concept pH Problems- theory of indicators.
- **Oxidation Reduction** definition rules determining calculation of oxidation numbers balancing the equations by Ion electron method.

#### 8 Metallurgy – General Principles

Introductions – occurrence of metals – characteristics of metals – metallurgy – various metallurgical operations

#### **REFERENCE BOOKS**

- 1. Intermediate 1<sup>st</sup> Year Chemistry by Telugu Akademi (2002 Editor)
- 2. Intermediate 2<sup>nd</sup> Year Chemistry by Telugu Akademi (2002 Editor)
- 3. Unified Chemistry for B.Sc. Students, JPNP, Meerut
- 4. Inorganic Chemistry by P.L. Soni
- 5. Engineering Chemistry by B.K. Sharma
- 6. Engineering Chemistry by O.P. Agarwal
- 7. Engineering Chemistry by Jain & Jain

# Model Blue print with weightages for Blooms category and questions for each chapter and COs mapped

S.No	Chapter/unit title	No. of periods	Weightage allocated	Marks wise Distribution of weightage		Question wise Distribution of weightage				CO'sMapped		
				R	U	Ар	An	R	U	Ар	An	
1	Classification of Elements	12	8			8				1		CO1
2	"s" Block Elements	18	11		3	8			1	1		CO1,CO2,CO3
3	"p" Block Elements	34	24	3	3	8	10	1	1	1	1	CO1,CO2,CO3
4	"d" Block Elements	10	9	3	3	3		1	1	1		CO1,CO2,CO3
5	Solutions	13	8			8				1		CO1,CO4
6	Acids – bases	13	8			8				1		CO1,CO4
7	Oxidation – Reduction	11	6	3	3			1	1			CO1,CO4
8	Principles of Metallurgy	09	6	3	3			1	1			CO1,CO2
	Total	120	80	12	15	43	10	4	5	6	1	

Unit test NO	Learning out comes to be covered
Unit test-I	Objectives from 1.1 to 3.3.1(e)
Unit test-II	Objective from 3.3.2 to 5.8
Unit test-III	Objective from 6.1 to 8.4

## **MODEL PAPER 1**

C-20 CH-104

# STATE BOARD OF TECHNICAL EDUCATION AND TRAINING, A.P DIPLOMA IN CHEMICAL ENGINEERING-I YEAR SUBJECT NAME: INORGANIC CHEMISTRY

SUBJECT CODE: CH-104

	Unit Test	-1	
<u>Time</u>	: 90minutes	Max Marks: 40	
	PART-	A	16marks
l a t a t i a			
instructio	ons: (1) Answer all questions.	of the guestions carries. Three r	marke
	(2) First question carries 4 marks and rest	of the questions carries inree r	narks
1.	. (a) State Modern Periodic law.		(CO1)
	(b) What is the trend of Ionization potential	and atomic size in IA group	(CO1)
	elements.		
	(c)Define Allotropy.		(CO1)
	(d)Write the formulae of Boric acid and pota	sh alum.	(CO1)
	. What is Periodicity? Mention the periodic pr	•	(CO1)
3.	. Write the chemical properties of sodium hyc	lroxide.	(CO2)
4.	. Write 2 uses of Boric acid and Potash Alum.		(CO2)
	PART	_	
Instructio	ons: 1) Answer all questions. Each question car	_	
	2) Answer should be comprehensive and the	ne criterion for valuation is the	
	content but not the length of the answer.		
5	. Describe the main features of modern period	dic table	(CO1)
J.	Or	are table.	(CO1)
Г	Describe the classification of elements into s,p,c	l and f-blocks	(CO1)
_		tana i bioche.	(001)
6.	. Describe the preparation of sodium hydroxic	de by Castner-Kelner process wi	ith a neat
	labeled diagram.	,	(CO3)
	Or		,
D	escribe the chemical properties and uses of	(CO2)	
	(a) Ca(OH) <sub>2</sub> (b) CaO (c) CaCl <sub>2</sub>	` '	
7.	. Describe the extraction of Aluminium by Hal	I-Herald process with a neat lab	eled
	diagram.		(CO3)
	Or		
	Describe the allotropic forms of carbon and t	heir uses.	(CO1)

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## **BOARD DIPLOMA EXAMINATIONS** C-20,CH-104, INORGANIC CHEMISTRY- I YEAR **MODEL PAPER- END EXAMINATION**

TIME:3 HOURS MAX.MARKS:80

	Part –A 10x3=30	
Instru	ctions: 1) Answer all questions.Each question carries three marks.	
mstru	2) Answer an questions Each question carries three marks.  2) Answer should be brief and straight to the point and shall not exceed the same and shall not e	five simple
	sentences.	iive siiripie
1.	What is the Ionization potential? Explain its variation in a group and along perio	d. (CO1)
2.	Write the electronic configurations of III A and V group elements.	(CO1)
3.	Write physical properties of HCl.	(CO1)
3. 4.	Write the general properties of transition elements.	(CO1)
5.	Define effective atomic number and give the formula for the calculation of EAN	• •
5. 6.	Write any three important postulates of Werner's theory of metal complex.	(CO1)
7.	Define oxidation number and calculate the oxidation number of 'S' in $H_2SO_4$ .	(CO1)
7. 8.	What is oxidation and reduction based on electronic concept? (CO1)	(CO1)
9.	Write the characteristics of metals.	(CO2)
10.	Define a) Flux and b) Slag.	(CO1)
10.	Part-B	(CO1)
Instru	ctions: 1) Answer all questions. Each question carries eight marks.	
	2) Answer should be comprehensive and the criterion for valuation is the	content
	but not the length of the answer.	
11.	State the modern periodic law, periodicity and periodic properties .	(CO1)
	Or	,
	Discuss the salient features of different blocks of elements in the periodic table.	.(CO1)
12.	Explain the preparation of NaOH by Castner-Kelner process.	(CO3)
	Or	
	Write the chemical properties and uses of Ca(OH) <sub>2</sub>	(CO2)
	Or	
13.	Explain the preparation of NH₃ by Haber's process	(CO3)
	Or	
	Write the chemical and physical properties of Sulphur.	(CO2)
14.	Define Vapor pressure and determine vapor pressure by Ostwald's method.	(CO1)
	Or	
	Define Molarity, normality and Mole fraction and buffer solutions.	(CO1)
15.	Describe the Bronsted – Lowry theory concept of acids and bases with an exam	ple.(CO1)
	Or	
	Write a note on the theory of indicators and define P <sup>H</sup> .	(CO1)
	Part –C	
Instru	ctions: 1) Answer the question below.It carries 10 marks	
	2) Answer should be comprehensive and the criterion for valuation is th	e content
	but not the length of the answer.	
4.0	With the chartest and the color of the falls to	(000)

16. Write the chemical properties and uses of the following (CO2) a)HCl b) CO<sub>2</sub> c) Carbon

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Course code	Course title	No. of periods/week	Total no. of periods	Marks for FA	Marks for SA
CH-105	General Mechanical	05	150	20	80
	Engineering				

S.No.	Chapter/Unit title	No.of periods	CO's Mapped
1	Measuring Instruments & Fitting operations	32	C01,C02,C03,C04,C05
2	Welding, Friction and Lubrication	32	C01,C02,C03,C04,C05
3	Transmission of Mechanical power & I C Engines	31	C01,C02,C03,C04,C05
4	Boilers	25	C01,C02,C03,C04,C05
5	Properties of steam	10	C06
6 Steam Nozzles & Turbines		20	C01,C02,C03,C04,C05
Total pe	eriods:	150	

# **COURSE OBJECTIVES**

Course Objectives	(i)	To familiarize with the knowledge of different tools, equipment and machinery used in the
	(ii)	field of Mechanical Engineering  To use various tools for mechanical  measurements and to know fabricating
	(iii)	methods of mechanical products  To know the different methods of producing and transmitting mechanical power

#### **COURSE OUTCOMES**

COURSE OUTCOIVIES		
	CH-105.1	Demonstrate the Introduction/concepts related to
		mechanical processes
	CH-105.2	Explain the construction & working of mechanical tools &
		equipment
	CH-105.3	Observe, list and illustrate various mechanical operations
Course outcomes	CH-105.4	Differentiate the working of different tools, equipment and
		mechanical processes
	CH-105.5	Summarize the uses of various mechanical tools & equipment
	CH-105.6	Solved problems

#### **LEARNING OUTCOME:**

#### **Objectives:**

#### 1.0 Measuring Instruments.

- 1.1 Know about Measurement, types of measurement
- 1.2 Familiarize with the use of checking and measuring Instruments.
- 1.3 Line diagrams of different measuring tools.
- 1.4 Specific use of each Instrument
- 1.5 Least count of different measuring tools.
- 1.6 Differentiate measuring and checking Instruments.

#### **Fitting operations**

- 1.7 Familiarize with different hand tools
- 1.8 List and explain different marking tools, cutting tools, striking tools, holding devices and miscellaneous tools
- 1.9 List different fitting operations
- 1.10 Differentiate Tapping and dyeing, drilling and Reaming.
- 1.11 Explain cutting, filing, scraping
- 1.12 Identify the different types of hammers and their specifications.

#### 2.0 Welding

- 2.1 Define welding
- 2.2 State the advantages and limitations of welding
- 2.3 Give the classification of welding processes.
- 2.4 State the working principle of Arc welding
- 2.5 Identify the equipment and tools of arc welding
- 2.6 Arc welding procedure (sequential operations)
- 2.7 State the working principle of gas welding (Oxy-acetylene).
- 2.8 List different Gas welding equipment and explain each.
- 2.9 Gas welding procedure (sequential operations)
- 2.10 Differentiate bare electrode and coated electrode
- 2.11 State the uses of flux in welding
- 2.12 Differentiate soldering and brazing
- 2.13 Explain various flame-cutting processes.
- 2.14 State the advantages and limitations of flame cutting.

#### **Friction and Lubrication**

- 2.15 To appreciate the existence of friction in elements of power transmission
- 2.16 Understand the concept of friction
- 2.17 Explain the necessity of lubrication
- 2.18 Give the classification of lubrication
- 2.19 Explain the properties of good lubricant
- 2.20 State different methods of lubrication
- 2.21 Give the applications of above methods.

#### 3.0 Transmission of mechanical power

- 3.1 To know the selection criteria of various means of power transmission
- 3.2 List different methods of power transmission

- 3.3 Explain Belt drive, open and cross belt drive with line diagram and state its applications, advantages and disadvantages.
- 3.4 To identify different types of drives in belts.
- 3.5 State the applications, advantages and disadvantages of belt drives.
- 3.6 Explain Gear drives, simple, compound, worm and bevel gears and its velocity ratio.
- 3.7 Know the merits and demerits of Gear drive
- 3.8 Define shaft and shaft coupling
- 3.9 Differentiate the Hollow shaft with solid shaft
- 3.10 List different types of couplings, and give its applications.

#### I.C. Engine

- 3.11 Define Heat engine
- 3.12 Classify Heat engines.
- 3.13 Give examples for each type.
- 3.14 Summaries the advantages of I.C.Engines and E.C.Engines.
- 3.15 Give the classification of I.C.Engines. Draw a neat sketch of an I.C engine and name the various parts.
- 3.16 Explain the working of 4-stroke petrol engine with a line diagram
- 3.17 Explain the working of 2 stroke petrol engine with a line diagram.
- 3.18 Explain the working of a 4-stroke and 2-stroke diesel engine with a line diagram
- 3.19 Compare two-stroke engine with 4-stroke engine
- 3.20 Explain with the help of a line sketch ignition system of an SI engine.
- 3.21 Explain with the help of a line sketch ignition system of an CI engine.
- 3.22 Explain simple carburettor with a line diagram
- 3.23 Explain air-cooling and water-cooling.
- 3.24 Explain the working of Fuel Injector with the help of a line diagram
- 3.25 Explain fuel pump
- 3.26 Know about governing
- 3.27 List different methods of governing
- 3.28 Compare SI engine with CI engine

#### 4.0 Boilers

- 4.1 Define Boiler
- 4.2 Give the classification of Boiler
- 4.3 Differentiate fire tube and water tube boiler
- 4.4 Name different types of Boilers
- 4.5 Explain the construction and working of a simple Vertical Boiler with a line diagram
- 4.6 Explain Lancashire Boiler with a line diagram.
- 4.7 Explain the construction and working of a Babcock and Wilcox Boiler with a line diagram
- 4.8 List the different Boiler mountings.
- 4.9 State the specific use of each mounting.
- 4.10 Name the different Boiler accessories
- 4.11 State the functions of boiler accessories
- 4.12 List different methods of firing of coal
- 4.13 Distinguish solid fuel firing with Pulverized fuel firing.
- 4.14 Know about Boiler draught.
- 4.15 State different methods of Boiler draught.

