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DO NOT OPEN THE SEAL OF THE BOOKLET UNTIL YOU ARE TOLD TO DO SO
इस पुस्तिका की सील तब तक न खोले जब तक कहा न जाए

A

POST CODE
 पोस्ट कोड : 69/10, 02/13

JDD-10/LIBN/X-14

Serial No.

Write here Roll Number and Answer-Sheet No.

यहाँ क्रमांक एवं उत्तर-पत्रिका संख्या लिखें

284711

Roll No./ अनुक्रमांक

Answer-Sheet No./ उत्तर-पत्रिका संख्या

Time Allowed : 2 hours OBJECTIVE TYPE ONE-TIER EXAMINATION Maximum Marks : 200
 निर्धारित समय : 2 घंटे वस्तुनिष्ठ वन-टियर परीक्षा अधिकतम अंक : 200

Read the following instructions carefully before you begin to answer the questions.

प्रश्नों के उत्तर देने से पहले नीचे लिखे अनुदेशों को ध्यान से पढ़ लें।

IMPORTANT INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

1. This Booklet contains 200 questions in all comprising the following Sections :

Sections	Test Components	No of Questions	Page No.
(A)	i) General Awareness	20	4 - 7
	ii) General Intelligence and Reasoning Ability	20	8 - 13
	iii) Arithmetical and Numerical Ability	20	14 - 17
(V)	iv) Test of Language - Hindi	20	18 - 19
	v) Test of Language - English	20	20 - 21
(B)	Post Specific Subject-Related Questions	100	22 - 47

- All questions are compulsory and carry equal marks.
- The paper carries negative markings. For each wrong answer 0.25 marks will be deducted.
- In case of any discrepancy between the English and Hindi versions of any question, the English version will be treated as final/authentic.
- OMR Answer-Sheet is enclosed in this Booklet. You must complete the details of Roll Number, Question Booklet No., etc., on the Answer-Sheet and Answer-Sheet No. on the space provided above in this Question Booklet, before you actually start answering the questions, failing which your Answer-Sheet will not be evaluated and you will be awarded 'ZERO' mark.
- You must not tear off or remove any sheet from this Booklet. The Answer-Sheet must be handed over to the invigilator before you leave the Examination Hall.
- Use of Calculator/Palmtop/Laptop/Other Digital Instrument/Mobile/Cell Phone/Faxer is not allowed.
- Candidates found guilty of misconduct/using unfair means in the Examination Hall will be liable for appropriate penal/legal action.
- The manner in which different questions are to be answered has been explained at the back of this Booklet, which you should read carefully before actually answering the questions.
- No Rough Work is to be done on the Answer-Sheet.

उम्मीदवारों के लिए महत्वपूर्ण अनुदेश

1. इस पुस्तिका में कुल 200 प्रश्न हैं, विषयों निम्नलिखित भाग शामिल हैं :

भाग	संबंधित विषय	प्रश्नों की संख्या	पृष्ठ क्रमांक
(अ)	i) सामान्य ज्ञान/कार्य	20	4 - 7
	ii) सामान्य बुद्धिमत्ता तथा तार्किक योग्यता	20	8 - 13
	iii) अंकगणितीय एवं संख्यात्मक योग्यता	20	14 - 17
(व)	iv) भाषा परीक्षण : हिन्दी	20	18 - 19
	v) भाषा परीक्षण : अंग्रेजी	20	20 - 21
(ब)	पॉस्ट स्पेसिफिक-संबंधी प्रश्न	100	22 - 47

- सभी प्रश्न अनिवार्य हैं तथा सबके बराबर अंक हैं।
- प्रश्न पत्र में नकारात्मक अंकन होगा। हर गलत उत्तर के लिए 0.25 अंक काटा जायेगा।
- यदि किसी प्रश्न के हिन्दी तथा अंग्रेजी अनुवाद में कोई अंतर है तो अंग्रेजी अनुवाद को ही सही माना जायेगा।
- इस उत्तर-पत्रिका में ओ.एम.आर. उत्तर-पत्रिका संलग्न है। प्रश्नों के उत्तर जवाब में शुरू करने से पहले आप उत्तर-पत्रिका में अपना रोल नम्बर, प्रश्न पुस्तिका संख्या, इत्यादि तथा इस प्रश्न पुस्तिका में उल्लेख दिए गए स्थान पर उत्तर-पत्रिका की संख्या लिखें। अन्यथा आपकी उत्तर-पत्रिका को जोना नहीं जायेगा और शून्य अंक दिया जायेगा।
- इस पुस्तिका से कोई पन्ना फाड़ना या अलग करना मना है। परीक्षा-काल खोड़ने से पहले उत्तर-पत्रिका निरीक्षक के हवाले कर दें।
- कैलकुलेटर/पाइलॉट/लैपटॉप/अन्य डिजिटल उपकरण/मोबाइल/मेल फोन/पेजर का उपयोग वर्जिन है।
- परीक्षा-भवन में अनुचित व्यवहार एवं कार्य के लिए दोषी पाये गये उम्मीदवारों बुनियातगत दंडनीय/विधार्मिक कार्यवाही के पात्र होंगे।
- विभिन्न प्रश्नों के उत्तर देने की विधि इस पुस्तिका के पीछे छपे हुए निर्देशों से दे ली गई है, इसे आप प्रश्नों के उत्तर देने से पहले ध्यानपूर्वक पढ़ लें।
- कोई रफ कार्य उत्तर-पत्रिका पर नहीं करना है।

