## 960247

### **CHEMISTRY**

# Paper-II

Time: 3 Hours

Full Marks: 100

- Insturctions: (1) Answer all questions.
  - (2) The figures in the right-hand margin indicate full marks for the questions.
- . Answer any eight questions:

 $2 \times 8 = 16$ 

- Discuss the shape of XeF<sub>4</sub> based on VSEPR theory.
- (b) State the Arrhenius definition of acids and bases.
- Acetic acid is a weak acid. Explain, why. (c)
- (d) The reaction of combustion of methane is

$$CH_4(g) + 2O_2(g) \rightarrow CO_2(g) + 2H_2O(g)$$

How many moles of methane are required to produce 44 g of CO<sub>2</sub>?

- Write the structure formulae of-
  - 2,4-Dimethylhexane-3-one;
  - (ii) Prop-2-en-1-nitrile.
- (f) Draw keto-enol structures of acetone and predict which form exhibits better stability.
- (g) What is ozonolysis?
- How will you detect the presence of unsaturation in an organic compound? (h)
- Write the Hund's rule of maximum multiplicity.
- 2. Answer any fifteen questions:

 $3 \times 15 = 45$ 

- Write the Octet rule. State its significance and limitations. (a)
- Explain why bond angle in water is less than that of ammonia. (b)
- (c) What is meant by conjugate acid-base pair? Find the conjugate acid-base pair in the following reaction:

$$NH_2NH_2 + H_2O \rightarrow NH_2NH_3^+ + OH^-$$

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- (d) Identify the following redox reaction as displacement, disproportionation reactions:
  - (i)  $Cl_2(g) + 2OH^-(aq) \rightarrow ClO^-(aq) + Cl^-(aq) + H_2O(l)$
  - (ii)  $CuSO_4$  (aq) +  $Zn \cdot (s) \rightarrow Cu \cdot (s) + CuSO_4$  (aq)
  - (iii)  $Mg(s) + 2H_2O(l) \rightarrow Mg(OH)_2(s) + H_2(g)$
- (e) Name one anti-knocking agent. Write its merits and demerits (one each).
- (f) Predict the structure of reduction products obtained when but-2-yne is reduced with (i) Lindlar's catalyst and (ii) Na in liquid NH<sub>3</sub>.
- (g) Calculate the gross and net calorific value of a coal sample having the following composition:

$$C = 80\%$$
;  $H = 7\%$ ;  $S = 3.5\%$ ;  $N = 2.1\%$  and  $ash = 4.4\%$ 

- (h) Discuss Ritter test to distinguish primary, secondary and tertiary alcohols.
- (i) Write the ground state electronic configurations of the following:
  - (i) C
  - (ii) F
  - (iii) Ca
- (j) The ionization energy of H is 13.6 eV. What is the difference in energy between the n = 1 and n = 6 levels?
- (k) How many orbitals are possible for n = 4? Which of these may be described as gerade?
- (1) Account for the large decrease in the electron affinity between Li and Be despite the increase in nuclear charge.
- (m) Determine the number of unpaired electrons in the ground state of the following ions:
  - (i)  $Ti^{3+}$
  - (ii)  $Mn^{2+}$
  - (iii) Cu<sup>2+</sup>
- (n) Using Slater's rule, calculate Z\* for the following electrons:
  - (i) a 3p electron in P
  - (ii) a 4s electron in Co
- (o) Describe the factors which influence the electron affinity of halogens.
- (p) What are the isotopes of hydrogen? How is H<sub>2</sub> prepared from CH<sub>4</sub>?
- (q) Describe the extraction of Cu from its mineral, chalcopyrite.

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(2)

3.	Answer	any	three	questions	:
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 $4 \times 3 = 12$ 

- (a) What is acid-base indicator? Explain the working principle of acid-base indicator with the help of an example.
- (b) What is singlet oxygen? Write the chemical properties of O<sub>2</sub>.
- (c) Determine the ground state term symbol of the following free atoms:
  - (i) B
  - (ii) N
- (d) Briefly describe hyperconjugation with an example.

#### 4. Answer any three questions:

 $5 \times 3 = 15$ 

- (a) Define molecular formula and empirical formula. The elemental composition of a compound is H: 4.07 %; C: 24.27 % and Cl: 71.65%. The molar mass of the compound is 98.96 g. What are its empirical and molecular formulae?
- (b) What is the relation between pH and pOH? If 0.40 g of NaOH is dissolved in water to give 1000 ml of solution at 25°C. Calculate the concentrations of potassium and hydroxyl ions. Calculate the pH.
- (c) What are silicones? How (CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>SiCl<sub>2</sub> can be synthesized? Write the hydrolysis product of (CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>SiCl<sub>2</sub> and their corresponding polymer.
- (d) Write three major iron ores along with their chemical formulae. Describe whether Fe<sub>3</sub>O<sub>4</sub> exhibits spinel or inverse spinel structure.

## 5. Complete the following reactions (any six):

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- (i)  $B(OH)_3 + (CH_3CO)_2O \rightarrow$
- (ii)  $(CN)_2 + N_3H$   $\rightarrow$
- (iii) Mg + Si ( $\Delta$  in absence of air)  $\rightarrow$
- (iv) CO +  $I_2O_5$   $\rightarrow$
- (v)  $BF_3 + NaBH_4$  (in ether)  $\rightarrow$
- (vi)  $B(Me)_3 + NH_3 \rightarrow$
- (vii)  $CO_2 + OH^-$

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