#### 5.0 Understand the properties of steam

5.1 Define the various properties of steam

- 5.2 Compute the enthalpy, Internal energy and entropy of given pressure
- 5.3 Use the steam tables.
- 5.4 Interpret the date in steam tables to calculate enthalpy.
- 5.5 Compute the above values using Mollier chart

#### 6.0 Steam Turbines & nozzles

- 6.1 State the function of steam nozzle in a turbine
- 6.2 Name different types of nozzles
- 6.3 Define steam turbine
- 6.4 Give the classification of steam turbines
- 6.5 Explain the working of Impulse turbine with a line diagram.
- 6.6 Explain the working of a Reaction turbine with a line diagram
- 6.7 Explain the governing of turbines.

# Hyponated Course contents with Reference books: COURSE CONTENTS:

#### 1. Measuring Instruments

Outside and inside Calipers, spring calipers, Hermaphrodite (odd leg) caliper, Transfer caliper – sizes and uses; Dividers- Sizes and uses; combination square, bevel protractor, universal bevel protractor, sine bar, universal surface gauge, Engineers parallels, slip gauges, feeler gauge, angle gauge blocks, Radius gauge& template gauge, Screw pitch gauge, telescope gauge, plate and wire gauge, ring and plug gauges, snap gauges, specifications and uses. Vernier caliper, vernier height gauges, vernier depth gauge, micrometer -outside & inside, stick micrometer, depth micrometer, vernier micrometer, screw thread micrometer-specification & uses, calculation of least count of the above instruments. Differentiating between measuring and checking instruments.

#### **Fitting Operations**

Cutting, Filing, Scraping, thread cutting (Tapping and dieing), drilling and reaming (hand) – marking tools, cutting tools, striking tools, holding devices and miscellaneous tools.

#### 2. Welding

Introduction and classification of welding processes (IS:8.12)- Advantages and limitations of welding . Principle of Arc welding and equipment used. Principle of gas welding (Oxyacetylene) and equipment used. Welding procedures (Arc & Gas) –soldering–various flame cutting processes. Advantages and limitations of flame cutting.

#### **Friction & Lubrication**

Concept of friction with practical examples. Disadvantages of friction. Necessity for lubrication. Classification of lubricants, properties of good lubricants. Method of lubrication – their application.

#### 3. Transmission of Mechanical Power

Methods of power Transmission

- a) Belt drives types and application, advantages and disadvantages.
- b) Gear drives- simple, compound, worm and bevel gears- Merits and demerits.
   Shaft and shaft couplings
- a) Types and uses of shafts (Hollow and solid)-comparison.
- b) Types of couplings. i) Flange ii) Muff iii) Universal.
- c) Application of the above couplings.

#### I.C. Engines

Classification on the basis of a) Cycle of operation b) Types of fuel used c) Methods of ignition d) Methods of Cooling e) Speed of engine f) Arrangement of cylinders.

Four stroke and two strike cycles (petrol engine)

- a) Principle and operation of 4-stroke and 2-stroke engine –explanation with neat sketch.
- b) Fuel system in S.I engines Fuel pump Fuel filter Air cleaner; Simple carburetor

Four stroke and two-stroke diesel engine.

- a) Principle of operation, explanation with a neat sketch.
- b) components of solid injection system (CI)-fuel feed pump injection pump injector fuel filter.
- c) Governing system i) Quality Governing, (ii) Quantity Governing iii) Hit and miss method.
- d) Cooling system
- e) Scavenging and Super charging importance

#### 4. Boilers

Classification of boilers a) Fire-tube b) Water tube.

Sketch and description of: a) Simple vertical boiler b) Lancashire boiler c) Babcock and Wilcox boiler

Boiler Mountings: sketch and description of a) Water level indicator b) Pressure gauge c) Safety valve d) Steam stop valve e) Feed check valve f) Blow of cock, Fusible plug.

Boiler accessories: sketch and description of: a) Steam Trap and separator, b) Economiser (Greens) c) Super heater d) Air-Preheater

Draught a) Natural b) Artificial – Induced, forced, and balanced.

#### 5. Properties of steam

Formation of steam under constant pressure, dryness fraction and degree of super heat, specific volume. Determination of enthalpy, Internal energy, latent heat. Simple direct problems on the above using tables and charts.

#### 6. Steam Turbines

Steam Nozzles – function & Types-Convergent, Divergent and Convergent & divergent. Steam turbines

- a) Classification of steam turbines with examples. Construction and working of i) Impulse
- ii) Reaction iii) Impulse Reaction. Advantages, disadvantages, comparison
  - b) Methods of reducing speed of rotors.
- i)Velocity compounding (CURTIS) ii) Pressure compounding (Rateau) iii) Pressure and Velocitycompounding.
- c) Governing of turbines i) Throttle governing. ii) Nozzle governing.

#### **REFERENCE BOOKS:**

- 1. Workshop Technology, Volume 1 by Raghu Vamsi.
- 2. Workshop Technology by HazraChowdary.
- 3. Thermal Engineering by R.S.Kurmi.
- 4. Heat Engines Volume I&II by R.C.Patel. 5. Thermal Engineering I & II by Prakirappa

# Blue print with weightages for Blooms category and questions for each chapter and COs mapped:

S.No Chapter/Un it title		No.of Weightag period e s allocated		Marks wise Distribution of weightage			Question wise Distribution of weightage				CO's Mapped	
				R	U	A p	A n	R	U	A p	A n	
1	Measuring Instruments & Fitting operations	32	14	3	3	8	-	1	1	1	-	C01,C02,C03,C04,C 05
2	Welding, Friction and Lubrication	32	14	3	3	8	-	1	1	1	-	C01,C02,C03,C04,C 05
3	Transmissio n of mechanical power, I C Engines	31	14	3	-	8	3	1	-	1	1	C01,C02,C03,C04,C 05
4	Boilers	25	14		8	3	3	-	1	1	1	C01,C02,C03,C04,C 05
5	Properties of steam	10	10			10	-	-	-	1	-	C01,C02,C03,C04,C 05
6	Steam Nozzles & Turbines	20	14	3	3	8	-	1	1	1	-	C01,C02,C03,C04,C 05
Total:		150	80	1 2	1 7	45	6	4	4	6	2	C01,C02,C03,C04,C 05

# Model question paper with COs mapped

Unit test No	Learning out comes to be covered
Unit test-I	Objectives from 1.1 to 2.16
Unit test-II	Objective from 2.17 to 3.28
Unit test-III	Objective from 4.1 to 6.7

# (MODEL PAPER-1)

C-20, CH-105

# STATE BOARD OF TECHNICAL EDUCATION AND TRAINING, A.P DIPLOMA IN CHEMICAL ENGINEERING- IST YEAR Subject Name: GENERAL MECHANICAL ENGINEERING

**SUBJECT CODE: CH-105** 

Time: 90 minutes	UNIT TEST- I	Max.Marks:40
	Part-A	16 Marks
Instructions: (1) Answer all que		
(2) First question	carries four marks; each question	of remaining carries three marks
a) The size of divider i	s specified by	(CO2)
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	sed for the checking of sur	
•	ing an internal thread is called	
d) The composition of	electrode in welding is same as	(CO3)
2. Write the difference be	etween checking and measuring ins	truments. (CO4)
3. What is a flux? What ar	re the uses of flux in welding?	(CO3)
4. State the uses of spann	er with neat sketch.	(CO5)
5. Define limiting friction	and angle of friction.  Part-B	(CO1) <b>3X8=24</b>
Instructions: (1) Answer all qu	estions.Each question carries eight	
	d be comprehensive and the criter	ion for valuation is the content
but not the I	ength of the answer.	
6 a) Draw the neat sketch of u	niversal bevel protractor and expla (or)	in its working. (CO2)
b) Describe the working prin	ciple of vernier caliper with neat sk	etch. (CO2)
7 a) Explain the principle and pr	rocedure of arc welding with neat s (or)	ketch. (CO3)
b) Explain the principle and p	procedure of flame cutting.	(CO3)
8 a) Explain various fitting oper	ations. (or)	(CO3)
b) Describe and state the use	s of various chisels used in fitting sl	hop. (CO4)

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## (MODEL PAPER-2)

C-20, CH-105

# STATE BOARD OF TECHNICAL EDUCATION AND TRAINING, A.P DIPLOMA IN CHEMICAL ENGINEERING - IST YEAR SUBJECT NAME: GENERAL MECHANICAL ENGINEERING

**SUBJECT CODE: CH-105** 

Time:	90 n	ninutes	Unit Test II Ma	ax .Marks:40
			Part-A	16Marks
Instru	ıctior		nswer all questions.	
		(2) FII	rst question carries four marks; each question of remaining ca	arries three marks
1.	•			
	a)		easure of resistance of oil to flow is called	(CO1)
	b)	The ty (CO5)	pe of belt drive used to connect two shafts at right angles is ca	lled
	c)		n example for rigid compound	(CO4)
	d)	Piston	rings in IC engine are used to prevent	(CO2)
2.	Sta	ate the r	equisites of couplings.	(CO1)
3.	. Co	mpare s	olid and hollow shafts.	(CO4)
4.	Cla	assify he	at engines with examples.	(CO5)
5.	. Wl	hat is qu	ality governing of IC engines	(CO3)
			Part-B	3 x 8 = 24
Instru	ictior	(2) A	nswer all questions. Each question carries eight marks nswer should be comprehensive and the criterion for valuation but not the length of the answer.	on is the content
6 a)	Expla	in differ	ent types of belt drives (or)	(CO4)
b)	Expla	in veloc	ity ratio of compound gear train with neat diagram.	(CO6)
7 a) D	raw t (oı		sketches of different gears and state their uses.	(CO3)
b) E	-	-	nt constructional features of IC engine with neat sketch.	(CO2)
8 a) D	escri	be the w	vorking principle of 2- stroke petrol engine with line diagram	(000)
			(or)	(CO2)
•		the layou compon	ut of fuel system in diesel engines and state the function of ent.	(CO5)

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# (MODEL PAPER-3)

C-20, CH-105

# STATE BOARD OF TECHNICAL EDUCATION AND TRAINING, A.P. **DIPLOMA IN CHEMICAL ENGINEERING - Ist YEAR**

**Subject Name: GENERAL MECHANICAL ENGINEERING** 

**Subject Code: CH-105** 

Time: 90 mi	nutes Unit Test III	Max .Marks:40
	Part-A	16 Marks
Instructions	: (1) Answer all questions.	
	(2) First question carries four marks; each questi	on of remaining carries three marks
1.		
	a) Give an example for boiler mounting.	(CO1)
	b) The ratio between mass of dry saturated steam	n to mass of wet steam Is called
		(CO6)
	c) The steam nozzle coverts of steam into kin	etic energy (CO3)
	d) The fixed blades act as in reaction turbines	(CO3)
2.	What is boiler draught? Give different methods of	boiler draught (CO3)
3.	Define the terms a) saturation temperature b) dea	gree of super heat (CO1)
4.	State the function and application of steam nozzles	(CO5)
5.	How steam turbines are classified?	(CO2)
	Part-B	3x8=24

Instructions: (1) Answer all questions. Each question carries eight marks

(2) Answer should be comprehensive and the criterion for valuation is the content but not the length of the answer.

6 a) Draw a neat sketch of Lancashire boiler and describe its working. (or)	(CO1)
b) What are boiler accessories? State the functions of few of them?	(CO3)
7 a) Find the specific volume, enthalpy, work of evaporation, internal latent h and internal energy for wet steam of pressure 9.5 bar and dryness fraction	
0.85 by using steam tables.  (or)	(CO6)
b) Draw a neat sketch of reaction turbine and describe its working.	(CO4)
8 a) Explain pressure and velocity compounding of steam turbines. (or)	(CO2)
b) Explain nozzle control method of governing in steam turbine.	(CO1)

# **MODEL QUESTION PAPER WITH COS MAPPED**

Q.No	MODEL QUESTION PAPER WITH COS  Question	Bloom's	Marks	СО
Q.NO	Question	category	allocated	addressed
PΔRT -	- A (30 marks)	category	anocateu	audresseu
1	Define a precision and non- precision instrument.	R	3	C01
2	List any six operations of fitting.	U	3	C02
3	Give the classification of welding methods.	R	3	C01
4	What are the differences between soldering and	Ар	3	C04
	brazing?	- 1		
5	State the purpose of mechanical couplings	Ар	3	C01
6	What is scavenging in IC engines? State its importance.	An	3	C03
7	Write down the uses of blow off cock and fusible plug	U	3	C05
	in boilers.			
8	What are the boiler accessories and name them?	R	3	C01
9	Denote the function and applications of steam nozzles?	Ар	3	C05
10	What do you understand by compounding of steam in	An	3	C03
	steam turbines.			
	PART –B (40 marks)	T	T	1
11	Draw a neat sketch of combination set. Explain the use	Ар	8	C02
	of different parts.			
	(or)			
12	Explain tapping and dieing operations in fitting shop.  Explain the principle and procedure of arc welding with	An	8	C03
12	neat sketch.	All	0	CUS
	(or)			
	Explain different properties of good lubricants.			
13	Explain the working of Universal coupling with neat	An	8	C03
	diagram			
	(or)			
	Draw the layout of fuel system in diesel engine and			
	state the function of each component.			
14	Explain the construction and working principle of	Ар	8	C02
	simple vertical boiler with a line diagram.			
	(or)			
	Draw a neat sketch of Lancashire boiler and describe			
15	its working.  Explain throttle governing in steam turbines with neat	۸۵	8	C03
13	diagram	Ар	0	CUS
	(or)			
	Explain nozzle control method of governing in steam			
	turbines.			
	PART –C (10 marks)		ı	ı
16	Find the specific volume, enthalpy, work of	U	10	C06
	evaporation, internal latent heat and internal energy			
	for wet steam of pressure 9. 5 bar and dryness fraction			
	0.85 by using steam tables.			

