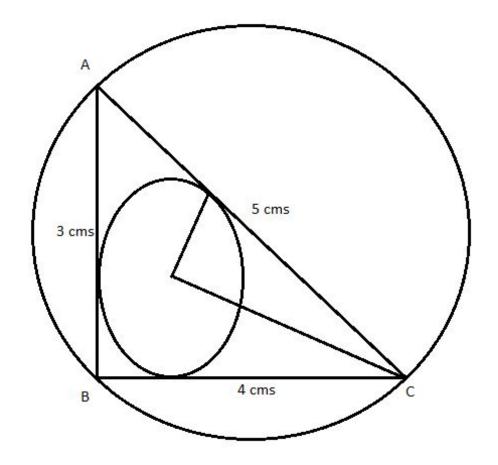
Quantitative Aptitude Question & Answers

1. Let C1 and C2 be the inscribed and circumscribed circles of a triangle with sides3cm, 4cm
and 5cm then find the ratio between the areas of C1 and C2 is
a) 9 /16
b) 9 / 25
c) 4 / 25
C) 47 25
d) 16 / 25
4) 107 20
Ans. c.
Enterest Cines sides are 2.4 and 5 area. Therefore triangle will be a right angled
Explanation : Since, sides are 3, 4, and 5 cms. Therefore, triangle will be a right-angled
triangle.
The radius of the inscribed circle C1= $(3 + 4 - 5)/2 = 1$ cms.
The radius of the circumscribed circle $C2=5/2=2.5$ cms. (because in this case, the
The radius of the circumscribed circle C2- 3/2 - 2.3 cms. (because in this case, the
hypotenuse will be the diameter of the circumscribed circle.

Area C1/ Area C2 = $pi^* (1)^2/pi^*(2.5)^2 = 100/625 = 4/25$;



2. If $x = 1/(\sqrt{2} + 1)$; then (x + 1) equals to ?

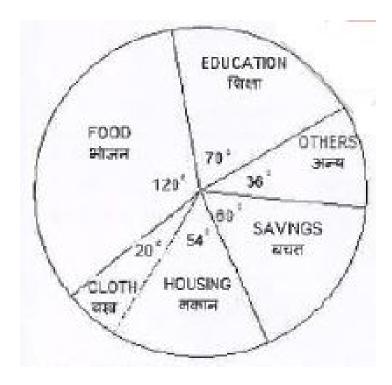
- a) 2
- b) √2-1
- c) √2+1
- d) √2

Ans. d.

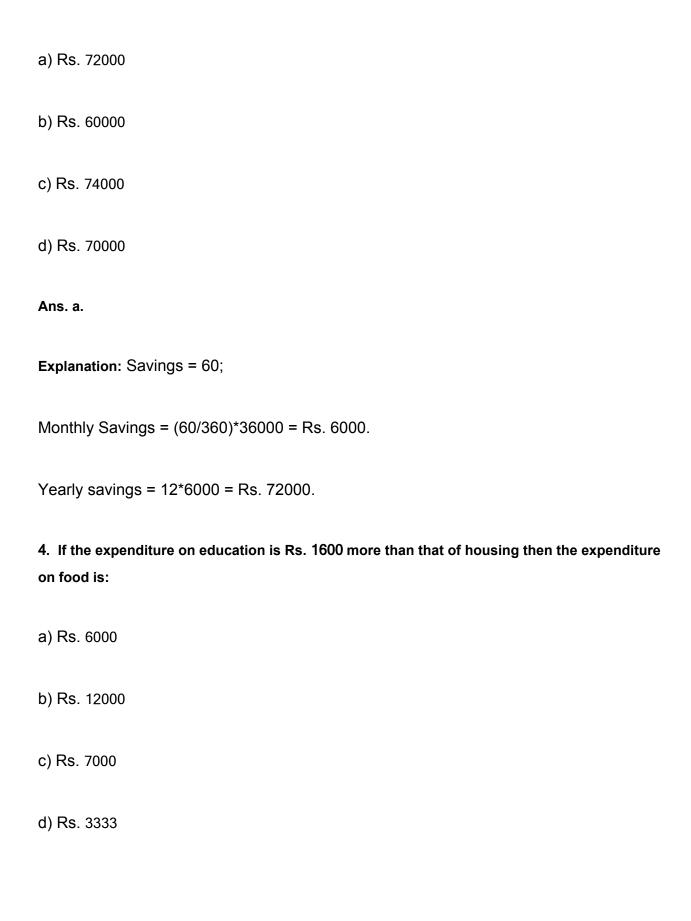
Explanation:

$$x = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2} + 1}; \Rightarrow x = \frac{\sqrt{2} - 1}{(\sqrt{2} + 1)(\sqrt{2} - 1)} = \sqrt{2} - 1$$
$$x + 1 = \sqrt{2} - 1 + 1 = \sqrt{2};$$

Directions/ In Question nos. / 3 to 5, The pie-chart given here shows expenditure incurred by a family on various items and their savings. Study the chart and answer the questions based on the pie-chart.



