

- 1) The Program Counter (PC)
 - A. is a register
 - B. during exacution of the current instruction, its content changes
 - C. both (a) and (c)
 - D. none of these
- 2) Virtual memory
 - A. is a method of memory allocation by which the program is subdivided into equal portions,
 - B. 8 pages and core is subdivided into equal portions
 - C. consists of those addresses that may begenerated by a processor during execution of a computation
 - D. is a method of allocating processor time
 - E. allows multiple programs to reside in separate areas of core at a time
- 3) To scan a and b given below which scanf () statement would you use?

flat a; double b;

- A. scanf ("%f%f",&a,&b);
- B. Scan f ("%Lf%Lf",&a,&b);
- C. scanf("%f%Lf",&a,&b);
- D. Scanf("%f%1f',&a,&b);
- 4) Which of the following statements is incorrect?
 - A. C provides no input-output features
 - B. C provides no file access features



- C. Provides no features to manipulate composite objects
- D. All of these
- 5) Consider following program fragment:

```
char c = 'a'; while
```

while
$$(c++ < = 'z')$$

putchar (xxx);

If required output is abed.....xyz, then xxx should be

- A. C
- B. c-2
- C. C-1
- D. --c
- 6) What is the value of 'i'?

```
i=strlen("Blue")+strlen("People")/strlen("Red")-strlen("green")
```

Ans : 1

- 7) i=2 printf("%old %old %old %old ",i, i++,i-,i++);
- 8) Using pointer, changing A to B and B to A is Swapping the function using two address and one temporary variable. a,b are address, t is temporary variable. How function look like?

Ans: swap(int*, int*, int)

9) In 'o' how are the arguments passed?

Ans: by value.



10) Find the prototype of sine function.

Ans: extern double sin(double)

11) Scope of a global variable which is declared as static?

Ans: File

12) ASCII problem

i=..

Ans: 6

13) What is the o/p printf(" Hello o is the world ");

Ans: Hello is the world.

14) Clarifying the concept addresses used over array; ie changing the address of a base element produces what error?

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- 15) child process fork child shell sh
- 16) Answer are lex 7 yacc & man read these things in UNIX
- 17) What is int *p(char (*s)[])

Ans : p is a function which is returning a pointer to integer which takes arguments as pointer to array of characters



- 18) There are 7 people who take a test among which M is the worst, R is disqualified, P and S obtain same marks, T scores less than S and Q scores less than P, N scores higher than every one. Ans: N P S T Q R M (may be, just check) or N S P T Q R M C & UNIX
- 19) What does chmod 654 stand for.

- 20) Which of following is used for back-up files?
- (a) Compress
- (b) Tar
- (c) make
- (d) all the above

Ans: b

21) what does find command do?

Ans: search a file

22) What does "calloc" do?

Ans: A memory allocation and initialising to zero.

23) what does exit () do?

Ans: come out of executing programme.