Go through instructions given in Page No. 48 (Back Cover Page)

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SECTION - A

i) General Awareness

1. In which game Gold medallists Deepika Pallikal and Josna Chinnappa are associated with ?
(A) Tennis
(B) Squash
(C) Table Tennis
(D) Badminton
2. Who has been appointed recently by Telengana Chief Minister K. Chandrashekar Rao as the State's brand ambassador ?
(A) Azaruddin
(B) Prabhudeva
(C) Sania Mirza
(D) Balamurali
3. Expansion of WTO is
(A) World Travellers' Organisation
(B) World Trade Organisation
(C) World Tourist Organisation
(D) None of these
4. 20th Commonwealth Games 2014 is recently held in
(A) Scotland (B) Canada
(C) Sri Lanka (D) Australia
5. Who took over on 31-7-2014 as the new chief of the 1.3 million strong Indian Army ?
(A) General Bikram Singh
(B) General Dalbir Singh Suhag
(C) Arun Jaitley
(D) Rampal Singh
6. What does an antigen do ?
(A) Destroys harmful bacteria
(B) Is used to treat poisoning
(C) Lowers body temperature
(D) Stimulates formation of antibody
7. Among the following which planet takes maximum time for one revolution around the sun ?
(A) Earth (B) Jupiter
(C) Mars (D) Venus
8. Teachers' Day is observed on
(A) 1st June
(B) 31st March
(C) 5th September
(D) 26th January
9. Who among the following was appointed as Chairman and Managing Director of recently established "Bharatiya Mahila Bank" ?
(A) Arundhati Bhattacharya
(B) Usha Anantha Subramanian
(C) Usha Thorat
(D) Shikha Sharma
10. Who is the present Vice President of India ?
(A) Hamid Ansari
(B) Pramod Mahajan
(C) Anna Hazare
(D) Kiran Bedi



11. The First Battle of Panipat was between the forces of
(A) Akbar and Hemu
(B) Abdali and Marathas
(C) Humayun and Sher Shah Suri
(D) Babar and Ibrahim Lodhi
12. Which of the following has got more heat capacity ?
(A) Iron piece
(B) Water
(C) Gold piece
(D) Benzene
13. Who made India's first indigenous feature film (Silent) Raja Harischandra ?
(A) Bimal Roy
(B) Raj Kapoor
(C) Dada Saheb Phalke
(D) Satyajit Ray
14. Who wrote National Anthems of both India and Bangladesh ?
(A) Rabindranath Tagore
(B) Bankim Chandra Chatterjee
(C) Pt. Ravi Shanker
(D) Swami Vivekananda
15. Tamasha is a socio-religious folk theatre of
(A) Bengal
(B) Gujarat
(C) Tamil Nadu
(D) Maharashtra
16. _____ is the capital of Tripura.
(A) Dehradun
(B) Agartala
(C) Gangtok
(D) Kohima
17. How many permanent members are there in the Security Council of UNO ?
(A) 5
(B) 7
(C) 10
(D) 12
18. The book "Discovery of India" was written by
(A) Pt. Jawaharlal Nehru
(B) Mahatma Gandhiji
(C) Vallabbhai Patel
(D) Arundhati Roy
19. _____ is a device to detect objects of far off distance and for determining the direction and distance between the object and the observatory station.
(A) Laser
(B) Sonar
(C) Solar
(D) Radar
20. A person to become a voter in Indian General Election must attain _____ years of age.
(A) 21
(B) 18
(C) 16
(D) 20

ii) General Intelligence and Reasoning Ability

21. Laxmi ranks twenty-first in a class of fifty-one. What is her rank from the last ?

- (A) 31
- (B) 30
- (C) 21
- (D) 32

22. In a certain code "PRAMOD" is written as "RTCOQF". How can "KISHAN" be written in that code ?

- (A) NAHSIK
- (B) LJTIBO
- (C) MKUJCP
- (D) MKSHCP

23. 'd' is in knowledge in the same way as 'h' is in

- (A) house
- (B) honest
- (C) hope
- (D) horse

Directions (Qs. 24 to 27) : In each question, three alternatives are alike in a certain way and so form a group. Which is the one that does not belong to that group ?

24. (A) Sparrow
(B) Dog
(C) Crow
(D) Eagle

25. (A) Light weight
(B) Heavy weight
(C) Paper weight
(D) Feather weight

26. (A) Servant
(B) Lord
(C) King
(D) Emperor

27. (A) Rajasthan
(B) Mysore
(C) Kerala
(D) Bihar



28. If it is possible to make a meaningful word with the third, the fourth, the fifth, the seventh and the tenth of the word PERSONALITY, write the first letter of that word
- (A) O
(B) T
(C) S
(D) R
29. Six students are sitting in a row. K is sitting between V and R. 'V' is sitting next to M. M is sitting next to B. B is sitting on the extreme left and Q is sitting next to R. Who are sitting adjacent to V ?
- (A) M and K
(B) R and Q
(C) Q and K
(D) K and R
30. Srikanth is shorter than Nilima. Prathima is taller than Srikanth. Subhash is taller than Nilima but shorter than Herumb. Nilima is taller than Prathima. Who will be in the middle if they stand in a row according to height ?
- (A) Srikanth
(B) Nilima
(C) Prathima
(D) Herumb
31. Which of the following will come next in the series given below ?
shg, rif, qje, pkd, ?
- (A) omc
(B) oib
(C) olc
(D) onc
32. Which of the following would appear earlier in a dictionary ?
1. inculcate
 2. indicate
 3. incorrect
 4. initiate
 5. inactive
- (A) indicate
(B) inactive
(C) inculcate
(D) incorrect
33. 'Ancient' is related to 'Modern' in the same way 'cold' is related to
- (A) calm
(B) gold
(C) wealth
(D) warm