3. If the monthly income is Rs. 36000 then the yearly savings is:



Ans. b.

Explanation: Expenditure on education= 70

Expenditure on housing = 54

Difference between expenditure on education and housing = 70 - 54 = 16;

Monthly expenditure on education= (16/360)* Monthly income;

Monthly income = (1600 *360)/16 = Rs. 36000

Hence, the expenditure of food = (120*36000)/360 = 12000;

5. The ratio of expenditure on food to savings is:

- a) 2:1
- b) 3:1
- c) 3 : 2
- d) 10:9

Ans. a.

Explanation: The required ratio = 120/60 = 2: 1;

- 6. The average marks obtained by a student in 6 subjects is 88. On subsequent verification it was found that the marks obtained by him in a subject was wrongly copied as 86 instead of 68. The correct average of the marks obtained by him is-
- a) 85
- b) 87
- c) 84
- d) 86

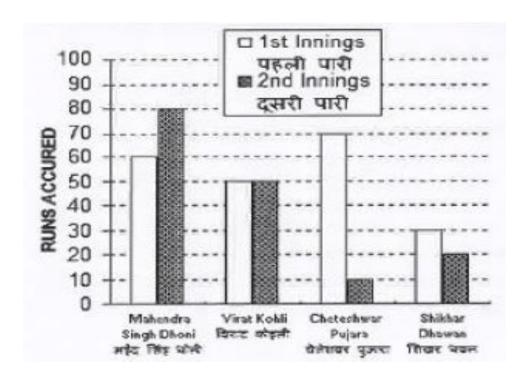
Ans. a.

Explanation: Suppose, these 6 subjects are S1, S2, S3,...., S6;

The actual sum of marks in all subjects = 528 -86 + 68 = 510;

Hence, the correct average marks = 510/6 = 85;

Directions / In Question nos. / 7 to 10, Given here a multiple bar diagram of the scores of four players in two innings. Study the diagram and answer the questions.



7. The average run of two Innings of the player who scored highest in average is:

- a) 75
- b) 85
- c) 80
- d) 70

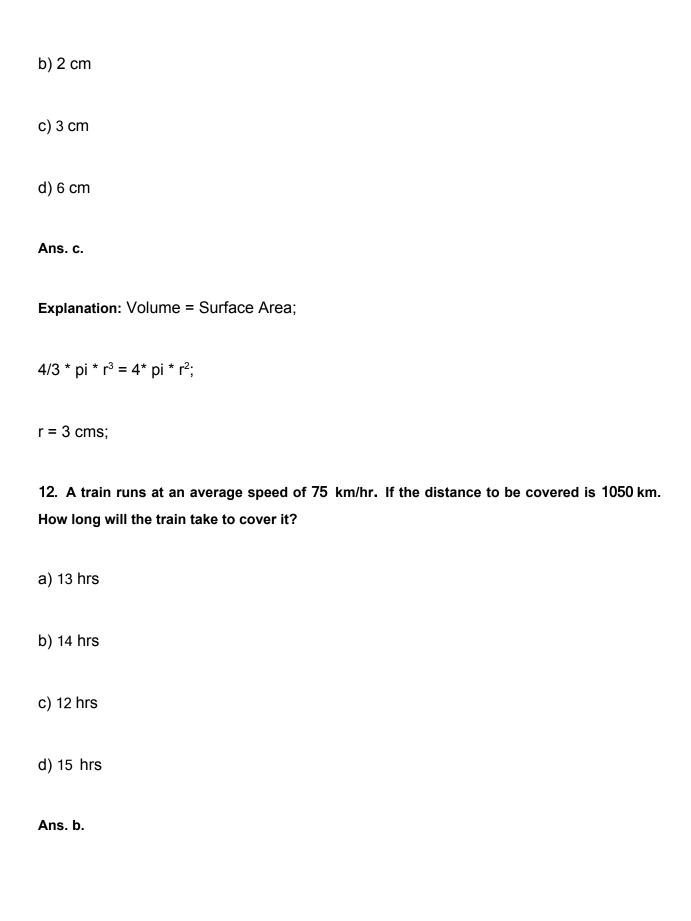
Ans. d.

Explanation: From the figure, it can be seen lucidly that Mahendra Singh Dhoni has scored the maximum runs. Hence,

The average runs scored by MS Dhoni = (60 + 80)/2 = 70.