Course code	Course title	No. of periods/week	Total no of periods	Marks of FA	Marks for SA
CH - 106	Materials Technology	03	90	20	80

S.No	Chapter / unit title	No. of periods	CO's Mapped		
1.	Introduction	03	CO1		
2.	Mechanical Properties of metals and testing of materials	12	CO1,CO3,CO4,CO5		
3.	Structure of metals and alloys	08	CO1,CO5		
4.	Thermal equilibrium diagram	10	CO1,CO5		
5.	Production of Iron and Steel	13	CO3,CO5		
6.	Plain Carbon and Alloy Steels	06	CO2,CO6		
7.	Non ferrous metals and alloys	09	CO2,CO4,CO6		
8.	Miscellaneous materials	15	CO2,CO4,CO6		
9.	Corrosion	14	CO1,CO3,CO4, CO5,CO6		
	TOTAL	90			

# **COURSE OBJECTIVES:**

COURSE OBJECTIVES	i.	Definition and classification of engineering materials and their applications, mechanical properties and testing of materials, structure of metals and alloys.
	ii.	Thermal equilibrium diagram, cooling and allotropic forms of pure iron, manufacturing methods of iron and steel, classification composition of properties of and applications of plain carbon and alloys steel.
	iii.	Composition properties, and applications of non-ferrous and metals and alloys applications and miscellaneous materials, types of corrosion, prevention methods of corrosion

# **COURSE OUTCOMES**

CO NO		Course Outcomes
CO1	CH-106.1	Introduction and definition of engineering materials, mechanical properties, unit cell and space lattice, corrosion and causes of corrosion
CO2	CH-106.2	Composition and properties of cast iron, plain carbon steel, alloy steel, Non-ferrous metals and alloys, stoneware, carbon and graphite.
CO3	CH-106.3	Determination of tensile strength, compressive strength by UTM, hardness by brinell hardness test, Rockwell hardness test, impact test by izod and charpy test, detect internal defects by radiography and ultrasonic test, manufacturing method of pig iron by blast furnace, cast iron by cupola furnace, steel by Bessemer converter, L-D converter, electric arc furnace.
CO4	CH-106.4	Applications of various destructive and non-destructive test, cast iron, plain carbon steel and alloy steel, non- ferrous metals and alloys, miscellaneous materials
CO5	CH-106.5	Draw a meet sketch of UTM, Brinell hardness test, Rockwell hardness test, impact test by izod and charpy, radiography and ultrasonic test, arrangements of atoms in BCC,FCC and HCP, iron carbon equilibrium diagram, blast furnace, cupola furnace, Bessemer converter, L-D converter electric arc furnace, electro chemical corrosion, bimetallic corrosion, inter granular corrosion.
CO6	CH-106.6	Types of destructive and non-destructive test, effect of grain size on mechanical properties, factors promoting grain size, phenomenon of crystallization, cooling curve and allotropic forms of pure iron, different types of cast iron, plain carbon steel, need for alloy steel with the other elements, prevention methods of corrosion

# CO-PO/PSO MATRIX

CO NO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CH-106.1	1	3	1					1	3	1
CH-106.2		3							3	
CH-106.3		3	1	2					3	1
CH-106.4		3		2			1		3	
CH-106.5			1							1
CH-106.6		3		2					3	
AVERAGE	1	3	1	2			1	1	3	1

3= strongly mapped

2= moderately mapped

1= slightly mapped

#### **LEARNING OUTCOMES**

#### 1.0 Introduction

- 1.1 Definition of Engineering Material.
- 1.2 Classification of Engineering Materials
- 1.3 Need of Engineering Materials and their applications.

#### 2.0 Mechanical Properties of metals and testing of materials

- 2.1 Define the following properties
  - a. Strength of a material
  - b. Ultimate Strength
  - c. Stress
  - d. Strain
  - e. Elasticity
  - f. Tensile and compressive strength
  - g. Ductility
  - h. Hardness
  - i. Toughness
  - j. Brittleness
  - k. Impact strength
  - I. Fatigue and creep strength.
- 2.2. Distinguish between destructive and non destructive methods of testing to identify various defects of materials and their applications..
- 2.3. Explain tensile strength and Compressive strength's by universal testing machine
- 2.4. Describe the hardness by Brinell hardness testing and Rockwell hardness testing machines.
- 2.5. Illustrate the determination of impact strength by Izod and Charpy's testing machines.
- 2.6. Summarize the procedures to detect the internal defects of a metal by radiography and ultrasonic tests.

#### 3.0 Structure of Metals and Alloys

- 3.1 Quote Unit cell and space lattice.
- 3.2 Describe the arrangements of atoms in FCC (Face Centered Cubic), BCC (Body
- 3.3 Centered Cubic) and HCP (Hexagonally close packed) systems and give examples.
- 3.4. State the effect of grain size on mechanical properties.
- 3.5. Identify the factors promoting grain size.
- 3.6. Explain the phenomenon of crystallization.

#### 4.0 Thermal Equilibrium Diagram

- 4.1 Explain Cooling curve and Allotropic forms of pure iron.
- 4.2 Draw Iron Carbon thermal equilibrium diagram.
- 4.3 Locate the peritectic, eutectic, eutectoid points from the iron carbon diagram.

#### 5.0 Production of Iron and Steel

- 5.1 List the various raw materials required for the production of iron.
- 5.2 Describe the block diagram of various manufacture methods of steel and iron.
- 5.3 Explain the production of Pig iron by Blast Furnace.
- 5.4 Explain the production of Cast iron by Cupola Furnace.
- 5.5 Explain the manufacturing methods of steel.
- 5.6 List the of different types of cast iron and mention the properties and applications of
- 5.7 Cast iron.

#### 6.0 Plain Carbon and Alloy Steels

- 6.1 List the classification of plain carbon steels.
- 6.2 Describe the need for alloying the steel with other elements.
- 6.3 List the composition, properties, industrial applications of alloy steels.
- 6.4. Select the proper alloy steel for the given engineering application.

#### 7.0 Non-Ferrous Metals and Alloys

- 7.1 Explain the importance of various non ferrous metals and alloys aluminum,
- 7.2 copper, Nickel, lead, Tin, Zinc, titanium, Zirconium.
- 7.3 List the properties of aluminum, copper, zinc, tin, lead, and their applications.
- 7.4 Explain the effects of the alloying elements (a) Copper (b) Silica (c) Magnesium (d) Manganese with aluminum.
- 7.5 List the types of copper alloys (Brasses & Bronzes), their properties and applications.
- 7.6 List the types of Nickel alloys (Monel, Hastalloy), their properties and applications.

#### 8.0 Miscellaneous Materials

- 8.1 Explain the Importance of Glass, types and applications.
- 8.2 Describe the importance of glass and its lining as materials of construction for the process equipment.
- 8.3 List the properties and applications of carbon and graphite.
- 8.4 Explain the composition, properties and applications of stoneware.
- 8.5 List the application of asbestos, Rubber, Elastomers.
- 8.6 List the application of polymers.
- 8.7 Define refractories and state their applications.
- 8.8 List the applications Glass ceramics, Ceramites and Glass wool.

#### 9.0 Corrosion

- 9.1 Define corrosion and explain the causes of corrosion.
- 9.2 Explain electro chemical theory of corrosion.
- 9.3 Describe (a) electrode potential (b) passivity (c) electro chemical series (d) polarization.
- 9.4 Explain briefly about (a) uniform corrosion (b) stress corrosion (c) pitting (d) hydrogen attack (e) Bimetallic corrosion (f) grain boundary corrosion (g) Fatigue corrosion
- 9.5 Explain briefly about the methods of prevention corrosion by a) proper selection of materials (b) organic coatings (c) inorganic coatings (d) Anodic and cathodic protection (e) Anodic and cathodic inhibitors.

# **BLUE PRINT**

S.N O	Chapter/ unit title	No. of period s	Weight age Allocate	Di	Marks Wise Distribution of Weight age			Di	Question Wise Distribution of Weight age			Cos Mapped
			a	R	U	A P	A n	R	U	A P	A n	
1	Introduction	03	03	3	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	CO1
2	Mechanical properties of metals and testing of materials	12	21	3	-	8	10	1	-	1	1	CO1,CO3,CO4,CO5
3	Structure of metals and alloys	08	03	3	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	CO1,CO5
4	Thermal equilibrium diagram	10	08	-	-	8	-	-	-	1	-	CO1,CO5
5	Production of iron and steel	13	11	3	-	8	-	1	-	1	-	CO3,CO5
6	Plain carbon and alloy steels	06	06	3	3	ı	-	1	1	-	-	CO2,CO6
7	Non - ferrous metals and alloys	09	11	3	-	8	-	1	-	1	-	CO2,CO4,CO6
8	Miscellaneo us materials	15	06	3	3	-	-	1	1	-	-	CO2,CO4,CO6
9	Corrosion	14	11	3	-	8	-	1	-	1	-	CO1,CO3,CO4,CO5,C O6
	TOTAL	90	80									

# Syllabus split up for Unit Test

Unit test No	Learning out comes to be covered
Unit test-I	Objectives from 1.1 to 4.3
Unit test-II	Objective from 5.1 to 7.6
Unit test-III	Objective from 8.1 to 9.5

# (MODEL PAPER-1)

C-20, CH-106

# STATE BOARD OF TECHNICAL EDUCATION AND TRAINING, A.P DIPLOMA IN CHEMICAL ENGINEERING - I YEAR

# **Subject Name: MATERIALS TECHNOLOGY**

**Subject Code: CH-106** 

Time: 90 minutes Unit Test I Max.Marks:40

Time. 30 minutes	Offic rest i	IVIAX.IVIAI K3.40
Instructions: (1) Answer all questio	Part-A ns.	16Marks
• •	es four marks; each question of remainir	ng carries three marks
Define the following proper		(004)
a) Iron is more elastic than		(CO1)
b) Abbreviation of UTM is		(CO1)
•	is more brittle? a)iron , b) rubber , c) ston	
•	o determine the Impact strength is	•
<ol><li>Define engineering material</li></ol>	•	(CO2)
	ctive and non-destructive tests.	(CO3)
<ol><li>State the effect of grain size</li></ol>	on mechanical properties.	(CO3)
5. Write the peritectic and eut	ectic reaction.	(CO4)
	Part-B	3X8=24
Instructions: (1) Answer all question	ons. Each question carries eight marks	
(2) Answer should be	comprehensive and the criterion for value	uation is the content
butnot the length	of the answer.	
6 a) Evaluin the hardness of a mater	rial by Brinell hardness testing machine w	iith a noat skotsh
(or)	,	(CO3)
` ,		
b) write the principle and explain	n the radiography test with a neat diagran	n (CO3)
7 a) Write about charpy impact and	I Izod impact testing with the help of diag	grams (CO3)
(or)		
b) Explain ultrasonic test with a no	eat sketch	(CO4)
	ce draw the structure of BCC and FCC and	explain (CO1)
(or)		and the same of th
b) With a neat sketch explain the in it.	iron carbon equilibrium diagrams and ide	(CO5)

