## HCL Technologies Paper 2

Q)Piggy backing is a technique for
a) Flow control b) sequence c) Acknowledgement d) retransmition ans: c
Q) The layer in the OST model handles terminal emulation
a) session b) application c) presentation d) transport
ans: b application
Q) In signed magnitude notation what is the minimum value that can be represented with 8 bits a) -128 b) -255 c) -127 d) 0
Q)There is an employer table with key feilds as employer no. data in every n'th row are needed for a simple following queries
will get required results.
a) select A employe no. from employe A, where exists from employe B where A employe no. $>=\mathrm{B}$ employe having $\quad\left(\operatorname{count}\left({ }^{*}\right) \bmod n\right)=0$
b) select employe no. from employe A, employe B where

A employe no. $>=$ B employ no.grouply employe no.having $(\operatorname{count}(*) \bmod n=0)$
c) both $\mathrm{a} \& \mathrm{~b}$
d) none of the above
Q)Type duplicates of a row in a table customer with non uniform key feild customer no. you can see
a) delete from costomer where customer no. exists
( select distinct customer no. from customer having count )
b) delete customer a where customer no. in
b rowid
c) delete customer a where custermor no. in
( select customer no. from customer a , customer b )
d) none of the above
Q)long int size
a) 4 bytes b) 2 bytes c) compiler dependent d) 8 bytes ans: compiler dependent

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Q)x=2,y=6,z=6
x=y==z;
printf(%d",x) ?
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Q $\}$ what does the hexanumber E78 in radix 7.
(a) 12455 (b)
(b) 14153
(c) 14256 (d) 13541
(e) 131112
ans: (d)
Q) Q is not equal to zero and $\mathrm{k}=(\mathrm{Q} \mathrm{x}-\mathrm{s}) / 2$ find n ?
(a) $(2 \times \mathrm{k}+\mathrm{s}) / \mathrm{Q}$ (b) $(2 \mathrm{xsxk}) / \mathrm{Q}$ (c) $(2 \mathrm{xk}-\mathrm{s}) / \mathrm{Q}$
(d) $(2 \mathrm{xk}+\mathrm{s} x \mathrm{Q}) / \mathrm{Q}(\mathrm{e})(\mathrm{k}+\mathrm{s}) / \mathrm{Q}$
(from GRE book page no:411) data:
A causes B or C, but not both
F occurs only if B occurs
D occurs if B or C occurs
E occurs only if C occurs
J occurs only if E or F occurs
D causes G,H or both
H occurs if E occurs
G occurs if $F$ occurs
NOTE: check following answers.
Q). If A occurs which of the following must occurs
I. F \& G
II. E and H
III. D
(a) I only (b) II only (c) III only (d) I,II, \& III
(e) I \& II (or) II \& III but not both
ans: (e)
Q). If B occurs which must occur
(a) D (b) D and G (c) G and H (d) F and G (e) J ans: (a)
Q). If J occurs which must have occured
(a) E (b) either B or C (c) both E \& F (d) B (e) both B \& C ans: (b)
Q). which may occurs as a result of cause not mentioned
(1) D (2) A (3) F
(a) 1 only (b) 2 only (c) $1 \& 2$ (d) $2 \& 3$ (e) 1,2,3
ans: (c)
Q). E occurs which one cannot occurs
(a) A (b) F (c) D (d) C (e) J
ans: (b)