8. The average run in two innings of the player who has scored minimum at the second innings is:
a) 50
b) 60
c) 40
d) 30
Ans. c.
Explanation: Cheteshwar Pujara scored the lowest marks in the second innings.
Hence, the average runs scored by him = $(70 + 10)/2 = 40$.
9. The average score in second innings contributed by the four players is:
a) 30
b) 60
c) 40

d) 50
Ans. c.
Explanation : Average run scored by all four player in second inning = $(80 + 50 + 10 + 20)/4 = 40$
1. The total scores in the first innings contributed by the four players is:
a) 220
b) 200
c) 210
d) 190
Ans. c.
Explanation : The total scores in the first innings by all four players = $(60 + 50 + 70 + 30)$ = 210;
11. If the volume of a sphere is numerically equal to its surface area that its diameter is;
a) 4cm



Explanation: The time taken by train = Covered distance/ Average Speed;

$$= 1050/75 = 14 \text{ hrs.}$$

13. G is the centroid of \triangle ABC. The medians AD and BE intersect at right angles. If the lengths of AD and BE are 9 cm and 12 cm respectively; then the length of AB (in cm) is?

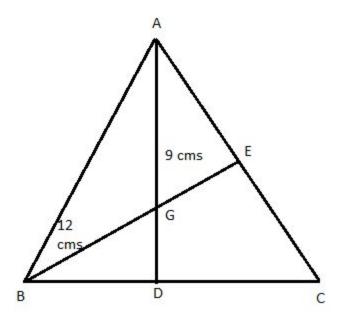
- a) 10
- b) 10.5
- c) 9.5
- d) 11

Ans. a.

Explanation: Centroid divides the medians in 2: 1 and median intersects at centroid forming 90 degrees of angle. Hence,

BG =
$$(2/3)$$
 * 12 = 8 cms; AG = $(2/3)$ *9 = 6 cms.

AB =
$$\sqrt{(8)^2+(6)^2}$$
 = 10 cms;



14. The minimum value of $2\sin^2\theta + 3\cos^2\theta$ is

- a) 1
- b) 3
- c) 2
- d) 4

Ans. c.

Explanation:

$$2\sin^2\theta + 3\cos^2\theta = 2*(\sin^2\theta + \cos^2\theta) + \cos^2\theta = 2 + 0 = 2;$$

15. If the three angles of a triangle are: $(x+15^{\circ})$, $\left(\frac{6x}{5}+6^{\circ}\right)$ and $\left(\frac{2x}{3}+30^{\circ}\right)$ then the triangle is:

- a) scalene
- b) isosceles
- c) right angled
- d) equilateral

Ans. d.

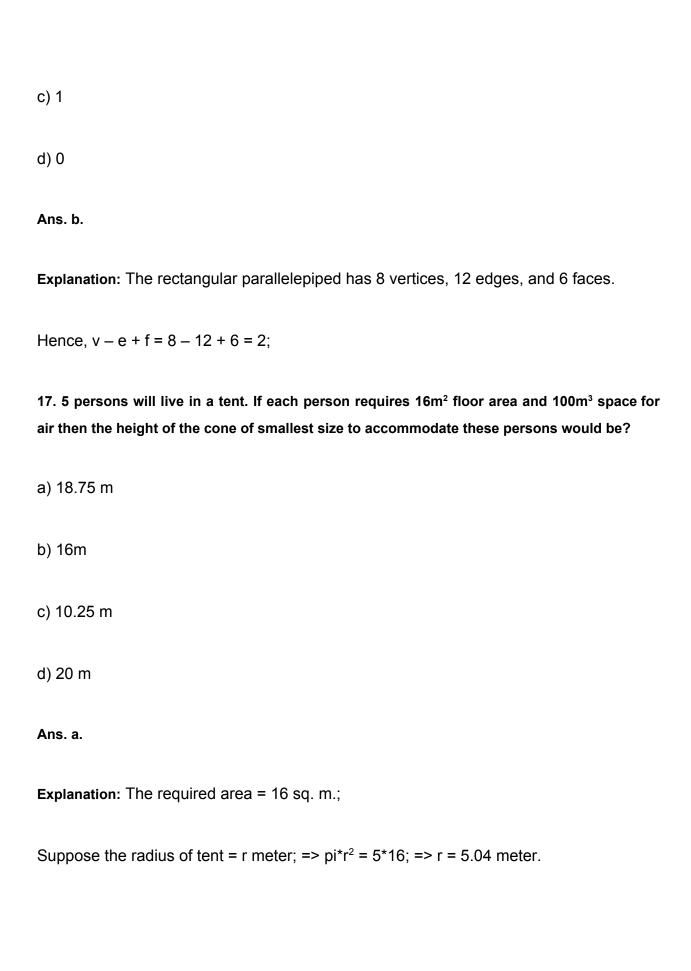
Explanation:
$$(x + 15) + (6x/5 + 6) + (2x/3 + 30) = 180$$
;