34. If '+' means '×', '-' means '+', '×' means '+', + means '-', then
 $(18 + 10 \times 20) - 8 + 6 = ?$
 (A) 35
 (B) 19
 (C) 26
 (D) 2
35. If Sripad is taller than Chandu, but shorter than Raju, and Chandu is just as tall as Dilip but taller than Ashok, then Dilip is
 (A) taller than Raju
 (B) shorter than Ashok
 (C) shorter than Sripad
 (D) none of these
36. Leela goes 3 km to the North, from there goes 2 km to the East, from there goes 5 km to the South. In what direction is she now from her starting point?
 (A) North-East
 (B) South-East
 (C) North-West
 (D) South-West
37. A and B are brothers. C and D are sisters. A's son is D's brother. How is B related to C?
 (A) Father
 (B) Grand father
 (C) Brother
 (D) Uncle
38. In a certain code language '743' means "Mangoes are good" '657' means 'Eat good food' and '934' means "Mangoes are ripe" which digit means 'ripe' in that language?
 (A) 9 (B) 4
 (C) 5 (D) 7
39. Which is the one that does not belong to the group to which the other three belong?
 (A) Violin
 (B) Flute
 (C) Guitar
 (D) Veena
40. 'Big' is related to 'small' in the same way as 'tall' is related to _____.
 (A) high
 (B) tail
 (C) short
 (D) take

iii) Arithmetical and Numerical Ability

41. If $\sqrt{\frac{49}{x}} = \frac{21}{36}$, $x = ?$
 (A) 144 (B) 84
 (C) 64 (D) 12
42. Five years ago, the average age of A, B, C and D was 45. What is their total age now?
 (A) 180 years
 (B) 200 years
 (C) 210 years
 (D) 160 years
43. How many committees of 3 teachers can be made from a group of 5 teachers?
 (A) 10 (B) 60
 (C) 20 (D) 15
44. $\frac{\sqrt{32} + \sqrt{48}}{\sqrt{8} + \sqrt{12}} = ?$
 (A) $\sqrt{2}$ (B) 2
 (C) 4 (D) 8
45. The market value of a share of ₹ 100 is ₹ 120. Rate of dividend declared is 10%. If a person invests ₹ 24,000 in this share, how much dividend he gets in that year?
 (A) ₹ 2,200
 (B) ₹ 2,500
 (C) ₹ 2,000
 (D) ₹ 1,200
46. Find the compound interest for ₹ 1,000 at 10% for two years.
 (A) ₹ 210
 (B) ₹ 200
 (C) ₹ 220
 (D) ₹ 215
47. If the perimeter of a circle is 88 cm, find its area.
 (A) 176 sq.cm.
 (B) 264 sq.cm.
 (C) 616 sq.cm.
 (D) 352 sq.cm.
48. On a tour, a man travels at the speed of 64 km/hr for the first 160 km, then travels the next 160 km at the speed of 80 km/hr. What is the average speed in km/hr for the first 320 km of the tour?
 (A) 72 (B) $71\frac{1}{9}$
 (C) 70 (D) 75
49. Which of the following fraction is the largest?
 (A) $\frac{47}{51}$ (B) $\frac{47}{61}$
 (C) $\frac{47}{48}$ (D) $\frac{47}{73}$



50. If 12 workers by working 7 hours a day take 28 days to complete a work, 14 workers by working 4 hours a day take how many days to complete the same work ?
 (A) 42 (B) 40
 (C) 24 (D) 30
51. If $4x = 7y$ and $2y = 3z$, $x : z = ?$
 (A) 8 : 21 (B) 21 : 8
 (C) 4 : 3 (D) 7 : 3
52. After Jeevan gave ₹ 12 to Hareesh and Hareesh gave ₹ 4 to Jeevan, both had equal amounts with them. Who had the smaller amount initially and by how much ?
 (A) Jeevan by ₹ 4
 (B) Hareesh by ₹ 12
 (C) Jeevan by ₹ 8
 (D) Hareesh by ₹ 16
53. H.C.F. and L.C.M. of two numbers is 7 and 12 respectively. If one of these numbers is 4, find the other one.
 (A) 21 (B) 16
 (C) 18 (D) 20
54. Sum of all the natural numbers from 1 to 25 is
 (A) 320 (B) 250
 (C) 325 (D) 350
55. In a group of 420 people some speak English, some speak Kannada, some speak both. If 160 can speak English only and 130 can speak both Kannada and English, how many can speak only Kannada ?
 (A) 130 (B) 140
 (C) 150 (D) 160
56. Give the fraction equal to $12\frac{1}{2}\%$
 (A) $\frac{1}{6}$ (B) $\frac{1}{12}$
 (C) $\frac{1}{16}$ (D) $\frac{1}{8}$
57. The slant height of a cone is 10 cm. If its diameter is 14 cm, find its curved surface area. $\left(\pi = \frac{22}{7}\right)$
 (A) 200 sq. cm.
 (B) 220 sq. cm.
 (C) 250 sq. cm.
 (D) 180 sq. cm.
58. What will be 30% of a number whose 90% is 54 ?
 (A) 36 (B) 72
 (C) 12 (D) 18
59. The angles of a quadrilateral are in the ratio 3 : 4 : 5 : 6. Find its greatest angle.
 (A) 120° (B) 100°
 (C) 110° (D) 130°
60. The order of matrix A is 2×3 and order of matrix B is 3×5 . Then the order the matrix obtained by multiplying A by B is
 (A) 3×2 (B) 2×5
 (C) 5×3 (D) 5×8