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# **END EXAM MODEL PAPER**

Q.no	Questions	Bloom's	Marks	со	
Q.IIO	Questions	category	allocated	addressed	
	PA	RT – A (30 marks)			
1.	Define engineering materials	R	3	CO1	
2.	Distinguish between destructive	R	3	CO4	
۷.	non-destructive tests	N	0	CO4	
3.	State the effect of grain size on	R	3	CO6	
Э.	mechanical properties.	IX	3	C00	
	Write the properties and				
4.	applications different types of cast	R	3	CO4,CO2	
	iron.				
5.	Explain the need for alloying the	R	3	CO6	
	steel with other elements .				
6.	List the applications of alloy steels	U	3	CO4	
7.	Write the properties of zinc and tin.	R	3	CO2	
8.	Write the applications of asbestos.	R	3	CO4	
9.	Define refractories and write the	U	3	CO1,CO4	
	applications.				
10.	Explain passivity.	R	3	CO6	
	PA	RT –B (40 marks)			
	Explain the Brinell hardness test				
1	with a neat sketch (or) Explain the	АР	o	CO3	
1.	Rockwell hardness testing machines		8		
	with a neat sketch.				
	Explain iron carbon equilibrium				
2.	diagram (or) Explain cooling curves	AP	8	CO5,CO6	
	and allotropic forms of pure iron.				
	Explain the manufacturing method				
3.	of pig iron by blast furnace (or)	AP	8	CO3	
J.	Explain the manufacturing method	7	· ·	333	
	of cast iron by cupola furnace.				
	Explain the composition properties				
4.	and applications of brass(or) Explain	AP	8	CO2,CO4	
	the composition properties and			,	
	applications of nickel alloys.				
_	Explain electro chemical theory of	ΛD	0	CO6	
5.	corrosion (or) Explain preventive methods of corrosion.	AP	8	COB	
		RT – C (10 marks )		<u> </u>	
	Analyse the procedure to detect				
1.	internal defects of a metal by	AN	10	CO3	
<b>-</b> •	radiography test	, 114	10		

Course code	Course title	No. of periods/week	Total no of periods	Marks of FA	Marks for SA
CH - 107	Engineering Drawing	06	180	40	60

# **TIME SCHEDULE**

S.No	Major Topics	No. of Drawing plates	No. Of Periods	Marks to be awarded	Short Answer Questions	Essay type Questions
1	Importance of Engineering Drawing		01	-	-	-
2	Engineering Drawing Instruments	01	05	-	-	-
3	Free hand lettering & Numbering	01	06	05	1	-
4	Dimensioning Practice	01	09	05	1	-
5	Geometrical constructions	03	24	15	1	1
6	Projections of Points, Lines, Planes & Auxiliary Planes	03	21	05	1	
7	Projections of Solids	01	12	10		1
8	Sections of Solids	01	21	10	-	1
9	Orthographic Projections	01	30	10	-	1
10	Isometric Views	01	30	10	-	1
11	Development of surfaces	01	21	10	-	1
	Total	14	180	80	04	06

#### **COURSE OBJECTIVES AND COURSE OUTCOMES**

Course Objectives			oletion of the course the student shall able to understand the basic lls and use them in preparation of engineering drawings, their reading retation
	CO1	CH-107.1	Practice the use of engineering drawing instruments
	CO2	CH-107.2	Familiarise with the conventions to be followed in engineering drawing as per BIS
Course	CO3	CH-107.3	Construct the i) basic geometrical constructions ii) engineering curves
Outcomes	CO4	CH-107.4	Visualise and draw the orthographic projections of i) Points ii) Lines iii) Regular Planes iv) Regular Solids V) Sections of Regular Solids
	CO5	CH-107.5	Visualise and draw the isometric views of machine components
	CO6	CH-107.6	Draw the developments of surfaces of regular solids and use them to make the components used in daily life

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	3	2	2				1	2	3	1
CO2	3	2	2				1	2	3	1
CO3	3	2	2				1	2	3	1
CO4	3	2	2				1	2	3	1
CO5	3	2	2				1	2	3	1
CO6	3	2	2				1	2	3	1

3: High, 2: Moderate, 1: Low

#### **LEARNING OUTCOMES**

Upon completion of the course the student shall able to

#### 1.0 Understand the basic concepts of Engineering Drawing

- 1.1 State the importance of drawing as an engineering communication medium
- 1.2 State the necessity of B.I.S. Code of practice for Engineering Drawing.
- 1.3 Explain the linkages between Engineering drawing and other subjects of Mechanical Engineering

#### 2.0 Use of Engineering Drawing Instruments

- 2.1 Select the correct instruments to draw the different lines / curves
- 2.2 Use correct grade of pencil to draw different types of lines and for different purposes
- 2.3 Select and use appropriate scales for a given application.
- 2.4 Identify different drawing sheet sizes as per I.S. and Standard Lay- outs.
- 2.5 Prepare Title block as per B.I.S. Specifications.

2.6 Identify the steps to be taken to keep the drawing clean and tidy.

Drawing Plate 1: (Having two exercises)

#### 3.0 Write Free Hand Lettering and Numbers

- 3.1 Write titles using vertical lettering and numerals of 7mm, 10mm and 14mm height
- 3.2 Write titles using sloping lettering and numerals of 7mm, 10mm and 14mm height
- 3.3 Select suitable sizes of lettering for different layouts and applications Drawing plate 2: (Having 5 to 6 exercises)

## 4.0 Understand Dimensioning Practice

- 4.2 Acquaint with the conventions, notations, rules and methods of dimensioning in engineering drawing as per the B.I.S.
- 4.5 Dimension a given drawing using standard notations and desired system of dimensioning.
  - Drawing Plate 3: (Having 08 to 10 exercises)

#### 5.0 Apply Principles of Geometric Constructions

- 5.1 Practice the basic geometric constructions like i) dividing a line into equal parts ii) exterior and interior tangents to the given two circles iii) tangent arcs to two given lines and arcs
- 5.2 Draw any regular polygon using general method when i) side length is given ii) inscribing circle radius is given iii) describing circle radius is given
- 5.2 Draw the conics using general and special methods,
- 5.3 Draw the engineering curves like i) involute ii) cycloid iii) helix
- 5.4 Identify the applications of the above constructions in engineering practice.

  Drawing Plate -4: Having problems up to construction of polygon

  Drawing Plate -5: Having problems of construction of conics

  Drawing Plate -6: Having problems of construction of involute, cycloid and helix

#### 6.0 Projections of points, lines, planes & auxiliary planes

- 6.1 Explain the basic principles of the orthographic projections
- 6.2 Visualise and draw the projection of a point with respect to reference planes (HP&VP)
- 6.3 Visualise and draw the projections of straight lines with respect to two reference Planes (up to lines parallel to one plane and inclined to other plane)
- 6.4 Visualise and draw the projections of planes (up to planes perpendicular to one plane and inclined to other plane)
- 6.5 Identify the need of Auxiliary views for a given engineering drawing.
- Draw the auxiliary views of a given engineering component
   Drawing Plate -7: Having problems up to projection of points and Lines (15 exercises)
   Drawing Plate -8: Having problems of projection of planes (6 exercises)
   Drawing Plate -9: Having problems on auxiliary planes (Having 4 exercises)

#### 7.0 Draw the Projections of Solids

7.1 Visualise and draw the projections of regular solids like Prisms, Pyramids, Cylinder, Cone...(up to axis of solids parallel to one plane and inclined to other plane)

Drawing plate No.10: Having problems of projection of solids (10 exercises)

#### 8.0 Appreciate the need of Sectional Views

- 8.1 Identify the need to draw sectional views.
- 8.4 Differentiate between true shape and apparent shape of section
- 8.5 Draw sectional views and true sections of regular solids by applying the principles of hatching.
  - Drawing Plate–11: Having problems of section of solids (6 exercises)

#### 9.0 Apply principles of orthographic projection

9.1 Draw the orthographic views of an object from its pictorial drawing.

9.2 Draw the minimum number of views needed to represent a given object fully. Drawing Plate 12: (Having 10 to 12 exercises)

# 10.0 Prepare pictorial drawings

- 10.1 identify the need of pictorial drawings.
- 10.2 Differentiate between isometric scale and true scale.
- 10.3 Prepare Isometric views from the given orthographic drawings.

  Drawing plate 13: (Having 10 to 12 exercises)

#### 11.0 Interpret Development of surfaces of different solids

- 11.1 State the need for preparing development drawing.
- 11.2 Draw the development of simple engineering objects and their truncations (cubes, prisms, cylinders, cones, pyramid)
- 11.3 Prepare development of surface of engineering components like i) funnel ii)  $90^{\circ}$  elbow iii) Tray

Drawing plate No. 14: (Having 05 exercises)

# Competencies and Key competencies to be achieved by the student

S.No	Major topic	Key Competency
1.	Importance of Engineering Drawing	Explain the linkages between Engineering drawing and other subjects of study in Diploma course.
2.	Engineering Drawing Instruments	Select the correct instruments to draw various entities in different orientation
3.	Free hand lettering & Numbering	Write titles using sloping and vertical lettering and numerals as per B.I.S (Bureau of Indian standards)
4.	Dimensioning Practice	Dimension a given drawing using standard notations and desired system of dimensioning
5.	Geometrical construction	Construct ellipse, parabola, rectangular hyperbola, involute, cycloid and helix from the given data.
6.	Projection of points, Lines, Planes & Solids	Draw the projections of points, straight lines, planes & solids with respect to reference planes (HP& VP)
7.	Auxiliary views	<ul> <li>Draw the auxiliary views of a given Engineering component</li> <li>Differentiate between Auxiliary view and apparent view</li> </ul>
8.	Sections of Solids	<ul> <li>Differentiate between true shape and apparent shape of section</li> <li>Apply principles of hatching.</li> <li>Draw simple sections of regular solids</li> </ul>
9.	Orthographic Projection	Draw the minimum number of views needed to represent a given object fully.
10.	Isometric Views	<ul> <li>Differentiate between isometric scale and true scale.</li> <li>Draw the isometric views of given objects,.</li> </ul>

		•	Prepare development of Surface of regular solids
11.	Development of surfaces		and other components like i) funnel
			ii) 90 <sup>0</sup> elbow  iii) Tray

#### **COURSE CONTENTS:**

#### **NOTES:**

- 1.B.I.S Specification should invariably be followed in all the topics.
- 2. A-3 Size Drawing Sheets are to be used for all Drawing Practice Exercises.

#### 1.0 The importance of Engineering Drawing

Explanation of the scope and objectives of the subject of Engineering Drawing Its importance as a graphic communication -Need for preparing drawing as per standards – SP-46 -1988 – Mention B.I.S - Role of drawing in -engineering education – Link between Engineering drawing and other subjects of study.

#### 2.0 Engineering drawing Instruments

Classifications: Basic Tools, tools for drawing straight lines, tools for curved lines, tools for measuring distances and special tools like mini drafter & drafting machine – Mentioning of names under each classification and their brief description -Scales: Recommended scales reduced & enlarged -Lines: Types of lines, selection of line thickness - Selection of Pencils - Sheet Sizes: A0, A1, A2, A3, A4, A5, Layout of drawing sheets in respect of A0, A1, A3 sizes, Sizes of the Title block and its contents - Care and maintenance of Drawing Sheet,

#### 3.0 Free hand lettering & numbering

Importance of lettering – Types of lettering -Guide Lines for Lettering Practicing of letters & numbers of given sizes (7mm, 10mm and 14mm) Advantages of single stroke or simple style of lettering - Use of lettering stencils

#### 4.0 Dimensioning practice

Purpose of engineering Drawing, Need of B.I.S code in dimensioning -Shape description of an Engineering object -Definition of Dimensioning size description -Location of features, surface finish, fully dimensioned Drawing -Notations or tools of dimensioning, dimension line extension line, leader line, arrows, symbols, number and notes, rules to be observed in the use of above tools -Placing dimensions: Aligned system and unidirectional system ( SP-46-1988)-Arrangement of dimensions Chain, parallel, combined progressive, and dimensioning by co-ordinate methods-The rules for dimensioning standard, features "Circles (holes) arcs, angles, tapers, chamfers, and dimension of narrow spaces.

#### 5.0 Geometric Construction

Division of a line: to divide a straight line into given number of equal parts

**Construction of tangent lines**: to draw interior and exterior tangents to two circles of given radii and centre distance

#### **Construction of tangent arcs:**

i) To draw tangent arc of given radius to touch two lines inclined at given angle (acute, right and obtuse angles).

ii)Tangent arc of given radius touching a circle or an arc and a given line.

iii) Tangent arcs of radius R, touching two given circles internally and externally.

**Construction of polygon**: construction of any regular polygon by general method for given side length, inscribing circle radius and describing/superscribing circle radius

**Conics:** Explanation of Ellipse, Parabola, Hyperbola, as sections of a double cone and a loci of a moving point, Eccentricity of above curves — Their Engg. Applications viz., Projectiles, reflectors, Cooling Towers, P-V Diagram of a Hyperbolic process - Construction of any conic section of given eccentricity by general method - Construction of ellipse by concentric circles

method, Oblong Method and Arcs of circles method - Construction of parabola by rectangle method and Tangent method - Construction of rectangular hyperbola

**General Curves:** Involute, Cycloid and Helix, explanations as locus of a moving point, their engineering application, viz., Gear tooth profile, screw threads, springs etc. – their construction.

#### 6.0 Projection of points, lines and planes & auxiliary views

Classification of projections, Observer, Object, Projectors, Projection, Reference Planes, Reference Line, Various angles of projections –Differences between first angle and third angle projections

#### Projections of points in different quadrants

#### Projections of straight line -

- (a) Parallel to both the planes.
- (b) Perpendicular to one of the planes.
- (c) Inclined to one plane and parallel to other planes

#### **Projections of regular planes**

- (a) Plane parallel to one of the reference planes
- (b) Plane perpendicular to HP and inclined to VP and vice versa.