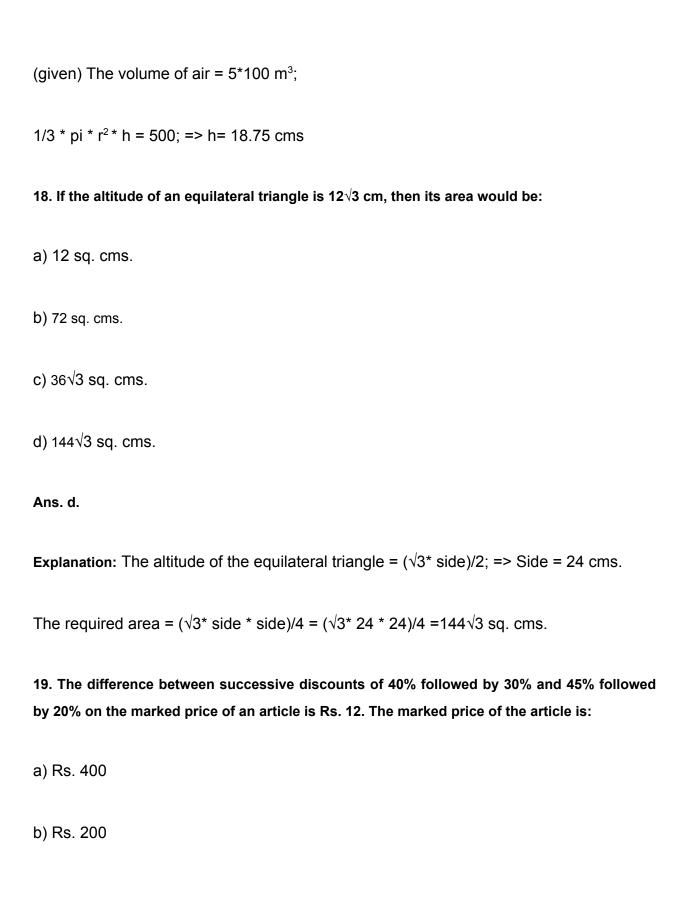
$$43x/15 = 129$$
; => $x = 45$;

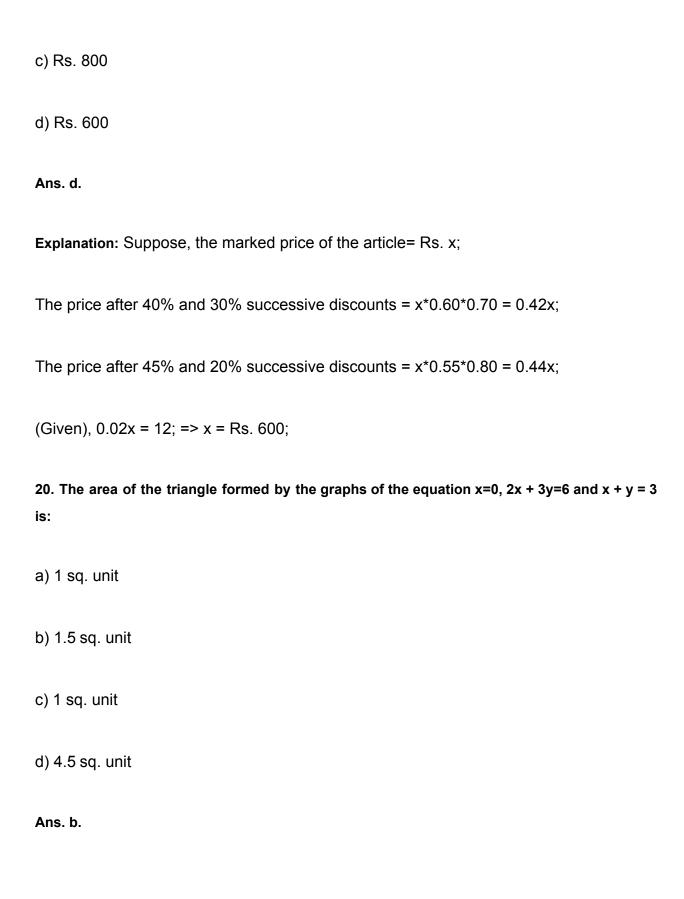
Hence, Every angle of the triangle will be 60 degrees.