iv) Test of Language : Hindi

भाषा परीक्षण : हिन्दी

निम्नलिखित प्रश्नों के उत्तर चुनकर लिखिए।

61. 'पवन' शब्द का अर्थ
 (A) पानी (B) आग
 (C) वायु (D) धरती
62. 'नकली' शब्द का विलोम शब्द
 (A) असली (B) बनावट
 (C) नकले (D) सेवा
63. 'अमृत' शब्द का समानार्थक शब्द
 (A) जहर (B) गरल
 (C) अमिय (D) विष
64. '29' को अंकों में _____ लिखते हैं।
 (A) २८ (B) २६
 (C) २३ (D) २९
65. 'विधवा' शब्द का अन्य लिंग रूप
 (A) विधवा (B) विधु
 (C) विद्वान (D) विदूषी
66. '65' को हिन्दी में _____ कहते हैं।
 (A) पचपन (B) छप्पन
 (C) तिहत्तर (D) पैंसठ
67. 'धोबी' शब्द का अन्य लिंग रूप
 (A) धोबीने (B) धोबी
 (C) धोबिन (D) धोबिनियों
68. 'दुम दबाकर भागना' मुहावरे का अर्थ
 (A) निश्चित बात (B) बाजी जीतना
 (C) होश ठिकाने आना (D) डरकर भागना
69. 'लाल घोड़ा दौड़ रहा है' इसमें 'विशेषण' शब्द है
 (A) लाल (B) घोड़ा
 (C) दौड़ (D) रहा है
70. हिन्दी वर्णमाला में 'घ' वर्ण _____ विभाग में आता है।
 (A) स्वर (B) व्यंजन
 (C) अनुस्वर (D) संयुक्ताक्षर
71. इसमें शुद्ध शब्द
 (A) कनिष्ठ (B) कानीष्ठ
 (C) कनिष्ट (D) कानीष्ट
72. माँ _____ बेटे को समझाया।
 (A) पर (B) की
 (C) में (D) ने
73. थैली _____ पुस्तक है।
 (A) के (B) को
 (C) में (D) के लिए

74. वीरों ने देश के लिए प्राणों _____
आहुति दी।

- (A) - कि (B) की
(C) पर (D) के लिए

75. 'सखी' शब्द का बहुवचन रूप

- (A) साखी (B) सखी
(C) सखि (D) सखियाँ

निम्नलिखित अनुच्छेद पढ़कर उस पर आधारित प्रश्नों के उत्तर लिखिए।

भीमरावजी का विद्यार्थी जीवन में ही रमाबाई के साथ विवाह हो गया। अनेक कठिनाइयों का सामना करते हुए भीमराव मुंबई के एल्फिंस्टन कालेज में दाखिल हो गये। पढ़ाई में कठिनाई होने से केलुस्कर गुरुजी भीमराव को बड़ौदा के महाराजा सयाजीराव गायकवाडजी के पास ले गये। भीमराव ने अपनी विद्वता से महाराजा का दिल जीत लेते हैं। वे इनकी उच्च शिक्षा के लिए 25/- मासिक छात्रवृत्ति दी। भीमराव ने 1912 में मुंबई विश्वविद्यालय से बी.ए. की परीक्षा पास की।

76. किसने विद्यार्थी जीवन में रमाबाई के साथ विवाह किया ?
(A) महाराजा ने (B) केलुस्कर ने
(C) सयाजीराव ने (D) भीमराव ने

77. भीमराव की उच्च शिक्षा के लिए 25/- छात्रवृत्ति किसने दिया ?

- (A) विश्वविद्यालय
(B) केलुस्कर
(C) भीमराव
(D) सयाजीराव गायकवाड

78. भीमराव मुंबई के किस कालेज में दाखिल हो गये ?

- (A) एल्फिंस्टन कालेज
(B) महाराजा कालेज
(C) महारानी कालेज
(D) मैसूर कालेज

79. भीमराव ने _____ में बी.ए. की परीक्षा पास की।

- (A) 1913
(B) 1925
(C) 1912
(D) 1914

80. भीमराव _____ अपनी विद्वता से महाराजा का दिल जीत लिया।

- (A) में
(B) से
(C) के लिए
(D) ने



v) Test of Language : English

भाषा परीक्षण : अंग्रेजी

Directions (Qs. 81 to 85) : Read the passage carefully and choose the best answer to each question out of the four alternatives.