#### **Auxiliary views**

Need for drawing auxiliary views -Explanation of the basic principles of drawing an auxiliary views explanation of reference plane and auxiliary plane - Partial auxiliary view.

#### 7.0 Projections of regular solids

- (a) Axis perpendicular to one of the planes
- (b) Axis parallel to VP and inclined to HP and vice versa.

#### 8.0 Sections of Solids

Need for drawing sectional views – what is a sectional view - Hatching – Section of regular solids inclined to one plane and parallel to other plane

#### 9.0 Orthographic Projections

Meaning of orthographic projection - Using a viewing box and a model — Number of views obtained on the six faces of the box, - Legible sketches of only 3 views for describing object - Concept of front view, top view, and side view sketching these views for a number of engg objects - Explanation of first angle projection. — Positioning of three views in First angle projection - Projection of points as a means of locating the corners of the surfaces of an object — Use of miter line in drawing a third view when other two views are given -Method of representing hidden lines -Selection of minimum number of views to describe an object fully.

#### 10.0 Pictorial Drawings

Brief description of different types of pictorial drawing viz., Isometric, oblique, and perspective and their use - Isometric drawings: Isometric axes, angle between them, meaning of visual distortion in dimensions - Need for an isometric scale, difference between Isometric scale, and true scale - difference between Isometric view and Isometric projection - Isometric and non-Isometric lines - Isometric drawing of common features like rectangles, circular - shapes, non-isometric lines - Drawing the isometric views for the given orthographic projections -Use of box / offset method

#### 11.0 Development of Surfaces

Need for preparing development of surface with reference to sheet metal work-Concept of true length of a line with reference to its orthographic projection when the line is (i) parallel to the plane of projection (ii) inclined to one principal and parallel to the other - Development of simple solids like cubes, prisms, cylinders, cones, pyramid and truncation of these solids-Types of development: Parallel line and radial line development -Procedure of drawing development of funnels, 90° elbow pipes, Tray.

#### **REFERENCE BOOKS**

- 1. Engineering Graphics by P I Varghese ( McGraw-hill)
- 2. Engineering Drawing by Basant Agarwal & C.M Agarwal (McGraw-hill)
- 3. Engineering Drawing by N.D.Bhatt.
- 4. T.S.M. & S.S.M on "Technical Drawing" prepared by T.T.T.I., Madras.
- 5. SP-46-1998 Bureau of Indian Standards.

C-20-CH-107

# BOARD DIPLOMA EXAMINATIONS MODEL QUESTION PAPER DCHE – I-YEAR ENGINEERING DRAWING

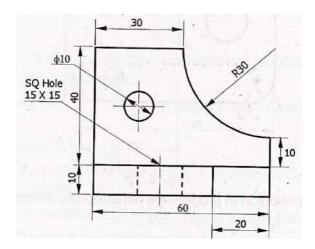
Instructions: 01. All the dimensions are in mm

02. Use first angle projections only

03. Due weightage will be given for the dimensioning and neatness

PART – A 05 x 04=20

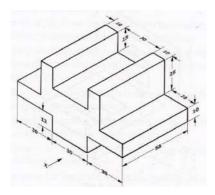
- 01. Answer all the questions
- 02. Each question carries FIVE marks
- 01. Write the following in single stroke capital vertical lettering of size 10mm ORTHOGRAPHIC PROJECTIONS
- 02. Redraw the given fig. and dimension it according to SP-46:1988. Assume suitable scale



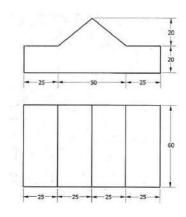
- 03. Draw internal common tangents to two unequal circles of radii 26mm and 20mm. The distance between the circles is 75mm.
- 04. Draw the projections of a regular pentagon of side length 40 mm inclined to the H.P. by 30<sup>o</sup> and perpendicular to V.P. using auxiliary plane method

- 01. Answer any FOUR of the following questions
- 02. Each question carries TEN marks
- 05. Draw the involute of a circle of diameter 30 mm and also draw a tangent to the curve at a distance of 60 mm from the centre of the circle.
- 06. A right circular cone of height 80 mm and base radius 60 mm is resting in the H.P. on one of its generators and its axis is parallel to V.P. Draw the projections of the solid.
- 07. A regular hexagonal prism of height 80 mm and base side 40 mm is resting in the H.P. on its base. It is cut by an auxiliary inclined plane of 60° inclination passing through the axis at a

- distance of 30 mm from the top base. Draw the sectional views of the solid and the true section.
- 08. A pentagonal pyramid of height 80 mm and base side 40 mm is resting in the H.P. on its base such that one of the sides of the base is perpendicular to the V.P. It is cut by a section plane perpendicular to the V.P. and inclined to the H.P. by  $60^{0}$  and passing through the axis at a distance of 25 mm from the base. Draw the development of the lateral surface of the truncated pyramid.
- 09. Draw the front view, top view and left side view of the object shown in the fig.



11. Draw the isometric view of the component whose orthographic projections are given below



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Course code	Course title	No. of periods/week	Total no.of periods	Marks for FA	Marks for SA
CH-108	Workshop practice	6	180	40	60

S.No.	Major Topics	No. of periods
1.	Carpentry	24
2.	Fitting and welding	36
3.	Basic machine operations	22
4.	Plumbing	08
TOTAL		90

COURSE TITLE: WORKSHOP PRACTICE			
Course Objectives	(, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		
desired purpose  CH-108.2 Perform precise operations/		Demonstrate the skill of planning and organizing experimental set up for a desired purpose  Perform precise operations/tasks with Engineering equipment or instrument for investigation of Engineering problems	
Course Outcomes	CH-108.3 CH-108.4	Observe various parameters, their variations and graphically represent the same  Analyse the experimental results to draw inferences to make recommendations	
	CH-108.5	Practice ethics & etiquette while working in a group and display professionalism while communicating as a member and leader in a group	

#### **LEARNING OUTCOME**

- 1.0 Use of different tools in Carpentry, Fitting, Welding and Turning section of workshop.
- 2.0 Prepare various carpentry joints, panel boards and cabinet boxes.
- 3.0 Hacksaw cutting, grinding, thread cutting for metal conduit; G.I. Pipes and roads etc, in fitting section.
- 4.0 Handle welding transformer and make lap and butt joints.
- 5.0 Exercise on lathe like simple turning, step turning, taper turning and knurling.
- 6.0 Exercise on thread cutting for pipes and rods on Lathes.
- 7.0 Hand drilling machines and grinding machine.
- 8.0 Know the basics of plumbing work and applications.
- 8.1 Know the types of pipe joints.

Understand the symbols.

Know the materials used pipes.

Assembling, threading, joining of pipes.

Able to understand cross, T, L joints etc.

#### **COURSE CONTENT**

#### Following list of experiments are to be made by every student in the workshop

#### 1. CARPENTRY

- 1. Exercises on planning, sawing and chiseling
- 2. Prepare a half lap joint
- 3. Prepare a Dovetail joint.
- 4. Prepare a Mortise joint.
- 5. Prepare a 20 cm X 15 cm Teakwood switch board with hinges and bottom hook.
- 6. Fix the laminate sheet to the above box and cut suitable holes to mount tone flush type switch, socket.

#### 2. FITTING AND WELDING

- 1. Exercises to cut a metal conduit, G.I. Pipe and solid rod using hack saw.
- 2. 3 & 4 Thread cutting of G.I.pipe, metal conduit and solid rod using Die set.
  - 5. & 6. Internal thread cutting using Tap set and cleaning the threads using reamers and make a hexagonal nut from a round rod.

#### WELDING

- 1. Prepare a job and to make a lap joint and finish it using grinder.
- 2. Prepare a job and make a butt joint and finish it with grinder.
- 3. Prepare the job and make 'T' joint.

#### 3. MACHINE SHOP

Exercise on turning the given rod to get three different diameters using lathe.

Make a bolt and cut threads using lathe.

Cut the threads to G.I. Pipe using lathe.

Prepare a centre punch and knurl its head.

Make a square plate using power hack saw, remove sharp edges using grinder, make triangle and drill three holes of different diameters at the vertices.

#### 4. PLUMBING

Plumbing work and applications

- 1. Types of pipe joints.
- 2. Symbols
- 3. Materials used for pipes
- 4. Assembling, Threading, Joining of pipes.
- 5. Different fittings such as cross, L, T etc.,

#### Scheme of Valuation for end Lab Practical Examination:

	Total	30 (Thirty) Marks	
C.	Viva Voice	05 (Five) Marks	
	Drawing the graph, finding result carries	15 (Fifteen) Marks	
В.	For Drawing the table, taking Readings, Calculation work,		
A.	Writing Aim, Apparatus, Formula, Graph, Precautions carries 10 (Ten) Marks		

# PHYSICS LAB PRACTICE (C-20 CURRIUCULUM COMMON TO ALL BRANCHES)

SubjectCode	SubjectTitle	Periodsperweek	Totalperiodsperyear
CH-109 A	Physics Laboratory	03	45

#### **TIMESCHEDULE**

S.No	Name of the Experiment	No.of Periods
1.	Hands on practice on Vernier Calipers	03
2.	Hands on practice on Screw gauge	03
3.	Verification of Parallelogram law of forces and Triangle law of forces	03
4.	Simple pendulum	03
5.	Velocity of sound in air – (Resonance method)	03
6.	Focal length and Focal power of convex lens (Separate & Combination) (Single	03
7.	Refractive index of solid using traveling microscope	03
8.	Boyle's law verification	03
9.	Meter bridge	03
10.	Mapping of magnet lines of force and locate null points	03
	DEMONSTRATION EXPERIMENTS	
11.	Surface tension of liquid using traveling microscope	03
12.	Coefficient of viscosity by capillary method	03
	Revision	06
	Test	03
	Total	45

#### **OBJECTIVES:**

#### Upon completion of the course the student shall be able to

- 1.0 Practice with Vernier calipers to determine the volumes and areas of a cylinder and sphere and their comparison etc .
- 2.0 Practice with Screw gauge to determine thickness of a glass plate, cross sectional area of a wire and volumes of sphere and also their comparison etc
- 3.0 Verify the parallelogram law and Triangle law
- 4.0 Determine the value of acceleration due to gravity using Simple Pendulum
- 5.0 Determine the velocity of sound in air at room temperature and its value at zero degree centigrade.
- 6.0 Calculate the Focal length and focal power of convex lenses using distant object method, U-V method, U-V graph and 1/U-1/V graph methods and their comparison.
- 7.0 Determine the refractive index of a solid using travelling microscope.
- 8.0 Verify the Boyle's law employing a Quill tube.
- 9.0 Determine the specific resistance of material of a wirel using Meter Bridge.
- 10.0 Drawing magnetic lines of force under N-S and N-N methods and locate null points.
- 11.0 Determine the surface tension of a liquid using travelling Microscope (**Demo**)
- 12.0 Determine the viscosity of a liquid using capillary method (**Demo**)

Competencies and Key competencies to be achieved by the student

Competencies and Key competencies to be achieved by the student		
Name of the Experiment	Competencies	Key competencies
1. Hands on practice on Vernier Calipers(03)	<ul> <li>Find the Least count</li> <li>Fix the specimen in posit</li> <li>Read the scales</li> <li>Calculate the physical quantities of given object</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Read the scales</li> <li>Calculate the requisite physical quantities of given objects</li> </ul>
2. Hands on practice on Screw gauge(03)	<ul> <li>Find the Least count</li> <li>Fix the specimen in posit</li> <li>Read the scales</li> <li>Calculate thickness of glass place and cross section of wire and other quantities</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Read the scales</li> <li>Calculate thickness of given glass plate</li> <li>Calculate cross section of wire and other quantities</li> </ul>
3. Verification of Parallelogram law of forces and Triangle law of forces(03)	<ul> <li>Fix suitable weights</li> <li>Note the positions of threads on drawing sheet</li> <li>Find the angle at equilibrium point</li> <li>Construct parallelogram</li> <li>Compare the measured diagonal</li> <li>Construct triangle</li> <li>Find the length of sides</li> <li>Compare the ratios</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Find the angle at equilibrium point</li> <li>Constructing parallelogram</li> <li>Construct triangle</li> <li>Compare the ratios of force and length</li> </ul>
4. Simple pendulum(03)	<ul> <li>Fix the simple pendulum to the stand</li> <li>Adjust the length of pendulum</li> <li>Find the time for number of oscillations</li> <li>Find the time period</li> <li>Calculate the acceleration due to gravity</li> <li>Draw I-T and I-T<sup>2</sup> graph</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Find the time for number of oscillations</li> <li>Find the time period</li> <li>Calculate the acceleration due to gravity</li> <li>Draw I-T and I-T<sup>2</sup> graph</li> </ul>
5. Velocity of sound in air  —Resonance method (03)	<ul> <li>Arrange the resonance apparatus</li> <li>Adjust the reservoir level for booming sound</li> <li>Find the first and second resonanting lengths</li> <li>Calculate velocity of sound</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Adjust the reservoir level</li> <li>Find the first and second resonanting lengths</li> <li>Calculate velocity of sound at room temperature</li> <li>Calculate velocity of sound at 0° C</li> </ul>