16. If number of Vertices: edges and faces of a rectangular parallelopied are denoted by v, e and f respectively, the value of (v - e + f) is

- a) 4
- b) 2

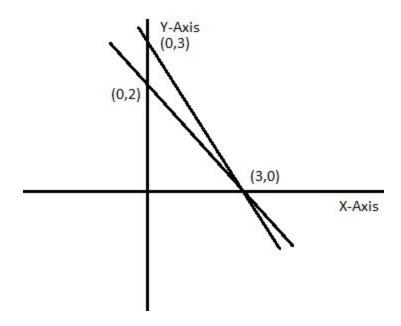






Explanation: The area of triangle = (1/2) * base * height;

$$= (1/2) *1 * 3 = 1.5 cms;$$



21. Among the equations x + 2y + 9 = 0; 5x - 4 = 0; 2y - 13 = 0; 2x - 3y = 0, the equation of the straight line passing through origin is-

a)
$$2x - 3y = 0$$

b)
$$5x - 4 = 0$$

c)
$$x + 2y + 9 = 0$$

d)
$$2y - 13 = 0$$

Ans.

Explanation: x + 2y + 9 = 0; (this line will intersect both the axes)

5x - 4 = 0; (This line will be parallel to Y-axis)

2y - 13 = 0; (This line will be parallel to X-axis)

2x - 3y = 0; (This line will pass through the origin)

22. The HCF of $x^8 - 1$ and $x^4 + 2x^3 - 2x - 1$ is:

a)
$$x^2 + 1$$

b)
$$x + 1$$

c)
$$x^2 - 1$$

d)
$$x - 1$$

Ans. c.

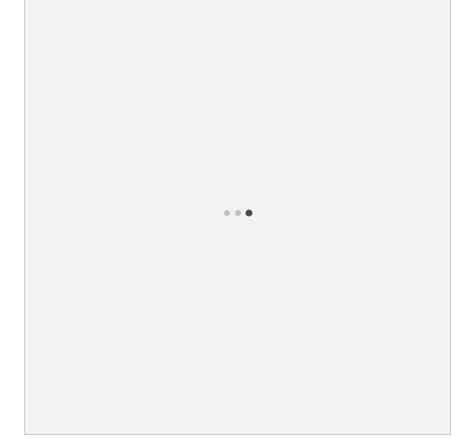
Explanation:
$$x^2 - 1 = (x + 1)^*(x-1)$$
; => $x = -1, 1$;

Both the values of x will satisfy the other equation;

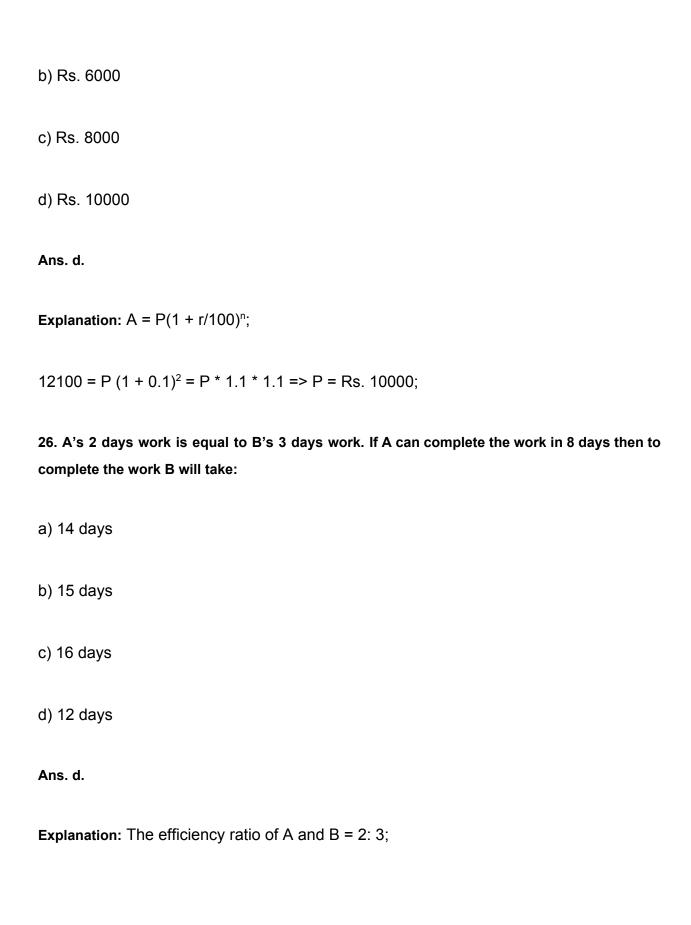
d) 24

Ans. a.

Explanation: ROQ = 90 + P/2; => P = 12 degrees;



- 25. A certain sum will amount to Rs. 12,100 in 2 years at 10% per annum of compound interest, interest being compounded annually. The sum is-
- a) Rs. 12000



2: 3 = 8:	χ; => χ :	= 12 days;
27. If the	measure	of three an

27. If the measure of three angles of a triangle are in the ratio 2 : 3: 5, then the triangle is:

- a) equilateral
- b) isosceles
- c) Obtuse angled
- d) right angled

Ans. d.