There is no good reason why people should tire more easily as they grow older. Constant fatigue is not normal at any age. I believe that it is caused largely by dietary deficiencies. People who eat natural foods are not likely to feel tired. An abundance of B vitamins is most important in outwitting fatigue because they contain 'thiamin' necessary for boundless energy. In other words B vitamins provide the spark which releases the energy from the foods we eat. One type of fatigue in older people may be caused by inadequate amounts of protein foods. Proteins, as we know, contain the amino acids which manufacture the enzymes necessary for the production of energy. It is amazing how many older people still eat only one or two small portions of good protein foods daily. This is in spite of the fact that more than any other foods, proteins are necessary for muscles, glands and energy production. But it is equally important to relax and lead wherever possible, a tension-free life. The wise ones have learned by experience that there are two secrets for living and working without strain, without knowing the meaning of fatigue. These two secrets are: a balanced vitamin-and-mineral-rich diet, and the art of relaxation.

81. Fatigue is generally caused by
- (A) old age
 - (B) poverty
 - (C) dietary deficiencies
 - (D) excess of enzymes

82. B-Vitamins are a source of help in overcoming fatigue because
- (A) they make us tired
 - (B) they contain 'thiamin'
 - (C) they help to relax
 - (D) they oppose tension free life
83. Inadequate amount of protein foods
- (A) produce boundless energy
 - (B) are necessary for to grow older
 - (C) cause one type of fatigue in older people
 - (D) none of these
84. To overcome fatigue, along with the consumption of protein food, it is also necessary to
- (A) work with strain
 - (B) to know the meaning of use of fatigue
 - (C) to avoid B-vitamins
 - (D) to relax and lead a tension free life
85. The function of enzymes is
- (A) to produce energy
 - (B) to cause fatigue
 - (C) to produce protein
 - (D) none of these

Directions (Qs. 86 to 88) : Choose the alternative which means most nearly the same as the word given in capital letters.

86. TESTIFY
- (A) terrify
 - (B) tease
 - (C) witness
 - (D) desire
87. HAMPER
- (A) obstruct
 - (B) enter
 - (C) hate
 - (D) humour
88. FOSTER
- (A) falter
 - (B) taste
 - (C) nourish
 - (D) separate



A

Directions (Qs. 89 to 91) : In these questions, each sentence is divided into three parts (A), (B), (C). Find out which part has the error. If there is no error your answer will be (D).

89. Columbus, a great sailor (A)/ had discovered America (B)/ more than four hundred years' ago (C)/ No error (D)
90. I had been reading (A)/ this book for two hours (B)/ before he arrived (C)/ No error (D)
91. She is planning (A)/ to go to New York (B)/ but she has changed her mind (C)/ No error (D)

Directions (Qs. 92 to 96) : In these questions sentences are given with blanks to be filled in with an appropriate word. Choose the correct alternative out of the given four alternatives.

92. Gowri's heart _____ at the sight of the beautiful jewellery.
(A) leapt (B) stopped
(C) slowed (D) breaks
93. Rajanikant was _____ for his blasphemous statements on the religious leaders.
(A) excommunicated
(B) applauded
(C) congratulated
(D) saluted
94. He is so _____ to light that he never leaves the house without sunglasses.
(A) insensitive (B) sensitive
(C) immune (D) sincere
95. The expenditure _____ milk has gone up during the last one month.
(A) at (B) to
(C) by (D) on
96. He _____ through the nose for the delay in taking timely action.
(A) said (B) saw
(C) paid (D) got
97. The word opposite in meaning to "abundant" is
(A) plentiful (B) meager
(C) in great quantity (D) absent
98. The plural of 'knife' is
(A) knives (B) knaves
(C) knife (D) knives
99. "Who is he ?" – This sentence is an example of _____ sentence.
(A) Exclamatory sentence
(B) Assertive sentence
(C) Interrogative sentence
(D) Imperative sentence
100. What type of noun is 'Vimala' ?
(A) Proper noun
(B) Collective noun
(C) Material noun
(D) Abstract noun



SECTION – B
Post Specific Subject-Related Questions

101. Which law of library science is related with the growth of the libraries ?
- (A) Fourth Law
 - (B) Second Law
 - (C) First Law
 - (D) Fifth Law
102. The name of the journal published by DRTC is
- (A) Indian Library Science Abstract
 - (B) Library Science with a slant to documentation
 - (C) Annuals of Library Science and documentation
 - (D) None of the above
103. Resource sharing is a part of
- (A) Library Cooperation
 - (B) Library Administration
 - (C) Library Management
 - (D) Library Cataloguing
104. What is the modified and developed name of library cooperation ?
- (A) Cooperative working
 - (B) Resource sharing
 - (C) Library networking
 - (D) Cooperative library
105. What is the meaning of inter library loan ?
- (A) Loan of library
 - (B) Loan of books
 - (C) Loan of money
 - (D) Loan of books from other libraries
106. Shared cataloguing is an example of
- (A) union catalogue
 - (B) centralized cataloguing
 - (C) resource sharing
 - (D) inter library loan
107. Regression analysis in concerns with prediction of
- (A) Independent variable
 - (B) Dependent variable
 - (C) Constants
 - (D) None of these
108. Inter Library Resources Centre established in India at
- (A) J.N.U. New Delhi
 - (B) National Information Centre
 - (C) INSDOC
 - (D) DELNET