6. Focal length and Focal power of convex lens (Separate & Combination) (03)	<ul> <li>Fix the object distance</li> <li>Find the Image distance</li> <li>Calculate the focal length and power of convex lens and combination of convex lenses</li> <li>Draw u-v and 1/u – 1/v graphs</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Calculate the focal length and power of convex lens</li> <li>Draw u-v and 1/u – 1/v graphs</li> </ul>
7. Refractive index of solid using traveling microscope(03)	<ul> <li>Find the least count of vernier on microscope</li> <li>Place the graph paper below microscope</li> <li>Read the scale</li> <li>Calculate the refractive index of glass slab</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Read the scale</li> <li>Calculate the refractive index of glass slab</li> </ul>
8. Boyle's law verification (03)	<ul> <li>Note the atmospheric pressure</li> <li>Fix the quill tube to retort stand</li> <li>Find the length of air column</li> <li>Find the pressure of enclosed air</li> <li>Find and compare the calculated value P x I</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Find the length of air column</li> <li>Find the pressure of enclosed air</li> <li>Find the value P x I</li> </ul>
9. Meter bridge(03)	<ul> <li>Make the circuit connections</li> <li>Find the balancing length</li> <li>Calculate unknown resistance</li> <li>Find the radius of wire</li> <li>Calculate the specific resistance</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Find the balancing length</li> <li>Calculate unknown resistance</li> <li>Calculate the specific resistance</li> </ul>
10. Mapping of magnet lines of force(03)	<ul> <li>Draw magnetic meridian</li> <li>Placed the bar magnet in NN and NS directions</li> <li>Draw magnetic lines of force</li> <li>Locate the neutral points along equatorial and axial lines</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Draw magnetic lines of force</li> <li>Locate the neutral points along equatorial and axial lines</li> </ul>

11. Surface tension of liquid using traveling microscope(03)	<ul> <li>Find the least count of vernier on microscope</li> <li>Focus the microscope to the lower meniscus &amp; bent pin</li> <li>Read the scale</li> <li>Calculate height of liquid rise</li> <li>Calculate the surface tension of water</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Read the scale</li> <li>Calculate height of liquid rise</li> <li>Calculate the surface tension of water</li> </ul>
12 Coefficient of viscosity by capillary method(03)	<ul> <li>Find the least count of vernier</li> <li>Fix the capillary tube to aspiratory bottle</li> <li>Find the mass of collected water</li> <li>Find the pressure head</li> <li>Calculate rate of volume of liquid collected</li> <li>Find the radius of capillary tube</li> <li>Calculate the viscosity of water using capillary method</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Find the pressure head</li> <li>Calculate rate of volume of liquid collected</li> <li>Find the radius of capillary tube</li> <li>Calculate the viscosity of water</li> </ul>

# Scheme of Valuation for end Lab Practical Examination :

	Writing Aim, Apparatus, Formula, Graph, Precautions carri For Drawing the table, taking Readings, Calculation work,	ies 10 (Ten) Marks
	Drawing the graph, finding result carries	15 (Fifteen) Marks
C.	Viva Voice	05 (Five) Marks
	Total	30 (Thirty) Marks

#### > Course outcomes

, , ,		
	CO1	Experiments with Vernier calipers, Screw gauge, Parallelogram law and Triangle law
	CO2	Experiments with Simple pendulum, Resonance apparatus (Velocity of sound in air )
Course Outcomes	CO3	Experiments with Convex lens, Refractive index of solid by travelling microscope
	CO4	Experiments with quill tube (Boyles law verification), Meter bridge, Mapping of magnetic lines of force
	CO5	Experiments with Surface tension and Viscosity

# > COs-PO mapping strength (as per given table)

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7
CO1	3			1	1	1	1
CO2	3	2	2		1		
CO3	3		2			1	2
CO4	3	2			2		
CO5	3		1	2		1	2

3 = strongly mapped

2= moderately mapped

1= slightly mapped

# CHEMISTRY LABORATORY (C-20 curriculum common to all Branches)

Subject Code	Subject Title	Periods per week	Total periods per year
CH-109B	Chemistry Laboratory	03	45

CO1	Operate and practice volumetric apparatus and preparation of standard solution
CO2	Evaluate and judge the neutralization point in acid base titration
CO3	Evaluate the end point of reduction and oxidation reaction
CO4	Judge the stable end point of complex formation, stable precipitation
CO5	Judge operate and demonstrate and perform precise operations with instrument
	for investigation of water pollution parameters

## **PO CO mapping**

Course code CH-109B	Ch	No Of periods 45			
POs	Mapped with CO No			Level 1,2,3	remarks
		NO	%		
PO1	CO1,CO2,CO3,	12	26.66	2	>40% level 3 (highly
	CO4,CO5				addressed) 25% to 40%
PO2	CO1,CO2,CO3,	9	20	1	level2(moderately
	CO4,CO5				addressed 5% to 25%
PO3					level1 (Low addressed <
PO4	CO1,CO2,CO3,	12	26.66	2	5%(not addressed)
	CO4,CO5				
PO5	CO2,CO3,	12	26.66	2	
	CO4,CO5				
PO6					
PO7					

## COs-POs mapping strength (as per given table)

#### 3=strongly mapped

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	2	3		1				1		
CO2	2	3		2	2			1		
CO3	2	3		2	2			1		
CO4	2	3		2	2			1		
CO5	2	3		2	2			1		

<sup>2=</sup> moderately mapped

## Note:

The gaps in CO and PO mapping will be achieved by one or more appropriate activities from the following:

i) Seminars ii) Tutorials iii) Guest Lectures iv) Assignments v) Quiz competitions vi) Industrial visit vii) Tech Fest viii) Mini project ix) Group discussions x) Virtual classes xi) Library visit for e-books

<sup>1=</sup> slightly mapped

#### **TIMESCHEDULE**

S.No	Name of the Experiment	No.of	Napped with
_	A Decree 21 and Color of the color between and and all the color of th	Periods	COs
1.	a) Recognition of chemical substances and solutions used in the		601
	laboratory by senses. b) Familiarization of methods for Volumetric analysis	03	CO1
_	•		CO1
2.	Preparation of Std Na <sub>2</sub> CO <sub>3</sub> and making solutions of different dilution	03	
3.	Estimation of HCl solution using Std.Na <sub>2</sub> CO <sub>3</sub> solution	03	CO2
4.	Estimation of NaOH using Std.HCl solution	03	CO2
5.	Estimation of H <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub> usingStd.NaOH solution	03	CO2
6.	Estimation of Mohr's Salt using Std.KMnO <sub>4</sub>	03	CO3
7.	Determination of acidity of water sample	03	CO2
8.	Determination of alkalinity of water sample	03	CO2
9.	Determination of total hardness of water using Std.EDTA solution	03	CO4
10.	Estimation of Chlorides present in water sample	03	CO4
11.	Estimation of Dissolved Oxygen(D.O )in water sample	03	CO5
12.	Determination of pH using pH meter	03	CO5
13.	Determination of conductivity of water and adjusting ionic strength	03	CO5
14.	Determination of turbidity of water	03	CO5
15.	Estimation of total solids present in water sample	03	CO5
	Total:	45	

#### **OBJECTIVES:**

Upon completion of the course the student shall be able to

- 1.0 Practice volumetric measurements (using pipettes, measuring jars, volumetric flask, burettes) and gravimetric measurements (using different types of balances), making dilutions, etc.To identify the chemical compounds and solutions by senses.
- 2.0 Practice making standard solutions with pre weighed salts and to make solutions of desired dilutions using appropriate techniques.
- 3.0 Conduct titrations adopting standard procedures and using Std. Na<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub>solutionfor estimation of HCl
- 4.0 Conduct titrations adopting standard procedures and using Std. HCl solution for estimation of NaOH
- 5.0 Conduct titrations adopting standard procedures and using Std. NaOH solution for estimation of  $\rm H_2SO_4$
- 6.0 Conduct titrations adopting standard procedures and using Std.KMnO₄solution for estimation of Mohr'sSalt
- 7.0 Conduct titrations adopting standard procedures to determine the acidity of given samples of water (One ground water and one surface / tap water, and rain water if available)
- 8.0 Conduct titrations adopting standard procedures to determine the alkalinity of given samples of water (One ground water and one surface / tap water)
- 9.0 Conduct titrations adopting standard procedures to determine the total hardness of given samples of water (One ground water and one surface / tap water) using Std. EDTA solution
- 10.0 Conduct titrations adopting standard procedures to determine the chlorides present in the

- given samples of water and wastewater (One ground water and one surface / tap water)
- 11.0 Conduct the test using titrometric / electrometric method to determine Dissolved Oxygen (D.O) in given water samples (One sample from closed container and one from open container / tap water)
- 12.0 Conduct the test on given samples of water / solutions (like soft drinks, sewage, etc.) to determine their pH using standard pH meter
- 13.0 Conduct the test on given samples of water / solutions a) To determine conductivity
  - b) To adjust the ionic strength of the sample to the desired value
- 14.0 Conduct the test on given samples of solutions (coloured and non coloured) to determine their turbidity in NTU
- 15.0 To determine the total solids present in given samples of water (One ground water and one surface / tap water)

#### Competencies and Key competencies to be achieved by the student

Name of the Experiment (No of Periods)	Competencies	Key competencies
Familiarization of methods for Volumetric analysis. Recognition of chemical substances And solutions (03)	-	
Preparation of Std Na <sub>2</sub> CO <sub>3</sub> and making solutions of different dilution(03)	<ul> <li>Weighing the salt to the accuracy of .01 mg</li> <li>Measuring the water with volumetric flask, measuring jar, volumetric pipetteand graduated pipette</li> <li>Making appropriate dilutions</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Weighing the salt to the accuracy of .01 mg</li> <li>Measuring the water with volumetric flask, measuring jar, volumetric pipette and graduated pipette</li> <li>Making appropriate dilutions</li> </ul>
Estimation of HCl solution using Std. Na <sub>2</sub> CO <sub>3</sub> solution (03)	<ul> <li>Cleaning the glassware and rinsing with appropriate solutions</li> <li>Making standard solutions</li> </ul>	
Estimation of NaOH using Std.HCl solution (03)	<ul> <li>Measuring accurately the standard solutions and titrants</li> <li>Filling the burette with titrant</li> </ul>	<ul><li>Making standard solutions</li><li>Measuring accurately the</li></ul>
Estimation of H <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub> using Std.NaOH solution (03)	<ul><li>Fixing the burette to the stand</li><li>Effectively Controlling the flow</li></ul>	standard solutions and titrants <ul><li>Effectively Controlling the flow</li></ul>
Estimation of Mohr's Salt using Std.KMnO <sub>4</sub> (03)	<ul><li>of the titrant</li><li>Identifying the end point</li><li>Making accurate observations</li></ul>	of the titrant Identifying the end point Making accurate observations
Determination of acidity of water sample (03)	<ul><li>Calculating the results</li></ul>	
Determination of alkalinity of water sample (03)		

Tota	I 3	юм
A) Writing Chemicals, apparatus, p B) Demonstrated competencies Making standard solutions Measuring accurately the standa Effectively controlling the flow or Identifying the end point Making accurate observations C) Viva-voce	rd solutions and titrants f the titrant	5M 20M 5M
Estimation of total solids present in water sample (03)	<ul> <li>Measuring the accurate volume and weight of sample</li> <li>Filtering and air drying without losing any filtrate</li> <li>Accurately weighing the filter paper, crucible and filtrate</li> <li>Drying the crucible in an oven</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Measuring the accurate volume and weight of sample</li> <li>Filtering and air drying without losing any filtrate</li> <li>Accurately weighing the filter paper, crucible and filtrate</li> </ul>
Determination of turbidity of water (03)	<ul> <li>Plot the standard curve</li> <li>Make measurements         accurately</li> <li>Follow Safety precautions</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Make measurements         accurately</li> </ul>
Determination of conductivity of water and adjusting ionic strength to required level (03)	<ul> <li>Prepare standard solutions / buffers, etc.</li> <li>Standardize the instrument with appropriate standard solutions</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Standardize the instrument with appropriate standard solutions</li> <li>Plot the standard curve</li> </ul>
Determination of pH using pH meter (03)	<ul> <li>Familiarize with instrument</li> <li>Choose appropriate 'Mode'</li></ul>	<ul><li>Prepare standard solutions / buffers, etc.</li></ul>
Estimation of Dissolved Oxygen(D.O) in water sample (By titration method) (03)		
Estimation of Chlorides present in water sample (03)		
Determination of total hardness of water using Std. EDTA solution (03)		

Course code	Course Title	No. of Periods/Weeks	Total No. of periods	Marks for FA	Marks for SA
CH-110 (common to all branches)	Computer Fundamentals Lab	3	90	40	60

### Time schedule:

S.No.	Chapter/Unit Title	No. of sessions each of 3 periods duration	No.of Periods
1.	Computer hardware Basics	2	6
2.	Windows Operating System	2	6
3.	MS Word	8	24
4.	MS Excel	7	21
5.	MS PowerPoint	5	15
6.	Adobe Photoshop	6	18
	Total periods	30	90

S.No.	Chapter/Unit Title	No.of Periods	CO's Mapped
1.	Computer hardware Basics	6	CO1
2.	Windows Operating System	6	CO1
3.	MS Word	24	CO2
4.	MS Excel	21	CO3
5.	MS PowerPoint	15	CO4
6	Adobe Photoshop	18	CO5
	Total periods	90	

Course	i)To know Hardware Basics			
Objectives	ii)To familiarize operating systems			
	iii)To use MS Office effectively to enable to students use these skills in future			
	courses			
	iv) To use Adobe Photoshop in image editing.			