Explanation:
$$2x + 3x + 5x = 180$$
; => $x = 18$;

Hence, these angles will be respectively- 36, 54, and 90.

Therefore, the triangle will be right-angled.

28. What must be added to each term of the ratio 2:5. so that it may equal to 5:6?

- a) 12
- b) 78

c) 65
d) 13
Ans. d.
Explanation: $(2 + x)/(5 + x) = 5/6$;
12 + 6x = 25 + 5x; => $x = 13$;
29. If the sum and difference of two angles are 22/9 radian and 36 respectively, then the value of smaller angle in degree taking the value of π as 22/7 is:
a) 60
b) 48
c) 52
d) 56
Ans.
Explanation:
30. 4 men and 6 women complete a work in 8 days, 2 men and 9 women also complete in 8 days. The number of days 18 women complete the work is:

- a) 4 2/3 days
- b) 5 2/3 days
- c) 4 1/3 days
- d) 5 1/3 days

Ans. d.

Explanation: (4m + 6w)*8 = (2m + 9w)*8;

2m = 3w;

As per the given condition,

$$18w^* d = (4m + 6w)^*8;$$

Put the values of m in the above equation-

$$18*w*d = (6w + 6w)*8;$$

$$d= 12*8*w/18*w = 16/3 days.$$

31. If $(x^{24} + 1) / x^{12} = 7$; then the value of $(x^{72} + 1) / x^{36}$ is-

- a) 432
- b) 433
- c) 343
- d) 322

Ans. d.

Explanation:

$$(x)^{12} + (1/x^{12}) = 7;$$

Taking cubes of both sides-

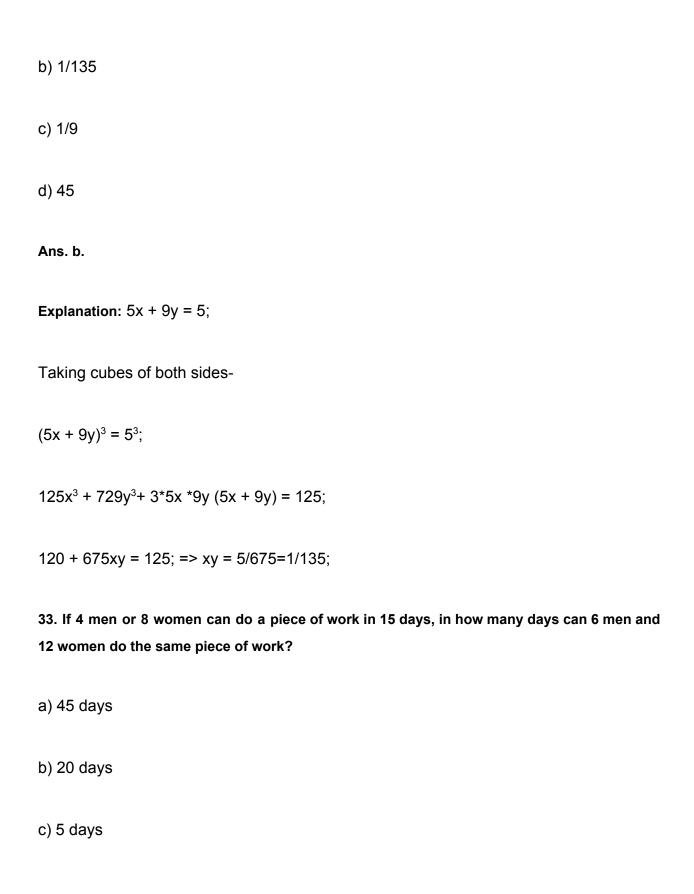
$$[x^{12} + (1/x^{12})]^3 = 343;$$

$$(x)^{36} + (1/x^{36}) + 3*x^{12*} (1/x^{12})[(x)^{12} + (1/x^{12})] = 343;$$

$$(x)^{36} + (1/x^{36}) = 343 - 3*7 = 322;$$

32. If 5x + 9y = 5 and $125x^3 + 729y^3 = 120$, then the product of x and y is-

a) 135



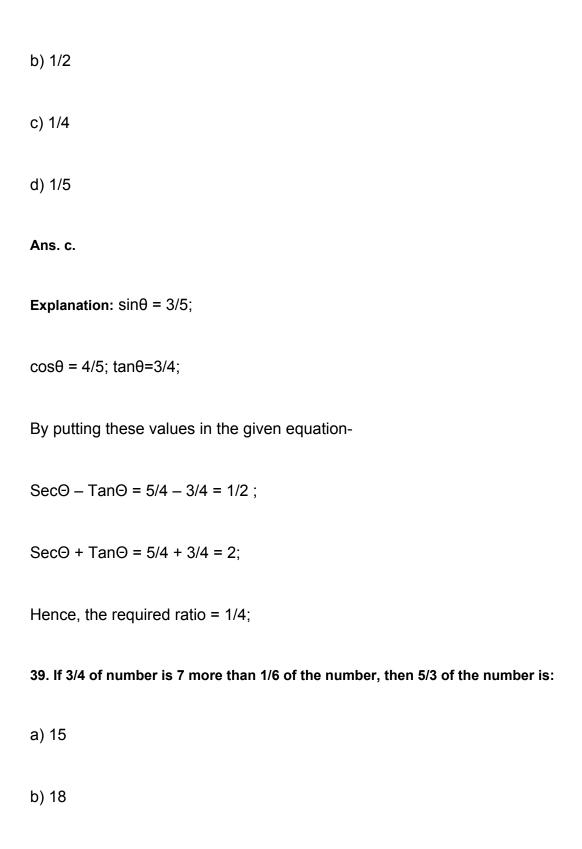
d) 30 days
Ans. c.
Explanation : 4*m*15 = 8*w*15; => m = 2w;
(6*m + 12*w)*d = 4*m*15;
D = 60*m / 12*m = 5 days.
34. The value of Sin ² 22 + Sin ² 68 + Cot ² 30 is
a) 3/4
b) 4
c) 5/4
d) 3
Ans. b.
Explanation:

 $Sin^2 22 + Sin^2 68 + Cot^2 30 = Sin^2 22 + Sin^2 (90 - 22) + Cot^2 30 = Sin^2 22 + Cos^2 22 + 3$

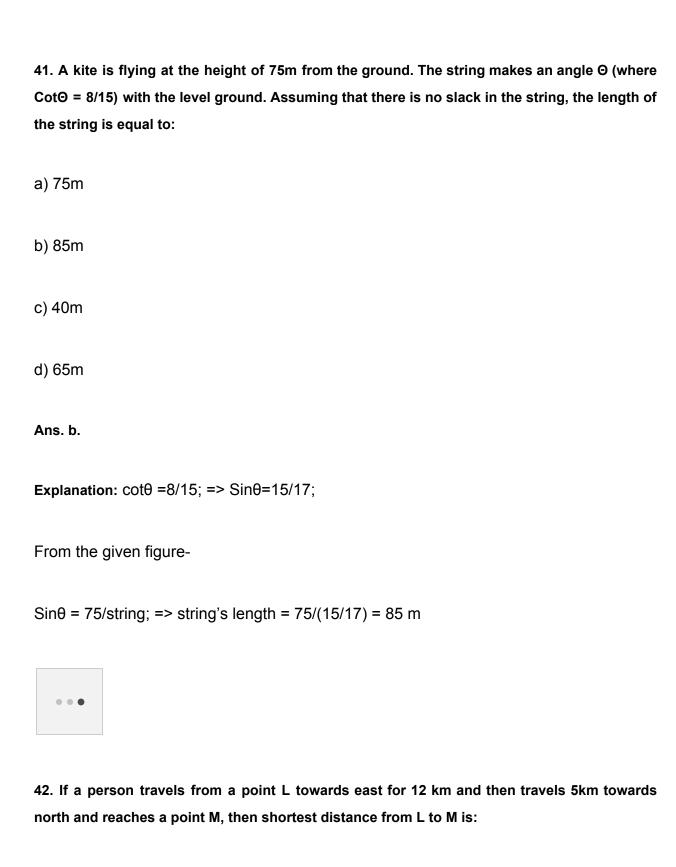
=4;

35. Find a simple discount equivalent to a discount series of 10%, 20% and 25%
a) 45%
b) 55%
c) 52%
d) 46%
Ans. d.
Explanation: The amount after successive discounts on a price = $x * 0.9*0.8*0.75 = 0.54x$;
Hence, the simple discount will be equivalent = 46%.
36. If Θ be acute angle and tan (4 Θ - 50) = cot(50 - Θ), then the value of Θ in degrees is:
a) 30
b) 40
c) 20
d) 50