109. The person who first started to work for library development in India is
- (A) Ranganathan
 - (B) Dickinson
 - (C) W. Borden
 - (D) Viswanathan
110. FID was founded by
- (A) Paul Otlet and Herri La Fontaine
 - (B) Ranganathan and Bhattacharya
 - (C) Venkataraman and Neelaeghan
 - (D) Sayers and Batty
111. Which of the following is not a part of resource sharing ?
- (A) Acquisition of Books
 - (B) Circulation of Books
 - (C) Personnel Management
 - (D) Collection Management
112. Library movement in India was started in the year
- (A) 1900
 - (B) 1905
 - (C) 1910
 - (D) 1915
113. Staff exchange is the part of
- (A) resource planning
 - (B) personnel management
 - (C) cooperative cataloguing
 - (D) inter library loan
114. What are the first component of a Library Act ?
- (A) Finance
 - (B) Library Committee
 - (C) Preliminaries
 - (D) Top Management
115. Library Technology Reports is a publication of
- (A) ILA
 - (B) ALA
 - (C) LA
 - (D) IASLIC
116. Which has made Library Network very convenient ?
- (A) STAR networking
 - (B) Computer
 - (C) Information Technology
 - (D) INFLIBNET



117. The acronym FID stands for
- (A) International Federation for Documentation
 - (B) Federation for Information and Documentation
 - (C) International Federation for Information and Documentation
 - (D) None of the above
118. What do you mean by Library Act ?
- (A) It means to prepare law
 - (B) It means to prepare format of law or legislation
 - (C) It means to make library services compulsory
 - (D) It means to prepare rules for libraries
119. Resource sharing is not possible in area of
- (A) Library functions
 - (B) Library material
 - (C) Library users
 - (D) Library services
120. Exchange of documents among libraries is called
- (A) library networking
 - (B) resource sharing
 - (C) inter library loan
 - (D) circulation service
121. In which State of India, the first Public Library Act in 1948 was passed ?
- (A) Tamil Nadu
 - (B) Maharashtra
 - (C) Karnataka
 - (D) Andhra Pradesh
122. The oldest and largest library association in India is
- (A) LA
 - (B) ALA
 - (C) ILA
 - (D) IASLIC
123. Which was the first Public Libraries Act in India ?
- (A) Andhra Pradesh Public Libraries Act
 - (B) Madras Public Libraries Act
 - (C) Karnataka Public Libraries Act
 - (D) Maharashtra Public Libraries Act
124. Why was Lal Committee mainly set up ?
- (A) University Libraries
 - (B) Higher Education
 - (C) Library Training
 - (D) M.Lib. Science



125. How many Indian states have passed Library Legislation ?
- (A) Eight
 - (B) Nine
 - (C) Ten
 - (D) Eleven
126. Which of the following is the largest and oldest Library Association in the world ?
- (A) Indian Library Association
 - (B) American Library Association
 - (C) Library Association (UK)
 - (D) IASLIC
127. What course in Library Science is being imparted by DRTC ?
- (A) B.Lib.Sc. Degree
 - (B) Master Degree
 - (C) Research Degree
 - (D) Associateship
128. What was the original name of British Library Association ?
- (A) BLA
 - (B) Library Association (UK)
 - (C) Association of British Library
 - (D) Library Association
129. What is called the National Library Association ?
- (A) Association of library personnels of national level
 - (B) National level association of persons engaged in library profession
 - (C) Association of library personnels of so many nations
 - (D) An association of library personnels whose leader is of national level
130. What is the name of quarterly journal of ILA ?
- (A) ILA journal
 - (B) ILA bulletin
 - (C) Library literature
 - (D) Quarterly journal of ILA
131. Reading centres, story hours, exhibitions and reading to illiterates are forms of
- (A) extension service
 - (B) service of a public library
 - (C) both (A) and (B)
 - (D) none of the above



132. The model Public Library Act was presented by S.R.Ranganathan in 1930 at
- (A) Asian Educational Conference
 - (B) Andhra Desh Library Association Conference
 - (C) India Public Library Conference
 - (D) Madras Library Association Conference
133. Name the State which does not have library legislation ?
- (A) Kerala
 - (B) Uttar Pradesh
 - (C) Haryana
 - (D) Karnataka
134. Extension service is a special feature of
- (A) university library
 - (B) college library
 - (C) public library
 - (D) all the libraries
135. Which term was coined by Ranganathan for mobile library ?
- (A) Moving library
 - (B) Library on wheels
 - (C) Librarchine
 - (D) All the above
136. Which of the following has its objective to get maximum output ?
- (A) personal planning
 - (B) management
 - (C) industrial administration
 - (D) public administration
137. Who propounded management theory of human relations ?
- (A) A. Maslo
 - (B) E. Mayo
 - (C) McGregor
 - (D) E. Herzberg
138. Who classified scientific principles of management with library management ?
- (A) Ranganathan
 - (B) E.J. Evans
 - (C) B.P. Singh
 - (D) Derik Austin
139. The premier institution for prescribing standards in India is
- (A) Institution of Indian Standards
 - (B) University Grants Commission
 - (C) Indian Standards Information Centre
 - (D) Bureau of Indian Standards