	At the	end of the cour	se students will be able to		
	CO1	CH-110.1	Identify hardware and software components		
	CO2	CH-110.2	Prepare documents with given specifications using word		
			processing software		
Course	CO3	CH-110.3	Use Spread sheet software to make calculation and to draw		
Outcomes			various graphs / charts.		
	CO4	CH-110.4	Use Power point software to develop effective presentation		
			for a given theme or topic.		
	CO5	CH-110.5	Edit digital or scanned images using Photoshop		

#### **CO-PO/PSO MATRIX**

CO NO.	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CH-110.1	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	2	3
CH-110.2	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	2	3
CH-110.3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	2	3
CH-110.4	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	2	3
CH-110.5	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	2	3
Average	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	2	3

#### 3=Strongly mapped, 2=moderately mapped, 1=slightly mapped

#### **LEARNING OUTCOMES:**

#### I. Computer Hardware Basics

- 1. a).To Familiarize with Computer system and hardware connections
  - b). To Start and Shut down Computer correctly
  - c). To check the software details of the computer
- 2. To check the hardware present in your computer

#### II. Windows's operating system

- 3. To Explore Windows Desktop
- 4. Working with Files and Folders
- 5. Windows Accessories: Calculator Notepad WordPad MS Paint

#### III. Practice with MS-WORD

6. To familiarize with Ribbon layout of MS Word

Home – Insert- Page layout – References – Review- View.

- 7. To practice Word Processing Basics
- 8. To practice Formatting techniques
- 9. To insert a table of required number of rows and columns
- 10. To insert Objects, Clipart and Hyperlinks
- 11. To use Mail Merge feature of MS Word
- 12. To use Equations and symbols features

### **IV.Practice with MS-EXCEL**

- 13. To familiarize with MS-EXCEL layout
- 14. To access and enter data in the cells
- 15. To edit a spread sheet- Copy, Cut, Paste, and selecting Cells
- 16. To use built in functions and Formatting Data
- 17. To create Excel Functions, Filling Cells
- 18. To enter a Formula for automatic calculations
- 19. To sort and filter data in table.
- 20. To present data using Excel Graphs and Charts.
- 21. To develop lab reports of respective discipline.
- 22. To format a Worksheet in Excel, Page Setup and Print

### V. Practice with MS-POWERPOINT

- 23. To familiarize with Ribbon layout features of PowerPoint 2007.
- 24. To create a simple PowerPoint Presentation
- 25. To set up a Master Slide in PowerPoint
- 26. To insert Text and Objects
- 27. To insert a Flow Charts
- 28. To insert a Table
- 29. To insert a Charts/Graphs

- 30. To insert video and audio
- 31. To practice Animating text and objects
- 32. To Review presentation

### VI. Practice with Adobe Photoshop

- 33.To familiarize with standard toolbox
- 34. To edit a photograph.
- 35. To insert Borders around photograph.
- 36. To change Background of a Photograph.
- 37. To change colors of Photograph.
- 38. To prepare a cover page for the book in your subject area.
- 39. To adjust the brightness and contrast of the picture so that it gives an elegant look.
- 40. To type a word and apply the shadow emboss effects.

### **Key competencies:**

Expt No	Name of Experiment	Competencies	Key competencies
1 (a).	To familiarize with Computer system and hardware connections	<ul> <li>a. Identify the parts of a Computer system: i). CPU ii). Mother Board iii) Monitor iv) CD/DVD Drive v) Power Switch vi) Start Button vii) Reset Button</li> <li>b. Identify and connect various peripherals</li> <li>c. Identify and connect the cables used with computer system</li> <li>d. Identify various ports on CPU and connect Keyboard &amp; Mouse</li> </ul>	Connect cables to external hardware and operate the computer
1 (b).	To Start and Shut down Computer correctly	<ul><li>a. Log in using the password</li><li>b. Start and shut down the computer</li><li>c. Use Mouse and Key Board</li></ul>	<ul><li>a. Login and logout as per the standard procedure</li><li>b. Operate mouse</li><li>&amp;Key Board</li></ul>
1 (c).	To Explore Windows Desktop	<ul><li>a. Familiarize with Start Menu, Taskbar, Icons and Shortcuts</li><li>b. Access application programs using Start menu, Task manager</li><li>c. Use Help support</li></ul>	a. Access application programs using Start menu b. Use taskbar and Task manager
2.	To check the software details of the computer	<ul><li>a. Find the details of Operating System being used</li><li>b. Find the details of Service Pack installed</li></ul>	Access the properties of computer and find the details
3.	To check the hardware present in your computer	<ul> <li>a. Find the CPU name and clock speed</li> <li>b. Find the details of RAM and Hard disk present</li> <li>c. Access Device manager using Control Panel and check the status of devices like mouse</li> </ul>	a. Access device manager and find the details b. Type /Navigate the correct path and Select icon related to the details

		and key board	required
		d.Use My Computer to check the details of Hard drives and partitions e.Use the Taskbar	
4.	Working with Files and Folders	<ul><li>a. Create folders and organizing files in different folders</li><li>b. Use copy / paste move commands to organize files and folders</li></ul>	a. Create files and folders Rename , arrange and search for the required folder/file
	Working with Files and Folders Continued	c. Arrange icons — name wise, size, type, Modified d. Search a file or folder and find its path e. Create shortcut to files and folders (in other folders) on Desktop f. Familiarize with the use of My Documents g. Familiarize with the use of Recycle Bin	b. Restore deleted files from Recycle bin
5.	To use Windows Accessories: Calculator – Notepad – WordPad – MS Paint	a. Familiarize with the use of Calculator b. Access Calculator using Run command c. Create Text Files using Notepad and WordPad and observe the difference in file size d. Use MS paint and create .jpeg, .bmp files using MS Paint	a. Use windows accessories and select correct text editor based on the situation.  b. Use MS pain to create /Edit pictures and save in the required format.
6.	To familiarize with Ribbon layout of MS word. – Home – Insert- page layout- References-Review- View	a. Create/Open a document b. Use Save and Save as features c. Work on two Word documents simultaneously d. Choose correct Paper size and Printing options	a. Create a Document and name appropriately and save b. Set paper size and print options
7.	To practice Word Processing Basics	a. Typing text b. Keyboard usage c. Use mouse (Left click / Right click / Scroll) d. Use Keyboard shortcuts e. Use Find and Replace features in MS- word	a. Use key board and mouse to enter/edit text in the document. b. Use shortcuts c. Use spell check/

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		f. Use Undo and Redo Features	for auto
		g. Use spell check to correct	corrections.
		Spellings and Grammar	
8.	To practice Formatting	a. Formatting Text	a. Format Text and
	techniques	b.Formatting Paragraphs	paragraphs and use
		c. Setting Tabs	various text styles.
		d.Formatting Pages	b. Use bullets and
		e.The Styles of Word	numbers to create
		f. Insert bullets and numbers	lists
		g. Themes and Templates	c. Use Templates
		h.Insert page numbers, header	/Themes
		and footer	d. Insert page
			numbers date,
			headers and footers
9.	To insert a table of	a.Edit the table by adding the	a. Insert table in the
	required number of rows	fields – Deleting rows and	word document
	and columns	columns –inserting sub table –	and edit
		marking borders. Merging and	b. Use sort option
		splitting of cells in a Table	for arranging data.
		b.Changing the background	
		colour of the table	
		c. Use table design tools	
		d.Use auto fit – fixed row/	
		column height/length – Even	
		distribution of rows / columns	
		features	
		e.Convert Text to table and Table	
		to Text	
		f. Use Sort feature of the Table to arrange data in	
10.	To Incort objects clipart	ascending/descending order	a Incort hyporlinks
10.	To Insert objects, clipart	<ul><li>a. Create a 2-page document.</li><li>&amp;Insert hyperlinks and t</li></ul>	<ul><li>a. Insert hyperlinks</li><li>&amp;Bookmarks</li></ul>
	and Hyperlinks	Bookmarks.	b. Create
		b.Create an organization chart	organization
		c. Practice examples like	charts/flow charts
		preparing an Examination	charts/now charts
		schedule notice with a	
		hyperlink to Exam schedule	
		table.	
11.	To Use Mail merge feature	a.Use mail merge to prepare	Use Mail merge
	of MS Word	individually addressed letters	feature
		b.Use mail merge to print	
		envelopes.	
12.	To use Equations and	a. Explore various symbols	Enter Mathematical
	symbols features.	available in MS Word	symbols and
	,	b.Insert a symbol in the text	Equations in the
		c. Insert mathematical equations	word document
		in the document	
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13.	To Practice with MS-EXCEL	a. Open /create an MS Excel spreadsheet and familiarize with MS Excel 2007 layout like MS office Button-  b. Use Quick Access Toolbar- Title Bar- Ribbon-Worksheets-Formula Bar-Status Bar	a. Familiarize with excel layout and use b. Use various features available in toolbar
14.	To access and Enter data in the cells	a. Move Around a Worksheets- Quick access -Select Cells b. Enter Data-Edit a Cell-Wrap Text-Delete a Cell Entry-Save a File-Close Excel	a. Access and select the required cells by various addressing methods b. Enter data and edit
15.	To edit spread sheet Copy, Cut, Paste, and selecting cells	a.Insert and Delete Columns and Rows-Create Borders-Merge and Center b.Add Background Color-Change the Font, Font Size, and Font Color c. Format text with Bold, Italicize, and Underline-Work with Long Text-Change a Column's Width	Format the excel sheet
16.	To use built in functions and Formatting Data	a. Perform Mathematical Calculations verify -AutoSum b. Perform Automatic Calculations-Align Cell Entries	Use built in functions in Excel
17.	To enter a Formula for automatic calculations	a. Enter formula b. Use Cell References in Formulae c. Use Automatic updating function of Excel Formulae d. Use Mathematical Operators in Formulae e. Use Excel Error Message and Help	Enter formula for automatic calculations
18.	To Create Excel Functions, Filling Cells	a. Use Reference Operators b. Work with sum, Sum if , Count and Count If Functions c. Fill Cells Automatically	a. Create Excel sheets involving cross references and equations b. Use the advanced functions for conditional calculations

19.	To sort and filter data in table	a. Sort data in multiple columns b. Sort data in a row c. Sort data using Custom order d. Filter data in work sheet	a. Refine the data in a worksheet and keep it organized b. Narrow a worksheet by selecting specific choice
20.	To Practice Excel Graphs and Charts	a. Produce an Excel Pie Chart b. Produce c. Excel Column Chart	a. Use data in Excel sheet to Create technical charts and graphs Produce Excel Line Graph b. Produce a Pictograph in Excel
21.	To develop lab reports of respective discipline	Create Lab reports using MS Word and Excel	a. Insert Practical subject name in Header and page numbers in Footer
22.	To format a Worksheet in Excel, page setup and print	<ul> <li>a. Shade alternate rows of data</li> <li>b. Add currency and percentage symbols</li> <li>c. Change height of a row and width of a column</li> <li>d. Change data alignment</li> <li>e. Insert Headers and Footers</li> <li>f. Set Print Options and Print</li> </ul>	a. Format Excel sheet b. Insert headers &footers and print
23.	To familiarize with Ribbon layout &features of PowerPoint 2007.	Use various options in PowerPoint a. Home b. Insert c. Design d. Animation e. Slideshow f. View g. Review	Access required options in the tool bar
24.	To create a simple PowerPoint Presentation	<ul> <li>a. Insert a New Slide into PowerPoint</li> <li>b. Change the Title of a PowerPoint Slide</li> <li>c. PowerPoint Bullets</li> <li>d. Add an Image to a PowerPoint Slide</li> <li>e. Add a Textbox to a PowerPoint slide</li> </ul>	a. Create simple PowerPoint presentation with photographs/Clip Art and text boxes b. Use bullets option