Ans. a.
Explanation:
$tan(4\theta -50) = tan(90 - 50 + \theta);$
$4\theta -50 = 40 + \theta$; => $\theta = 30$;
37. Cost price of 100 books is equal to the selling price of 60 books. The gain or loss percentage will be: https://www.freshersnow.com/previous-year-question-papers/
a) 66 2/3%
b) 66 ¼%
c) 66%
d) 66 ¾%
Ans.
Explanation:
38. If 5SinΘ = 3, the numerical value of (SecΘ – TanΘ) / (SecΘ + TanΘ)
a) 1/3



c) 12
d) 20
Ans. d.
Explanation : ¾ * $x = x/6 + 7$; => $x = 12$;
Hence, the required answer = 5/3 * 12 = 20;
40. What is the arithmetic mean of first 20 odd natural numbers?
a) 17
b) 19
c) 22
d) 20
Ans. d.
Explanation : Sum of first 20 odd numbers = $10*[2*1 + 19*2] = 400$;
Hence, the arithmetic mean = 400/20 = 20;

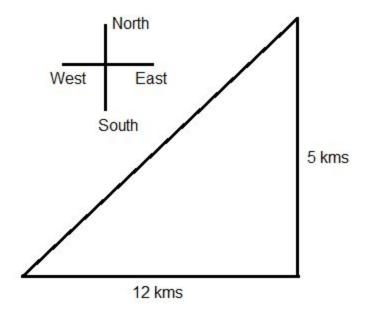


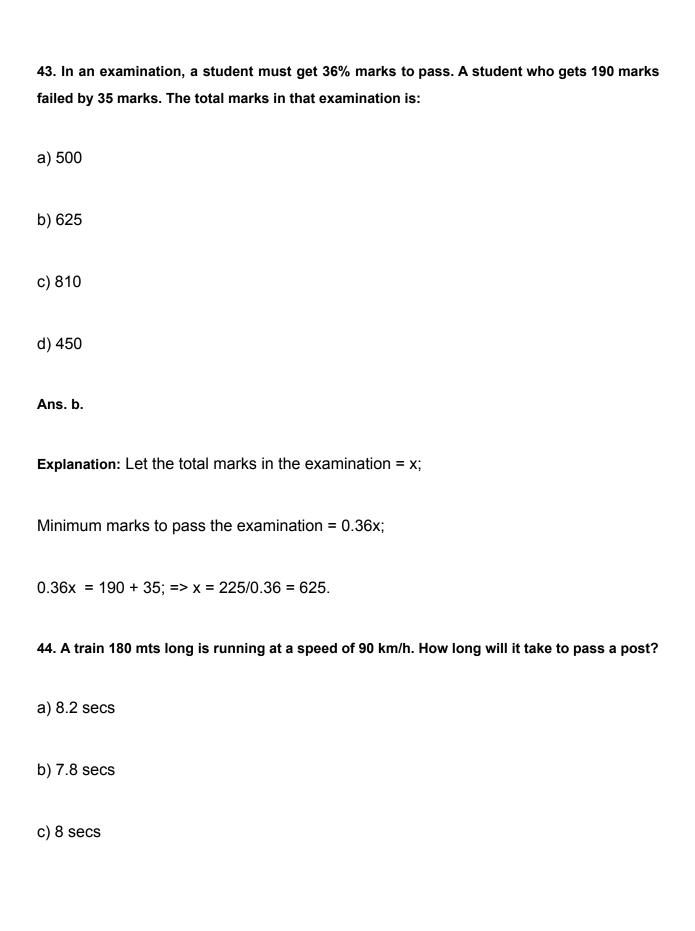
- a) 14
- b) 12
- c) 17
- d) 13

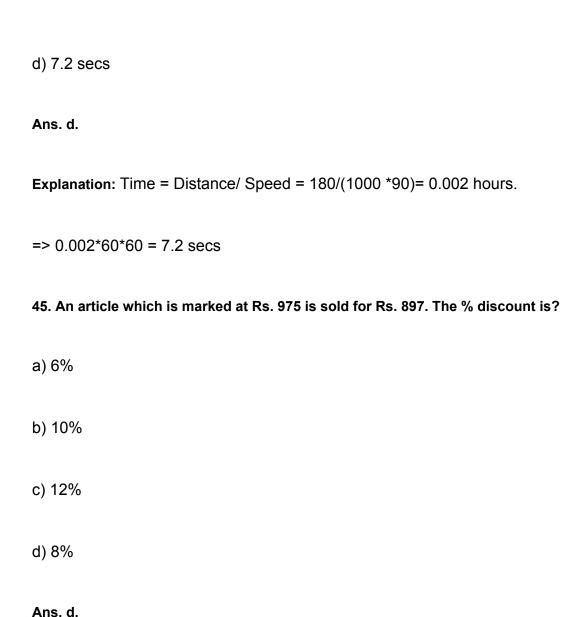
Ans.

Explanation: From the figure given below- we can find the shortest distance between the starting point and destination point using Pythagoras theorem-

$$=\sqrt{(13)^2+(5)^2}=13$$
 meters.







Explanation: % discount = (975 - 897)*100/975 = 8%