140. What is esprit de corps ?
- (A) Team work
 - (B) Collective work
 - (C) Personal work
 - (D) Functional work
141. Who has right to take decisions in the libraries ?
- (A) All the workers of the library
 - (B) Incharges of sections
 - (C) Librarian
 - (D) Assistant librarian
142. What are the guidelines for planning of a library system ?
- (A) BIS standard
 - (B) Five laws of library science
 - (C) Law of interpretation
 - (D) Principle of osmosis
143. What is the meaning of organisational structure of the libraries ?
- (A) Structure of the library
 - (B) Structure of the parental body of the library
 - (C) Structure of library building
 - (D) Blue print of the structure of the library
144. Whether different types of organizational charts are meant for different types of libraries ?
- (A) Yes
 - (B) No
 - (C) Separate for each library
 - (D) None of the above
145. If management is the spirit of organization, then what is organization of library ?
- (A) Head
 - (B) Heart
 - (C) Spirit
 - (D) Brain
146. Which of the following is not the characteristic of a periodical publication ?
- (A) It is a regular publication
 - (B) It appears in parts or volumes at regular intervals
 - (C) It has a distinguishing numbers for each successive volume
 - (D) All of the above



147. Which of the following pairs is not correct about the types of books ?
- (A) General and Reference books
 - (B) Simple and Composite books
 - (C) Single and Reference books
 - (D) Hand books and Text books
148. The team planning for library building consists of
- (A) the library authority
 - (B) the librarian
 - (C) the architect
 - (D) all the above
149. Acquisition work of the documents comprised
- (A) selection and procurement
 - (B) selection and accessioning
 - (C) selection, procurement and technical processing
 - (D) selection, procurement and accessioning
150. Standards and specification should be collected by the libraries of
- (A) political field
 - (B) social field
 - (C) academic field
 - (D) industrial field
151. The 3 cards system is mainly used in the libraries for
- (A) circulation of books
 - (B) serial selection
 - (C) book selection
 - (D) acquisition and control of serials
152. What is the chief record in the library ?
- (A) Catalogue
 - (B) Accession Register
 - (C) Collection Register
 - (D) Shelf List
153. The main use of Shelf List in the libraries is
- (A) book selection
 - (B) circulation
 - (C) cataloguing
 - (D) stock verification
154. What is third one in the trinity of a library along with users and documents ?
- (A) Staff
 - (B) Material
 - (C) Building
 - (D) Workers



155. Who establishes contact of the users to the documents ?
- (A) Reference Service
 - (B) Catalogue
 - (C) Building
 - (D) Staff of the library
156. The process which means to employ persons to work in an organization to fit into positions with a well defined job description is
- (A) selection
 - (B) recruitment
 - (C) service
 - (D) employment
157. Cost-benefit analysis is
- (A) finding out value for money
 - (B) performance evaluation based on repayment of loan
 - (C) selling costly items at reasonable price
 - (D) performance evaluation based on benefit in relation to input
158. What is the main source of income for public libraries ?
- (A) UGC
 - (B) Library cess
 - (C) Government
 - (D) Gifts / donations
159. In library science, what is the meaning of marketing ?
- (A) selling of library products
 - (B) selling of books
 - (C) selling of library services
 - (D) selling of library products and services
160. What is the most important element of organization of the libraries ?
- (A) Library
 - (B) Library building
 - (C) Finance
 - (D) Report
161. Library is the heart of the institution according to
- (A) D.S. Kothari
 - (B) Mudaliar
 - (C) S. Radhakrishnan
 - (D) C.D. Deshmukh
162. The term library is made of the word
- (A) Liber
 - (B) Libra
 - (C) Libre
 - (D) Liberate



163. What is called the library which is established by the central government at a central place ?
- (A) Central library
 - (B) National library
 - (C) Public library
 - (D) Central public library
164. The library for the people, of the people and by the people is called
- (A) General library
 - (B) Personal library
 - (C) People library
 - (D) Public library
165. What is the correct categorization of libraries ?
- (A) Public, Academic, Special
 - (B) Public, Academic, Personal
 - (C) National, Regional and International
 - (D) Public, Specific and National
166. Public libraries are the gift of
- (A) Democracy
 - (B) The English
 - (C) Congress Party
 - (D) Kingship
167. Informal self education is possible by which kinds of libraries ?
- (A) Public libraries
 - (B) National libraries
 - (C) School libraries
 - (D) College libraries
168. Who was the first librarian of New Imperial Library ?
- (A) Harinath Day
 - (B) W. Borden
 - (C) MacFarlane
 - (D) B.S. Keshvan
169. Which Clause of the Constitution of India is related with the establishment of National Library ?
- (A) 26
 - (B) 50
 - (C) 62
 - (D) 67
170. Under which Act, National Library of India receives book ?
- (A) Registration of Books Act, 1887
 - (B) Delivery of Books Act, 1954
 - (C) The Copyright Act, 1985
 - (D) Revision Act, 1976