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25.	To Set up a Master Slide in	a. Create a PowerPoint Design	a. Setup Master
	PowerPoint and add notes	Template	slide and format
		b. Modify themes c. Switch between Slide master	b. Add notes
		view and Normal view	
		d. Format a Design Template  Master Slide	
		e. Add a Title Slide to a Design	
		Template	
		f. The Slide Show Footer in	
		PowerPoint	
		g. Add Notes to a PowerPoint	
		Presentation	
26.	To Insert Text and Objects	a. Insert Text and objects	Insert Text and
		b. Set Indents and line spacing	Objects
		c. Insert pictures/ clipart	Use 3d features
		d. Format pictures	
		e. Insert shapes and word art	
		f. Use 3d features	
		g. Arrange objects	
27.	To insert a Flow Chart /	a. Create a Flow Chart in	Create
	Organizational Charts	PowerPoint	organizational charts
		b. Group and Ungroup Shapes	and flow charts using
		c. Use smart art	smart art
28.	To insert a Table	a. PowerPoint Tables	Insert tables and
		b. Format the Table Data	format
		c. Change Table Background	
		d. Format Series Legend	
29.	To insert a Charts/Graphs	a. Create 3D Bar Graphs in	Create charts and
		PowerPoint	Bar graphs, Pie
		b. Work with the PowerPoint	Charts and format.
		Datasheet c. Format a PowerPoint Chart Axis	
		d. Format the Bars of a Chart	
		e. Create PowerPoint Pie Charts	
		f. Use Pie Chart Segments	
		g. Create 2D Bar Charts in	
		PowerPoint	
		h. Format the 2D Chart	
		e. Format a Chart Background	
30.	To Insert audio & video,	a. Insert sounds in the slide and	a. Insert Sounds
	Hyperlinks in a slide	hide the audio symbol	and Video in
	Add narration to the slide	b. Adjust the volume in the	appropriate
		settings	format.
		c. Insert video file in the format	b. Add narration to
		supported by PowerPoint in a	the slide
		slide	c. Use hyperlinks
		d. Use automatic and on click	to switch to
		options	different slides
		e. Add narration to the slide	and files

		f. Insert Hyperlinks	
31.	To Practice Animation effects	<ul> <li>a. Apply transitions to slides</li> <li>b. To explore and practice special animation effects like</li> <li>Entrance, Emphasis, Motion</li> <li>Paths &amp;Exit</li> </ul>	Add animation effects
32.	Reviewing presentation	<ul> <li>a. Checking spelling and grammar</li> <li>b. Previewing presentation</li> <li>c. Set up slide show</li> <li>d. Set up resolution</li> <li>e. Exercise with Rehearse Timings feature in PowerPoint</li> <li>f. Use PowerPoint Pen Tool during slide show</li> <li>g. Saving</li> <li>h. Printing presentation <ul> <li>(a) Slides</li> <li>(b) Hand-out</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	<ul> <li>a. Use Spell check and Grammar feature</li> <li>b. Setup slide show</li> <li>c. Add timing to the slides</li> <li>d. Setup automatic slide show</li> </ul>
33	To familiarize with standard toolbox	a. Open Adobe Photoshop b. Use various tools such as i. The Layer Tool ii. The Color & Swatches Tool iii. Custom Fonts & The Text Tool iv. Brush Tool v. The Select Tool vi. The Move Tool vii. The Zoom Tool viii. The Eraser ix. The Crop Tool x. The Fill Tool	Open a photograph and save it in Photoshop
34	To edit a photograph	<ul> <li>a. Use the Crop tool</li> <li>b. Trim edges</li> <li>c. Change the shape and size of a photo</li> <li>d. Remove the part of photograph including graphics and text</li> </ul>	a. Able to edit image by using corresponding tools.
35	To insert Borders around photograph	<ul> <li>a. Start with a single background layer</li> <li>b. Bring the background forward</li> <li>c. Enlarge the canvas</li> <li>d. Create a border color</li> <li>e. Send the border color to the back</li> <li>f. Experiment with different colors</li> </ul>	Able to create a border or frame around an image to add visual interest to a photo
36	To change Background of a Photograph	<ul> <li>a. open the foreground and background image</li> <li>b. Use different selection tools to paint over the image</li> <li>c. Copy background image and paste it on the foreground.</li> </ul>	Able to swap background elements using the Select and Mask tool and layers.

37	To change colors of Photograph	<ul> <li>d. Resize and/or drag the background image to reposition.</li> <li>e. In the Layers panel, drag the background layer below the foreground image layer.</li> <li>a. Change colors using: <ul> <li>i) Color Replacement tool</li> <li>ii) Hue/Saturation adjustment layer tool</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	Able to control color saturation
38	To prepare a cover page for the book in subject area	<ul> <li>a. open a file with height 500 and width 400 for the cover page.</li> <li>b. apply two different colors to work area by dividing it into two parts using Rectangle tool.</li> <li>c. Copy any picture and place it on work area → resize it using free transform tool.</li> <li>d. Type text and apply color and style</li> <li>e. Apply effects using blended options</li> </ul>	Able to prepare cover page for the book
39	To adjust the brightness and contrast of picture to give an elegant look	<ul> <li>a. open a file.</li> <li>b. Go to image → adjustments → Brightness/Contrast.</li> <li>c. adjust the brightness and contrast.</li> <li>d. Save the image.</li> </ul>	Able to control brightness/contrast.
40	To type a word and apply the shadow emboss effects	<ul> <li>a. open a file</li> <li>b. Select the text tool and type text.</li> <li>c. Select the typed text go to layer → layer style → blended option → drop shadow, inner shadow, bevel and emboss → contour → satin → gradient overlay</li> <li>d. Save the image.</li> </ul>	Able to apply shadow emboss effects

## Table specifying the scope of syllabus to be covered for unit tests

Unit Test	Learning outcomes to be covered	
Unit test-1	From 1 to 8	
Unit test-2	From 9 to 22	
Unit test-3	From 23 to 40	

# I YEAR INTERNAL LAB EXAMINATION UNIT TEST - I MODEL QUESTION PAPER COMPUTER FUNDAMENTALS LAB

SCHEME: C-20 SUBJ CODE: CH-110 MAX MARKS:40 Time:90Min

- 1. Identify the internal hardware components of a PC and assemble them.
- 2. Identify the external components or peripherals of a PC and connect them.
- 3. Identify the components on motherboard.
- 4. Perform the process of placing processor on CPU slot.
- 5. Perform the process of removing and placing the RAM in the corresponding slot.
- 6. Identify the CMOS battery and test whether it is working it or not.
- 7. Find details of following:
  - a) Operating System being used.
  - b) Processor name
  - c) RAM
  - d) Hard disk
- 8. Create a folder by your name, search a file or folder and find its path.
- 9. Draw the National Flag using MS Paint.
- 10. Create a word document that contains TEN names of your classmates (boys-5 & girls-5) and perform the following tasks:
  - a) Save the document to your desktop.
  - b) Sort the names in each list alphabetically.
  - c) Set line spacing to 1.15.
  - d) Use bullet points for the names in both lists separately.

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# I YEAR INTERNAL LAB EXAMINATION UNIT TEST - II MODEL QUESTION PAPER COMPUTER FUNDAMENTALS LAB

SCHEME: C-20 SUBJ CODE:CH-110 MAX MARKS:40 Time:90Min

- 1. Write individually addressed letters to your friends about the Republic Day celebration using Mail Merge.
- 2. Create a Word document about your college and insert page numbers in footer and College Name in header.
- 3. Create your class time table using Tables in MS Word.
- 4. Create a 2-page document about your College& insert hyperlinks for courses offered in the college and insert Bookmarks next to College Name.
- 5. Write individually addressed letters to your friends (at least 5 members) to intimate the External Examination time table using Mail Merge.
- 6. Write an equation  $\frac{(x+y)^2}{(x-y)^2} = \frac{x^2 + 2xy + y^2}{x^2 2xy + y^2}$  in MS word.
- 7. Create the organizational structure of your college in MS Word.
- 8. Create a spreadsheet by totaling marks of 3 or more subjects, then calculate percentage and hence find grade based on boundary conditions of FIVE students:

  Grades O >= 90%, A >=80%, B >=70%, C >=60%, D >=50%, E >=40%, F <40%
- 9. Create aExcel spreadsheet for the following data, making sure that the cell marked with Category (A1) is pasted in cell A1 in the spreadsheet and perform the questions below.

Category (A1)	Product Name	Quantity	Inventory	Price per Unit	<b>Total Price</b>
Office Supplies	Binder	2	20	12.99	25.98
Office Supplies	Pencil	20	20	0.99	
Electronics	Samsung 4K Smart TV	1	5	399.00	
Electronics	Bluetooth Speakers	4	5	44.49	
Computers	Lenovo X230 12in Laptop	2	2	279.90	

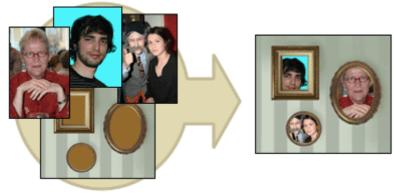
- a). Change the format of the "Total Price" column to "Currency" format.
- b) Calculate Total Price by writing formula.
- c) Turn on filtering for the table.
- d) Sort the table by column "Category" from A to Z.
- 10. Create a spreadsheet to calculate Cumulative monthly attendance for a period of Three months.

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# I YEAR INTERNAL LAB EXAMINATION UNIT TEST - III MODEL QUESTION PAPER COMPUTER FUNDAMENTALS LAB

SCHEME: C-20 SUBJ CODE: CH-110 MAX MARKS:40 Time:90Min

- 1. Create a PowerPoint Presentation about your College in 5 slides only.
- 2. Create a PowerPoint Presentation on Computer Hardware in minimum 5 slides.
- 3. Create a PowerPoint Presentation on Computer Fundamentals with *Entrance, Emphasis* effects in minimum 5 slides.
- 4. Create a PowerPoint Presentation on any topic with special animation effects like *Entrance, Motion Paths &Exit.*
- 5. Resize the image using Photoshop.
- 6. Change the background of a Photograph.
- 7. Edit an image by using
  - a) Crop tool.
  - b) Resize the image
  - c) Save the new image with new name keeping original image as it is.
- 8. A Picture of two parrots (parrots.jpg) is given to you. Make anyone of one of the parrots in Black & White.
- 9. Convert a colour image to monochrome and improve quality of photograph.
- 10. Copy three pictures and fit into the empty frames.



# BOARD DIPLOMA EXAMINATIONS DIPLOMA IN COMPUTER ENGINEERING MODEL PRACTICAL QUESTION PAPER-YEAR END EXAM COMPUTER FUNDAMENTALS LAB

SCHEME: C-20 SUBJ CODE:CH-110 MAX MARKS:60 TIME: 3HOURS

- 1. Identify the internal hardware components of a PC and assemble them.
- 2. Identify the external components or peripherals of a PC and connect them.
- 3. Write the procedure to create the files and folders
- 4. Write the procedure to access Calculator, Paint and Notepad application
- 5. Write the procedure to perform the following in MS Word
  - (a) Change the Font Size
  - (b) Change the Font Style
  - (c) Change the Text Size
- 6. Write the procedure to perform the following in MS Word
  - (a)Change the Font Colour.
  - (b)Use Various Text Alignment Options.
  - (c)Format text in Bold, Italic and Underline.
- 7. Create the hierarchy of your family in MS Word.
- 8. Write the procedure to perform the following in MS Word:
  - (a) Insert a Table
  - (b) Add a Row
  - (c) Add a column
  - (d) Delete a Row
  - (e) Delete a column
- 9. Write the procedure to use Equation  $\frac{(x+y)^2}{(x-y)^2} = \frac{x^2 + 2xy + y^2}{x^2 2xy + y^2}$  and Symbols.
- 10. Write the procedure to perform the following in MS Excel
  - (a) To Modify Column Width
  - (b) To Modify Row Height
  - (c) Format text in Bold, Italic, and Underline.
- 11. Write the procedure to create charts and Graphs in MS Excel.
- 12. Write the procedure to create simple Power Point Presentation on your college in Three slides.
- 13. Write the procedure to perform Animation on Text and Objects in your presentation.
- 14. Take a photographic image. Give a title for the image. Put the border. Write your names. Write the Name of Institution and Place.
- 15. Prepare a cover page for the book in your subject area. Plan your own design.
- 16. You are given a picture of a flower and associated background (Extract.jpg). Extract the Flower only from that and organize it on a background. Select your own background for organization.
- 17. You are given a picture (BrightnessContrast.jpg). Adjust the brightness and contrast of the picture so that it gives an elegant look.
- 18. You are given a picture (position.jpg). Position the picture preferably on a plain background of a colour of your choice Positioning include rotation and scaling.
- 19. Remove the arrows and text from the given photographic image(Filename: photo.jpg).
- 20. Type a word; apply the following effects. Shadow Emboss.