171. Which one is not the function of a National Library ?
- (A) It collects all publications published in the country
 - (B) It publishes national bibliography
 - (C) It represents national bibliography
 - (D) It provides assistance to all libraries of the country
172. Which one of the following is not the characteristic of the national library ?
- (A) It is central library of the country
 - (B) It is sponsored by the grant of central government
 - (C) It is only copyright library
 - (D) Its readers are the specific persons of the nation
173. What is the name of National Library of USA ?
- (A) American National Library
 - (B) Library of Congress
 - (C) Library of America
 - (D) National Library of USA
174. Who opened National Library of India free for the public ?
- (A) Dr. Radhakrishnan
 - (B) Pt. Jawaharlal Nehru
 - (C) Dr. Rajendra Prasad
 - (D) Maulana Abul Kalam Azad
175. What should be the main aim of a college library ?
- (A) Promotion of researches
 - (B) Promote the reading habits of students
 - (C) Satisfy the entertainment needs of the students
 - (D) Support the teaching programmes of the college
176. Who has been generally the secretary of library committees in academic libraries ?
- (A) Principal
 - (B) Registrar
 - (C) Librarian
 - (D) Professor Incharge
177. The aim of which type of libraries is to promote the academic and researchistic needs of the users ?
- (A) Public library
 - (B) College library
 - (C) Special library
 - (D) University library

178. Which one is not the aim of school libraries ?
- (A) Make the students literate
 - (B) Awake the intellectual power of the students
 - (C) Make the moral character of the students
 - (D) Awake the ambition of sports of the students
179. What are called those libraries in which services are fully automated and all resources are in digitised form ?
- (A) Virtual libraries
 - (B) Digital libraries
 - (C) Electronic libraries
 - (D) Libraries without walls
180. The library for blind and handicapped located at Dehradun, what kind of library is this ?
- (A) Public library
 - (B) Special library
 - (C) Academic library
 - (D) Blind library
181. The library with little or no physical process of reading materials, reading space or supporting staff is called
- (A) Virtual library
 - (B) Library without walls
 - (C) Digital library
 - (D) Computer library
182. Those who come to make use of the libraries are called
- (A) Members of the library
 - (B) Readers of the library
 - (C) Users of the library
 - (D) Scholars of the library
183. What is used in accessing a virtual library ?
- (A) Check card
 - (B) Bottom card
 - (C) Hyper card
 - (D) Identity card
184. What was the main aim and important problem of the libraries today, which has been solved by digital libraries ?
- (A) spacing problem
 - (B) problem of sources
 - (C) staff problem
 - (D) working problem
185. What does initiation of readers mean ?
- (A) Beginning
 - (B) Understanding
 - (C) Orientation
 - (D) Knowledge



186. What are the methods of user's studies ?
- (A) Measurement of use
 - (B) Surveys of the users
 - (C) Community profiles
 - (D) All the above
187. Opaque paper is _____ paper.
- (A) White
 - (B) Ultra white
 - (C) Transparent
 - (D) Non-transparent
188. What is User's study ?
- (A) study of library
 - (B) study of the users of the library
 - (C) study of utility
 - (D) study of the needs of the users
189. In which type of libraries, surveys of the users, have been very useful ?
- (A) In public libraries
 - (B) In university libraries
 - (C) In academic and special libraries
 - (D) In special libraries
190. According to UGC Library Committee, the librarians are grouped under which category of library staff ?
- (A) Professional
 - (B) Semi-professional
 - (C) Administrative
 - (D) Academic
191. Who are academic users of libraries ?
- (A) students only
 - (B) students, teachers, researchers and public
 - (C) students, teachers and researchers
 - (D) teacher only
192. Why it is essential to study user's need for information ?
- (A) to assess the needs for books of users
 - (B) to assess the needs for periodicals of users
 - (C) to assess the needs for all reading materials of users
 - (D) to assess their approach to seek the use of documents



193. Surveys of the users of the libraries are conducted for what ?
- (A) to assess the information gathering habits of users
 - (B) to assess their approach to seek the use of documents
 - (C) to assess the extent of reliance of collection in libraries
 - (D) all the above
194. Which organization prepared the draft of library and information science national policy ?
- (A) Indian Library Association
 - (B) Indian Association of Special Libraries and Information Centres
 - (C) Indian Association of Teachers in Library and Information Centres
 - (D) Rajaram Mohan Roy Library Foundation
195. Where Rajaram Mohan Roy Library is situated ?
- (A) Delhi
 - (B) Ahmedabad
 - (C) Calcutta
 - (D) Bangalore
196. Which law of library science is satisfied by organising extension services ?
- (A) First law
 - (B) Second law
 - (C) Third law
 - (D) Fifth law
197. What must be essential in member libraries for sharing in networking system ?
- (A) Ambition of cooperation
 - (B) Earnesty of actively engaged
 - (C) Both A & B
 - (D) None
198. Now-a-days what is the meaning of library networking ?
- (A) Information and computer networking
 - (B) Computer network
 - (C) Traditional network
 - (D) Information network
199. Who was the second person with Ranganathan who did efforts for setting up ILA ?
- (A) Vishwanathan
 - (B) P. N. Kaula
 - (C) Keshavan
 - (D) Bulner
200. Which one is the library association of international level ?
- (A) ILA
 - (B) BLA
 - (C) ALA
 - (D) IFLA